robustel | User Guide

R3000

Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router

2 Eth + 1 RS-232 + 1 RS-485 + 1 USB Host

robustOS

Guangzhou Robustel LTD
www.robustel.com

About This Document

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel R3000 Router, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- When used, the device needs a suitable environment.
  1. If indoors, it needs to be provided an indoor enclosure.
  2. If outdoors, it needs to be provided a rain proof enclosure.
- RF exposure statements
  1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
  1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
  2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

Protecting Your Router

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EU	The European RoHS2.0 2011/65/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 1 July 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain Hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.
2012/19/EU	The European WEEE 2012/19/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 24 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment.
2013/56/EU	The European 2013/56/EU Directive is a battery Directive which published in the EU official gazette on 10 December 2013. The button battery used in this product conforms to the standard of 2013/56/EU directive.

Table 2: Standards of the electronic industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11363-2006 "Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Toxic and Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products" issued by the ministry of information industry of the People's Republic of China on November 6, 2006, stipulates the maximum allowable concentration of toxic and hazardous substances in electronic information products. Please see **Table 3** for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.
SJ/T 11364-2014	The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11364-2014 "Labeling Requirements for Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products" issued by the ministry of Industry and information technology of the People's Republic of China on July 9, 2014, stipulates the Labeling requirements of hazardous substances in electronic and electrical products, environmental protection use time limit and whether it can be recycled. This standard is applicable to electronic and electrical products sold within the territory of the People's Republic of China, and can also be used for reference in the logistics process of electronic and electrical products. The orange logo below is used for Robustel products: Indicates its warning attribute, that is, some hazardous substances are contained in the product. The "10" in the middle of the legend refers to the environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP) * of electronic information product, which is 10 years. It can be used safely during the environment-friendly Use Period. After the environmental protection period of use, it should enter the recycling system. *The term of environmental protection use of electronic information products refers to the term during which the toxic and hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information products will not be leaked or mutated and cause serious pollution to the environment or serious damage to people and property under normal conditions of use.

Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of the Part	Hazardous Substances									
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr(VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)	(DEHP)	(BBP)	(DBP)	(DIBP)
Metal parts	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o
Circuit modules	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o
Cables and cable assemblies	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o
Plastic and polymeric parts	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o	o

o:
Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.
X:
Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in RoHS2.0.

Document History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	Document Version	Change Description
Mar. 27, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.0	Initial release
Jul. 17, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.1	• Updated pictures in Chapter 2 • Updated OpenVPN configuration in Chapter 4.3.2 • Other minor editorial changes
Jul. 20, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.2	Updated the description of DI/DO interface
Aug. 11, 2017	3.0.0	v.4.0.4	Added the new model R3000-NU to the ordering information
Feb.26, 2018	3.0.5	v.4.0.8	Updated firmware
Jun. 29, 2018	3.0.5	v.4.0.9	Revised the company name
Jan. 29, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.0.15	• Revised the certifications • Revised the Frequency bands of Wifi
Jul. 22, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.0	• Revised the description of enclosure • Revised the Regulatory and Type Approval Information
Sep. 23, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.1	• Revised the Approvals
Oct. 23, 2019	3.0.5	v.4.1.2	• Added the DNP3 Transparent to Serial port • Added the Storage Temperature

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Chapter 1 Product Overview

1.1 Key Features

The Robustel Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router (R3000) is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

R3000 is a powerful router developed from RobustOS, a Robustel self-developed and Linux-based operating system which is designed to be used in Robustel devices. The RobustOS includes basic networking features and protocols providing customers with a very good user experience. Meanwhile, Robustel offers a Software Development Kit (SDK) for partners and customers to allow additional customization by using C, Python or Java. It also provides rich Apps to meet fragmented IoT market demands.

- The feature *Link Manager* supporting Cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN, WLAN WAN link backup and ICMP detection
- The option *Backup Mode* supporting cold, warm and load balancing
- WiFi supporting AP mode and Client modes (2.4 GHz/5 GHz), also supporting Captive Portal
- RobustOS + SDK + App
- IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/DMVPN
- Supporting DHCP server
- Supporting 802.1 Q VLAN Trunk
- Supporting IP Pass-through
- Supporting Modbus gateway (Modbus RTU to Modbus TCP) and Modbus Master
- Supporting TCP Client/Server, UDP and virtual serial port
- Management and maintenance via Web/CLI/SMS/USB/RobustLink Cloud
- Supporting RobustVPN, a Cloud VPN Portal providing easy and secure remote access for PLCs and machines
- Supporting RobustLink, a centralized M2M management platform for remote monitoring, configuration and firmware update
- Auto reboot via SMS/Timing
- Robust industrial design (9 to 60V DC, desktop or wall mounting or DIN rail mounting)

1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R3000 Router, verify the kit contents as following.

Note: The following pictures are for illustration purposes only, not based on their actual sizes.

- 1 x Robustel R3000 Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router (GPS/WiFi optional)

With WiFi and GPS

Only with GPS

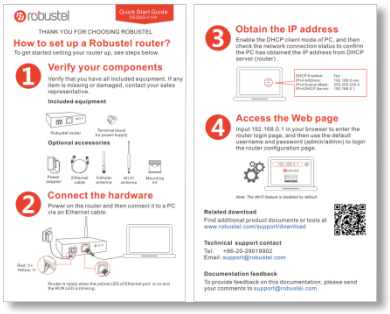
Only with WiFi

Without WiFi and GPS

- 1 x 3-pin 5 mm male terminal block with lock for power supply

- 1 x 7-pin 3.5 mm male terminal block with lock for serial port, I/O and console port

- 1 x *Quick Start Guide* with download link of other documents or tools



Note: If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

Optional Accessories (sold separately):

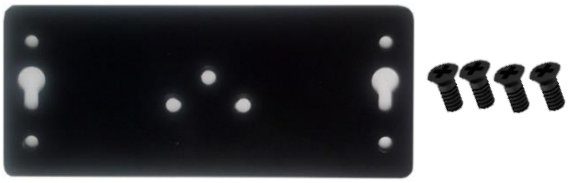
- 3G/4G SMA cellular antenna (stubby/magnet optional)

  Stubby antenna Magnet antenna


- RP-SMA WiFi antenna (stubby/magnet optional)

  Stubby antenna Magnet antenna


- Wall mounting kit



- 35 mm DIN rail mounting kit

- Ethernet cable

- AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1.5 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)

1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

- Number of antennas: 2 (MAIN + AUX)
- Connector: SMA female
- SIM: 2 (3.0 V & 1.8 V)
- Standards: GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+/TD-SCDMA/CDMA (CDMA 1X/EVDO)/FDD LTE/TDD LTE
  GSM: max DL/UL = 9.6/2.7 Kbps
  GPRS: max DL/UL = 86 Kbps
  EDGE: max DL/UL = 236.8 Kbps
  WCDMA/TD-SCDMA: max DL/UL = 2.8 Mbps/384 Kbps
  EVDO: max DL/UL = 5.4 Mbps/14.7 Kbps
  HSPA+: max DL/UL = 21/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
  DC-HSPA+: max DL/UL = 42/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
  FDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G
  TDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G

Ethernet Interface

- Number of ports: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 x LAN or 1 x LAN + 1 x WAN
- Magnet isolation protection: 1.5 KV

WiFi Interface (Optional)

- Number of antennas: 1
- Connector: RP-SMA, male
- Standards: 802.11a/b/g/n, supporting AP and Client modes
- Frequency bands: 2.4 GHz
  5 GHz
- Security: Open ,WPA, WPA2, WEP
- Encryption: AES, TKIP, WEP64
- Data speed: Up to 150 Mbps

- Receiving sensitivity: 1 M -97 dBm (< 8% PER)
  (+/- 1 dBm) 54 Mbps -76.5 dBm (< 10% PER)
  MCS7 (20 MHz) -72 dBm (< 10% PER)
  MCS7 (40 MHz) -69 dBm (< 10% PER)

GPS/GLONASS Interface (Optional)

- Number of antennas: 1
- Connector: SMA female with 50 ohms impedance
- Tracking sensitivity: GPS: greater than -148 dBm
  GLONASS: greater than -140 dBm
- Horizontal position accuracy: GPS: 2.5 m
  GLONASS: 4.0 m
- Protocol: NMEA-0183 V2.3

Serial Interface

- Number of ports: 1 x RS-232 + 1 x RS-485 or 2 x RS-232 or 2 x RS-485
- Connector: 7-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock
- ESD protection: ±15 KV
- Baud rate: 300 bps to 230400 bps
- Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1
- RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
- RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)

DI/DO

- Type: 2 x DI (dry contact) + 2 x DO (wet contact), 4 x DI, 4 x DO, 3 x DI + 1 x DO or 3 x DO + 1 x DI
- Connector: 7-pin 3.5 mm female socket with lock
- Isolation: 3KVDC or 2KVrms
- Absolute maximum VDC: “V+” +5V DC (DI), 30V DC (DO)
- Absolute maximum ADC: 300 mA

Others

- 1 x RST button
- 1 x Micro SD interface
- 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 Mbps
- 1 x CLI interface
- LED indicators - 1 x RUN, 1 x PPP, 1 x USR, 1 x RSSI, 1 x NET, 1 x SIM

Software (Basic features of RobustOS)

- Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, HTTP, HTTPs, DNS, ARP, NTP, SMTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH2, DDNS, etc.
- VPN tunnel: IPsec, OpenVPN, GRE
- Firewall: DMZ, anti-DoS, Filtering (IP/Domain name/MAC address), Port Mapping, Access Control
- Management: Web, CLI, SMS
- Serial port: Transparent, DNP3 Transparent, TCP Client/Server, UDP, Modbus RTU Gateway

App Center (Available Apps for RobustOS)

- Apps*: L2TP, PPTP, DMVPN, RobustVPN, VRRP, QoS, SNMP, Language, RobustLink

*Request on demand. For more Apps please visit www.robustel.com.

Power Supply and Consumption

- Connector: 3-pin 5 mm female socket with lock
- Input voltage: 9 to 60V DC
- Power consumption: Idle: 100 mA@12 V
  Data link: 400 mA (peak) @12 V

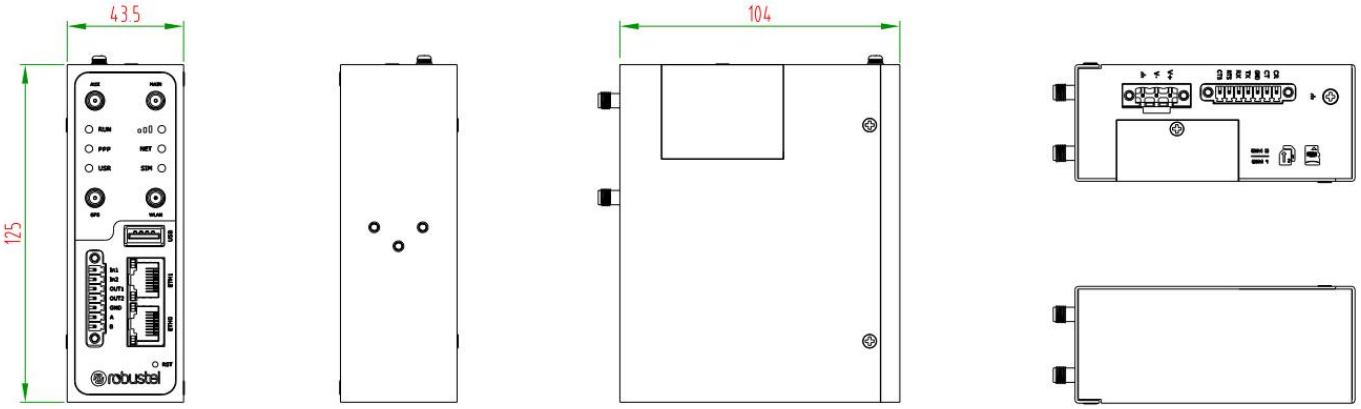
Physical Characteristics

- Ingress protection: IP30
- Housing & Weight: Metal, 570 g
- Dimensions: 125 x 104 x 43.5 mm
- Installations: Desktop, wall mounting or 35 mm DIN rail mounting

Approvals

- Regulatory: CE, NBTC, FCC, RCM, PTCRB, GCF, IC, TRA, IMDA, EAC, Anatel, UL, CB, ICASA
- Carrier: AT&T, Rogers, Vodafone
- Application: E-mark (Vehicle), IEC 61000-4-12 (Electromagnetic Compatibility - Oscillatory Waves Immunity Test), EN50155 (Railway Applications - Electronic equipment used on rolling stock)
- Environmental: RoHS2.0, WEEE
- EMI: EN 55032: 2012/AC: 2013 (CE & RE) Class B
- EMS: IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD) Level 4
  IEC 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 4
  IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 4
  IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3
  IEC 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 2
  IEC 61000-4-8 (M/S) Level 4

1.4 Dimensions



Front View | Rear View | Side View | Top&Bottom View

1.5 Ordering Information

Model	R3000-3P	R3000-4L	R3000-NU
Router Type	HSPA+ router	LTE router	Wireline Router
Air Interface	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/ HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/ HSPA+/DC-HSPA+/TD-SCDMA/CDMA (CDMA 1X/EVDO)/FDD LTE/TDD LTE	--
Frequency Bands 4G*	--	AU: B1/B3/B5/B7/B8/B28, B40 EU: B1/B3/B7/B8/B20/B28/B31, B38/B40 US: B2/B4/B5/B13/B17/B25, B41 JP: B1/B3/B8/B9/B18/B19/B21/B28, B41 CN: B1/B3, B38/B39/B40/B41	--
3G	B1/B2/B4(AWS)/B5 /B8/B19	WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+: B1/B2/B5/B6/B8/B9/B19 TD-SCDMA: B34/B39 CDMA (CDMA 1X/EVDO): R0/A BC0/BC1/BC10	--
2G	850/900/1800/ 1900 MHz	850/900/1800/1900 MHz	--
Operating Temperature	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C	-40 to +75 °C
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85 °C	-40 to +85 °C	-40 to +85 °C
Relative Humidity	5 to 95% RH	5 to 95% RH	5 to 95% RH

*For more information about 4G frequency bands in different countries, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

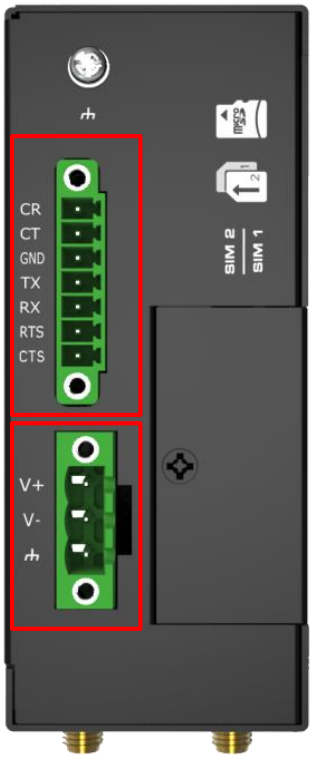
1.6 Warning

WARNING – EXPLOSION HAZAD. DO NOT REMOVE OR REPLACE WHILE CIRCUIT IS LIVE UNLESS THE AREA IS FREE OF IGNITIBLE CONCENTRATIONS.

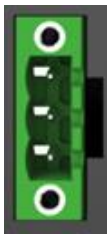
AVERTISSEMENT — RISQUE D'EXPLOSION. NE PAS RETIRER OU REMPLACER LORSQUE LE CIRCUIT EST SOUS TENSION, À MOINS QUE LE MILIEU SOIT LIBRE DE SUBSTANCES INFLAMMABLES CONCENTRÉES.

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 PIN Assignment



PIN	Debug	RS-232	Direction
1	CR	--	R3000 ← Device
2	CT	--	R3000 → Device
3	GND	GND	--
4	--	TXD	R3000 → Device
5	--	RXD	R3000 ← Device
6	--	RTS	R3000 → Device
7	--	CTS	R3000 ← Device



PIN	Power
8	Positive
9	Negative
10	GND

PIN	DI/DO	RS-485	Direction
11	Input 1	--	R3000 ← Device
12	Input 2	--	R3000 ← Device
13	Output 1	--	R3000 → Device
14	Output 2	--	R3000 → Device
15	GND	--	--
16	--	Data+(A)	R3000 ↔ Device
17	--	Data- (B)	R3000 ↔ Device

2.2 LED Indicators

Name	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	On, fast blinking (250 mSec blink time)	Router is powered on (System is initializing)
		On, blinking (500 mSec blink time)	Router starts operating
		Off	Router is powered off
PPP	Green	On, solid	Link connection is working
		Off	Link connection is not working
USR-OpenVPN	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established
		Off	OpenVPN connection is not established
USR-IPsec	Green	On, solid	IPsec connection is established
		Off	IPsec connection is not established
USR-WiFi	Green	On, solid	WiFi is enabled and working properly
		Off	WiFi is disabled or not working properly
	Green	On, solid	High Signal strength (21-31) is available
	Yellow	On, solid	Medium Signal strength (11-20) is available
	Red	On, solid	Low Signal strength (1-10) is available
	--	Off	No signal
NET	Green	On, solid	Connection to 4G network is established
	Yellow	On, solid	Connection to 3G network is established

	Red	On, solid	Connection to 2G network is established
	--	Off	Connection to network is not established or establishing
SIM	Green	On, blinking	Backup card is being used
		Off	Main card is being used

Note: You can choose the display type of USR LED. For more details, please refer to **3.29 Service > Advanced**.

2.3 USB Interface

Function	Operation
Firmware upgrade	USB interface is used for batch firmware upgrading, but cannot be used for sending or receiving data from slave devices which connected to it. You can insert a USB storage device into the router's USB interface, such as a U disk or a hard disk. If there have a supported configuration file or a router firmware in this USB storage device, the router will automatically update the configuration file or the firmware. For more details, see **3.11 Interface > USB**.

2.4 Reset Button

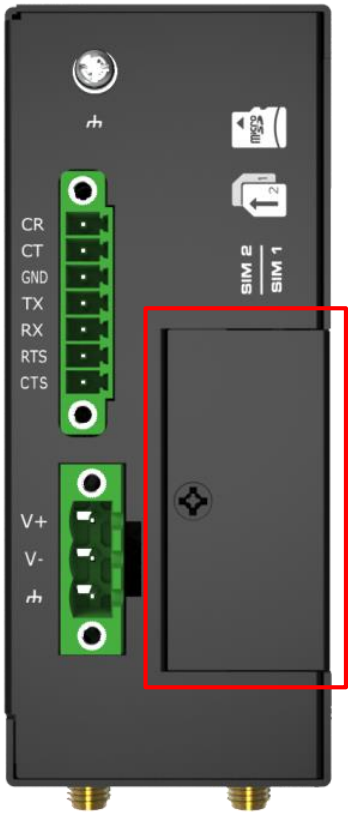
Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for at least 5 seconds under the operating status.
Restore to factory default settings	Wait for 5 seconds after powering up the router, press and hold the RST button until all six LEDs start blinking one by one, and release the button to return the router to factory defaults.

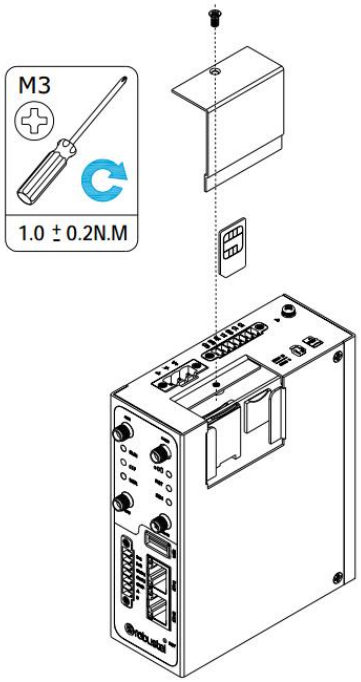
2.5 Ethernet Ports

There are two Ethernet ports on R3000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. Each Ethernet port has two LED indicators. The yellow one is a link indicator, while the green one is a speed indicator. For details about status, see the table below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
	On, blinking	Data is being transferred
	Off	Connection is not established
Speed indicator	On, solid	100 Mbps mode
	Off	10 Mbps mode

2.6 Insert or Remove SIM Card/Micro SD Card





Insert or remove the SIM/Micro SD card as shown in the following steps.

- **Insert SIM card/Micro SD card**

1. Make sure router is powered off.
2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot/SD card slot.
3. To insert SIM card/Micro SD card, press the card with finger until you hear a click and then tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.
4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

- **Remove SIM card/Micro SD card**

1. Make sure router is powered off.
2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot/SD card slot.
3. To remove SIM card/Micro SD card, press the card with finger until it pops out and then take out the card.
4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

Note:

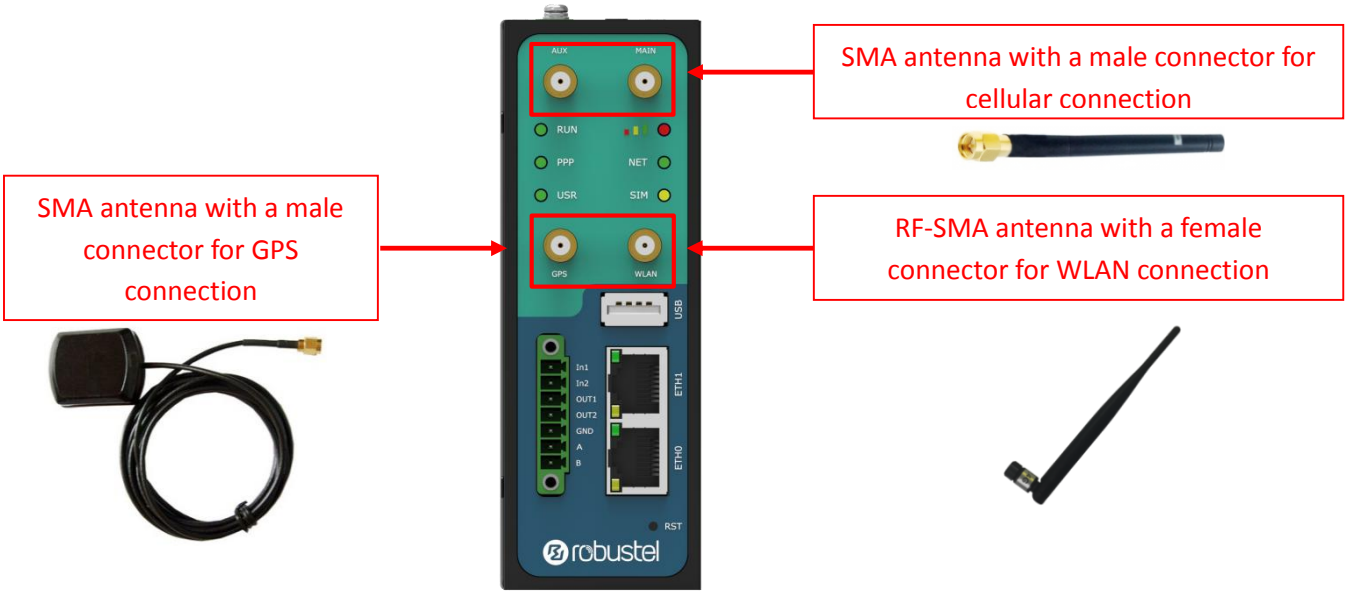
1. Recommended torque for inserting is 0.5 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 0.7 N.m.
2. Use the specific card when the device is working in extreme temperature (temperature exceeding 40 °C), because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.
3. Do not forget to twist the cover tightly to avoid being stolen.
4. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.

5. Do not bend or scratch the card.
6. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
7. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

2.7 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's antenna connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.



2.8 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

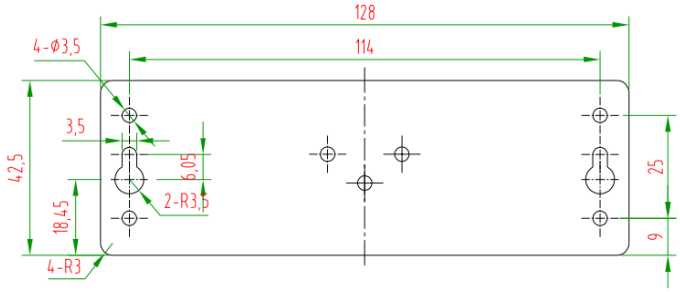
Note:

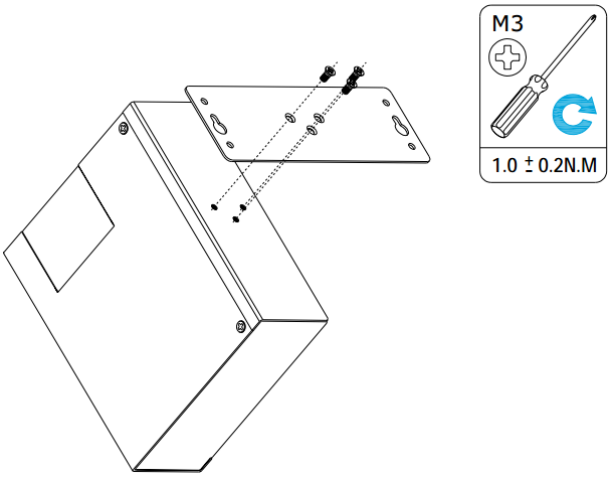
When used, the device needs a suitable environment.

1. If indoors, it needs to be provided an indoor enclosure.
2. If outdoors, it needs to be provided a rain proof enclosure.

Two methods for mounting the router

1. Wall mounting (measured in mm)

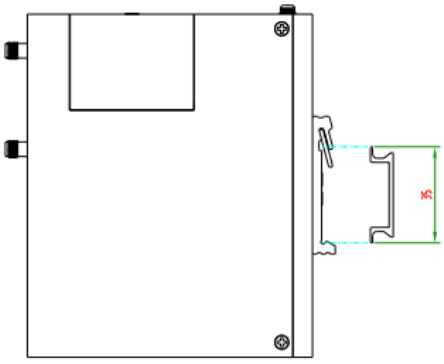


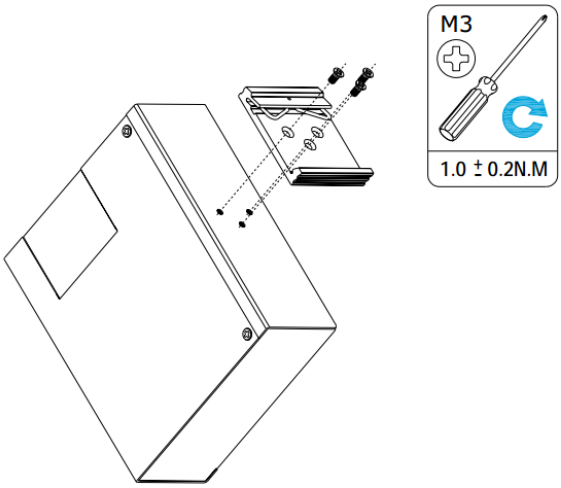


Use 3 pcs of M3*4 flat head Phillips screws to fix the wall mounting kit to the router, and then use 2 pcs of M3 drywall screws to mount the router associated with the wall mounting kit on the wall.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2. DIN rail mounting (measured in mm)





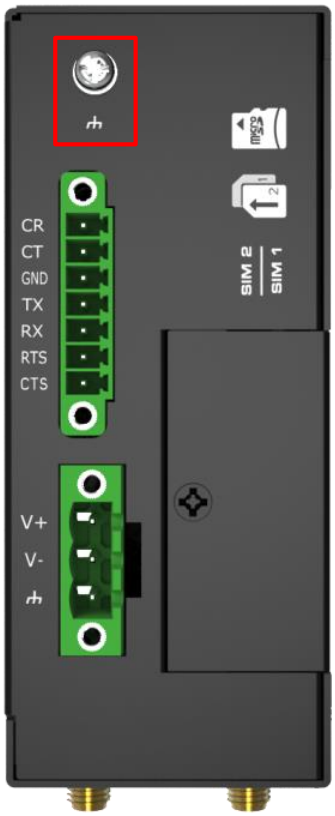
Use 3 pcs of M3*6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2.9 Ground the Router

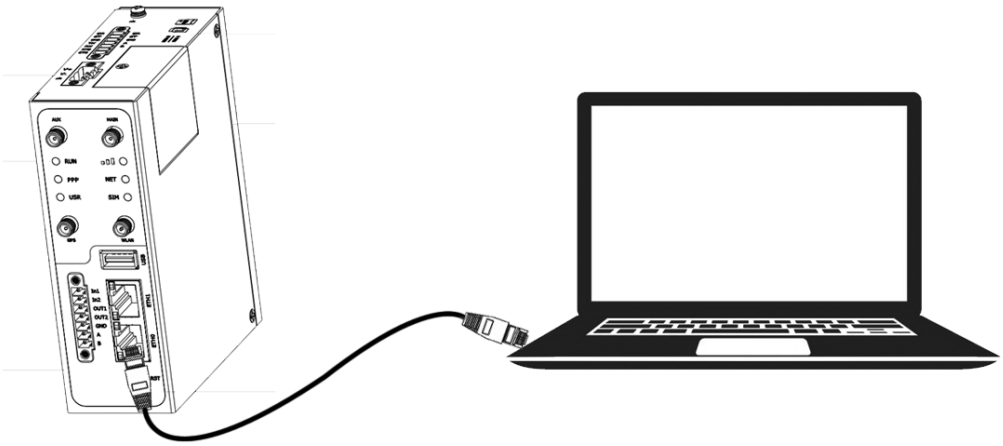
Router grounding helps prevent the noise effect due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Connect the router to the site ground wire by the ground screw before powering on.

Note: This product is appropriate to be mounted on a sound grounded device surface, such as a metal panel.

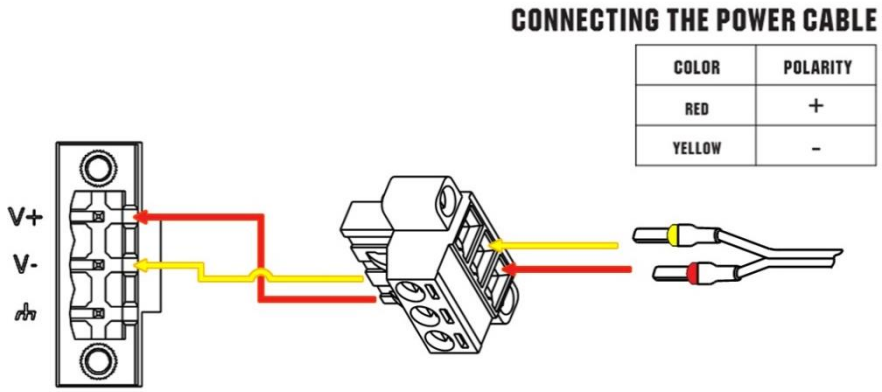


2.10 Connect the Router to a Computer

Connect an Ethernet cable to the port marked ETH0 or ETH1 at the front of the R3000 Router, and connect the other end of the cable to your computer.



2.11 Power Supply



R3000 Router supports reverse polarity protection, but always refers to the figure above to connect the power adapter correctly. There are two cables associated with the power adapter. Following to the color of the head, connect the cable marked red to the positive pole through a terminal block, and connect the yellow one to the negative in the same way. The last step is to plug the power adapter into your socket.

Note: The range of power voltage is 9 to 60V DC.

Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

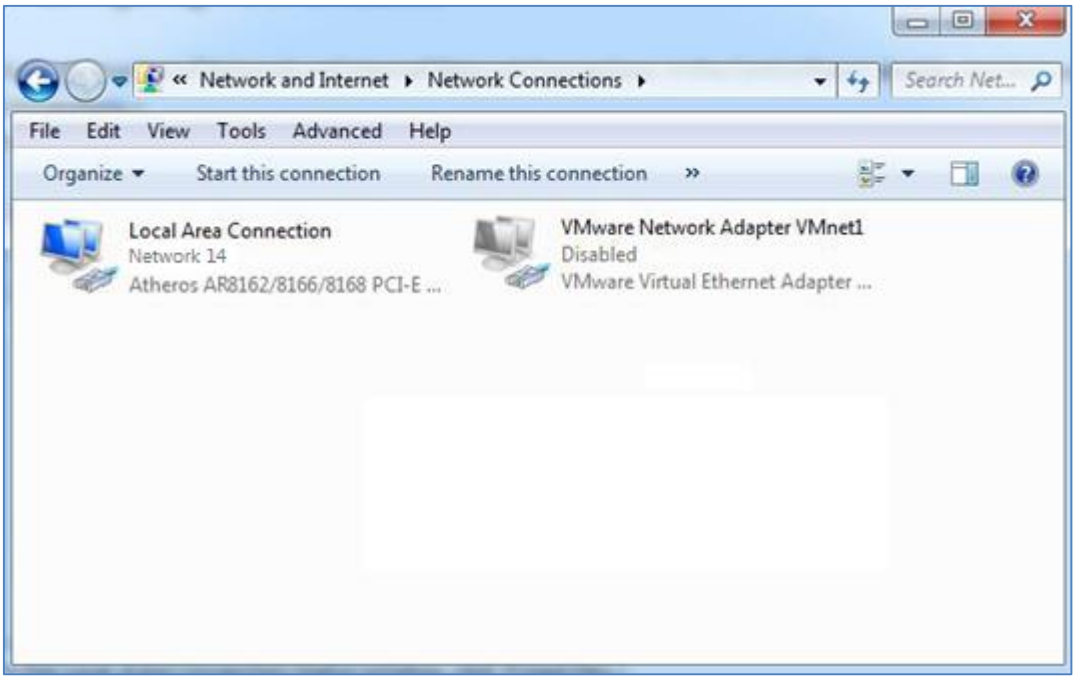
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configure the PC

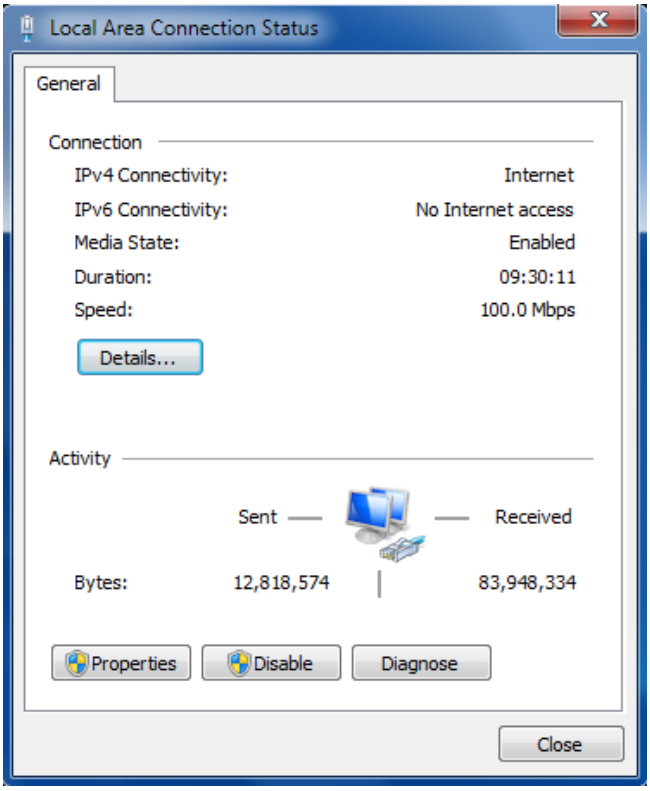
There are two methods to get IP address for the PC. One is to obtain an IP address automatically from "Local Area Connection", and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

Here take **Windows 7** as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

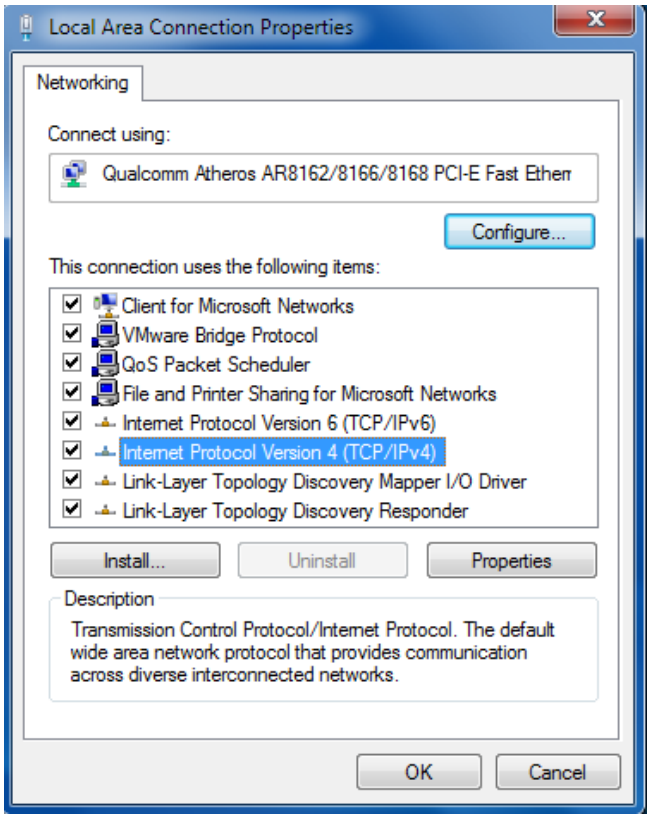
1. Click **Start > Control panel**, double-click **Network and Sharing Center**, and then double-click **Local Area Connection**.



2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.

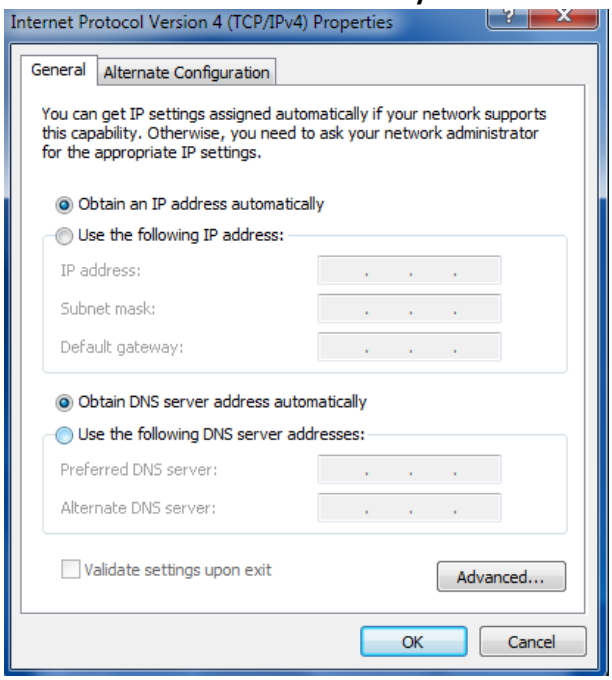


3. Choose **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** and click **Properties**.



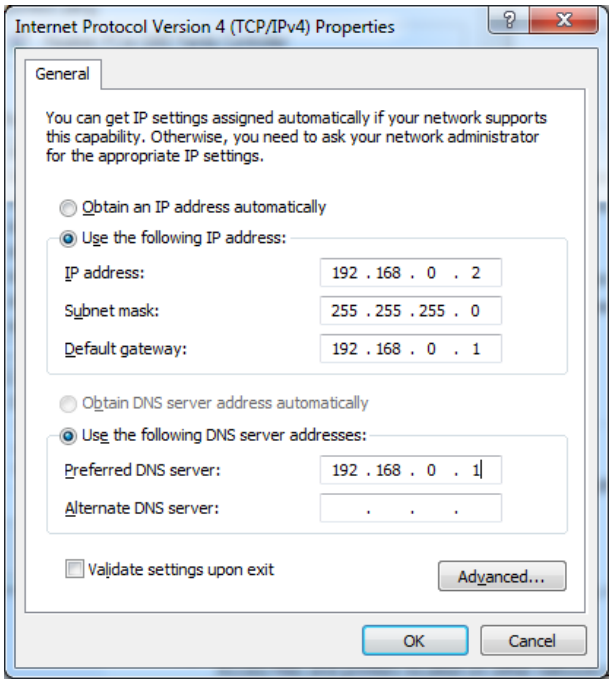
4. Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC

Obtain an IP address automatically:



Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router)



5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.

3.2 Factory Default Settings

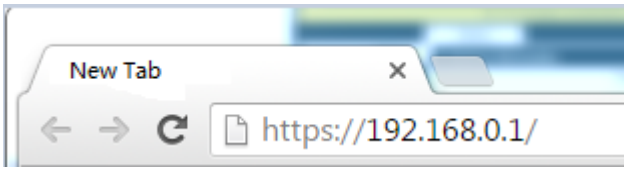
Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
ETH0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
ETH1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

3.3 Log in the Router

To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer, Google and Firebox, etc.
2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is 192.168.0.1, though the actual address may vary.

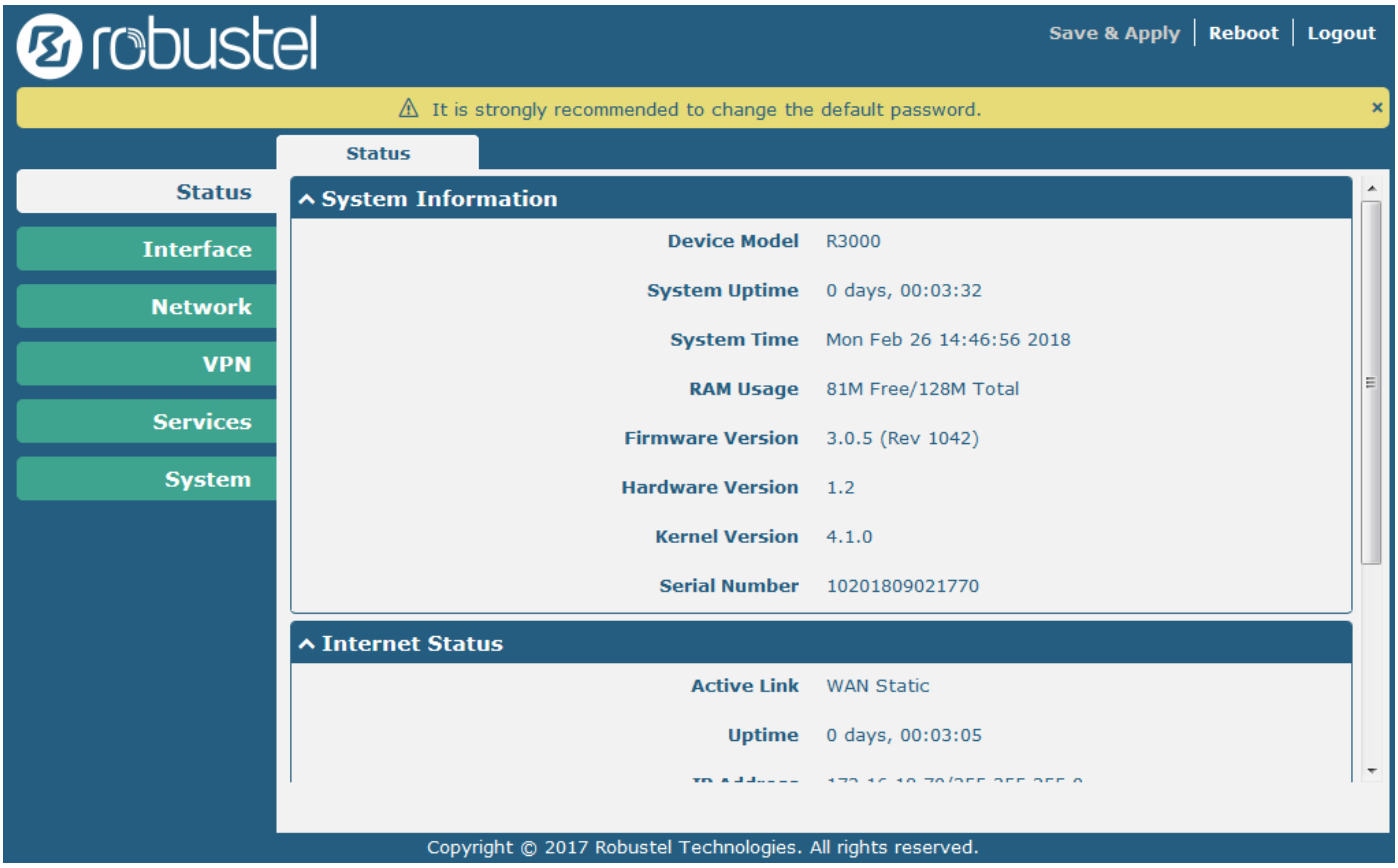


3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are “admin”.

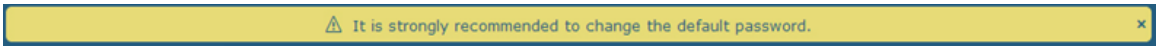
   Note: If enter the wrong username or password over six times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.

3.4 Control Panel

After logging in, the home page of the R3000 Router's web interface is displayed, for example.



Using the original password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab



It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default username and/or password. To change your username and/or password, see **3.35 System > User Management**.

Control Panel		
Item	**Description**	**Button**
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash and apply the modification on every configuration page, to make the modification taking effect.	Save & Apply
Reboot	Click to reboot the router. If the Reboot button is yellow, it means that some completed configurations will take effect only after reboot.	Reboot
Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can login web on this browser without a password before timeout.	Logout
Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel

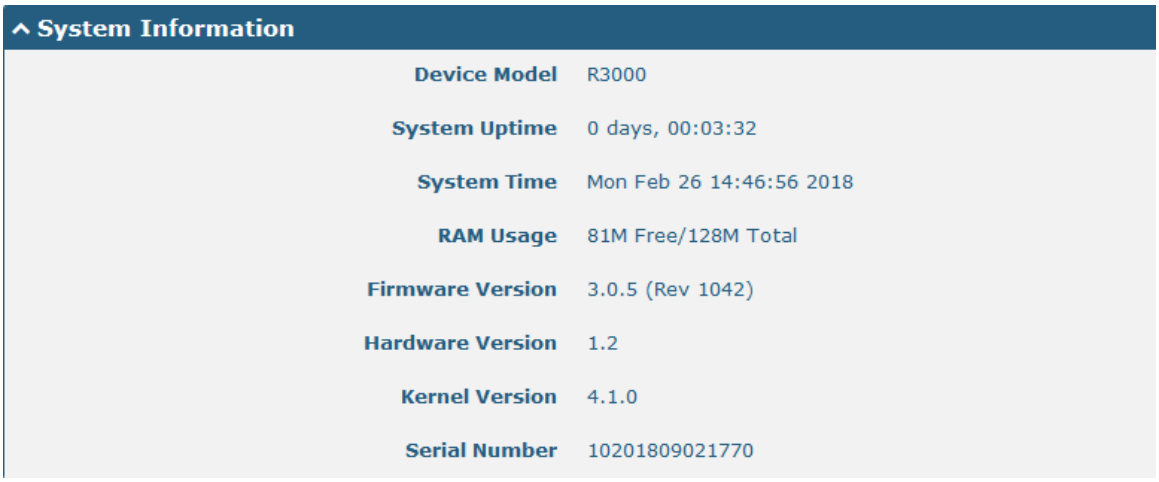
Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

1. Modify in one page;
2. Click Submit under this page;
3. Modify in another page;
4. Click Submit under this page;
5. Complete all modification;
6. Click Save & Apply.

3.5 Status

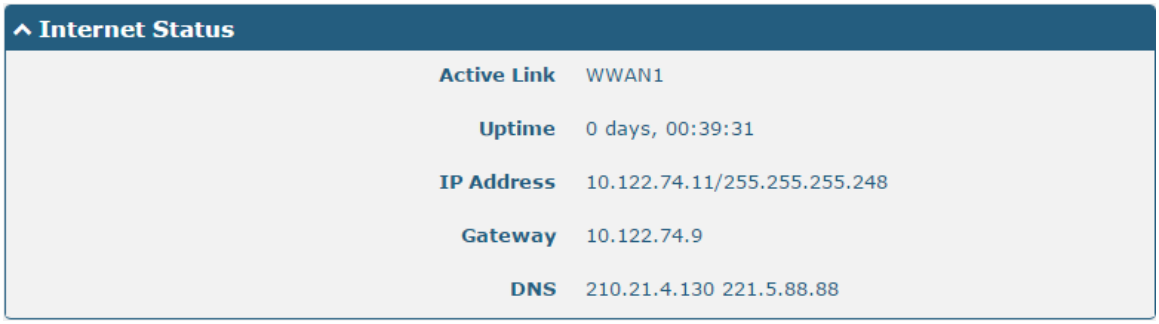
This page allows you to view the System Information, Internet Status and LAN Status of your Router.

System Information



System Information	
Item	**Description**
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.
System Time	Show the current system time.
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device.

Internet Status



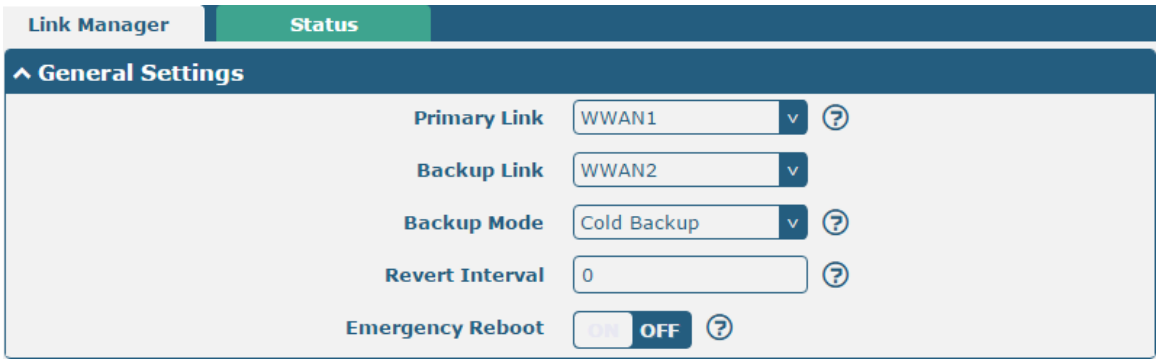
Internet Status	
Item	**Description**
Active Link	Show the current active link.
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.
IP Address	Show the IP address of current link.
Gateway	Show the gateway address of the current link.
DNS	Show the current primary DNS server and secondary server.

LAN Status

LAN Status	
Item	**Description**
IP Address	Show the IP address and the Netmask of the router.
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.

3.6 Interface > Link Manager

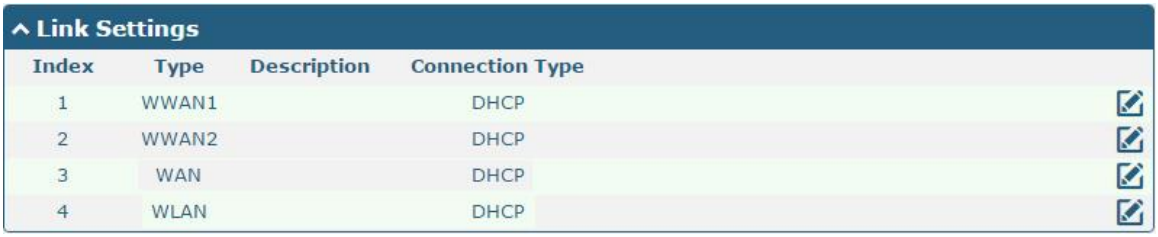
This section allows you to setup the link connection.



General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Primary Link	Select from “WWAN1”, “WWAN2”, “WAN” or “WLAN”. • WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the primary wireless link • WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as the primary wireless link • WAN: Select to make WAN Ethernet port as the primary wired link **Note:** WAN link is available only if enable eth0 as WAN port in **Interface > Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. • WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the primary wireless link **Note:** WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please refer to **3.10 Interface > WiFi**.	WWAN1
Backup Link	Select from “None”, “WWAN1”, “WWAN2”, “WAN” or “WLAN”. • None: Do not select any backup link • WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as backup wireless link • WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as backup wireless link • WAN: Select to make WAN Ethernet port as the backup wired link **Note:** WAN link is available only if enable eth0 as WAN interface in **Interface > Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. • WLAN: Select to make WLAN as the backup wireless link **Note:** WLAN link is available only if enable WiFi as Client mode, please refer to **3.10 Interface > WiFi**.	WWAN2
Backup Mode	Select from “Cold Backup”, “Warm Backup” or “Load Balancing”. • Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby • Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby **Note:** Warm backup mode is not available for dual SIM backup. • Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously	Cold Backup
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable checking. **Note:** Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	0
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the whole system if no links available.	OFF

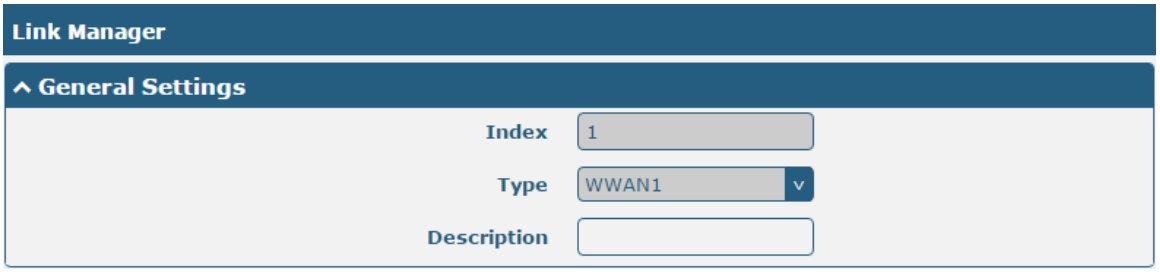
Note: Click ? for help.

Link Settings allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1/WWAN2, WAN and WLAN. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.

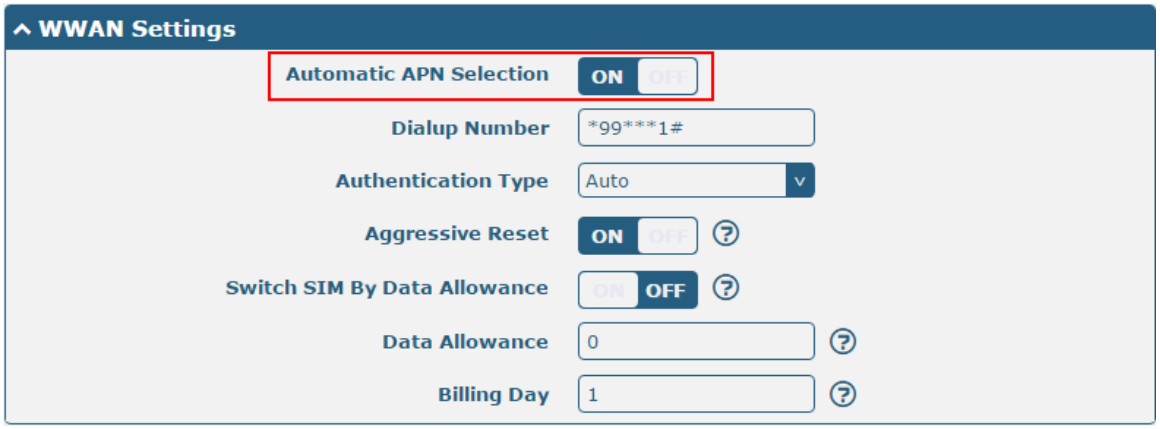


Click on the right-most of WWAN1/WWAN2 to enter the configuration window.

WWAN1/WWAN2



The window is displayed as below when enabling the “Automatic APN Selection” option.



The window is displayed as below when disabling the “Automatic APN Selection” option.

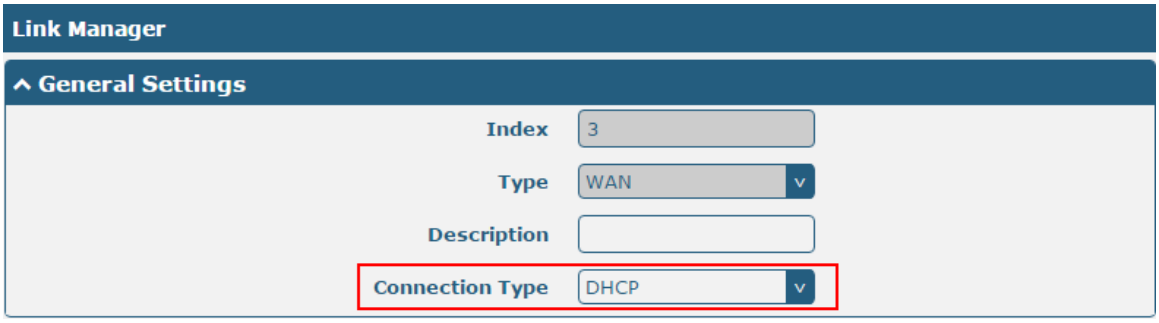
Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Type	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null

Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
WWAN Settings		
Automatic APN Selection	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection" option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add the access point name.	ON
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	internet
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
Switch SIM By Data Allowance	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After enabling, it will switch to another SIM when the data limit reached. **Note**: Only used for dual SIM backup.	OFF
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic record will be displayed in **Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN Data Usage Statistics**. 0 means disable data traffic record.	0
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be recalculated from that day.	1
Ping Detection Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a keep-alive policy of the router.	ON
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	8.8.8.8
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	114.114.114.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again every retry interval.	5
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if the max continuous ping tries reached.	3
Advanced Settings		
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null

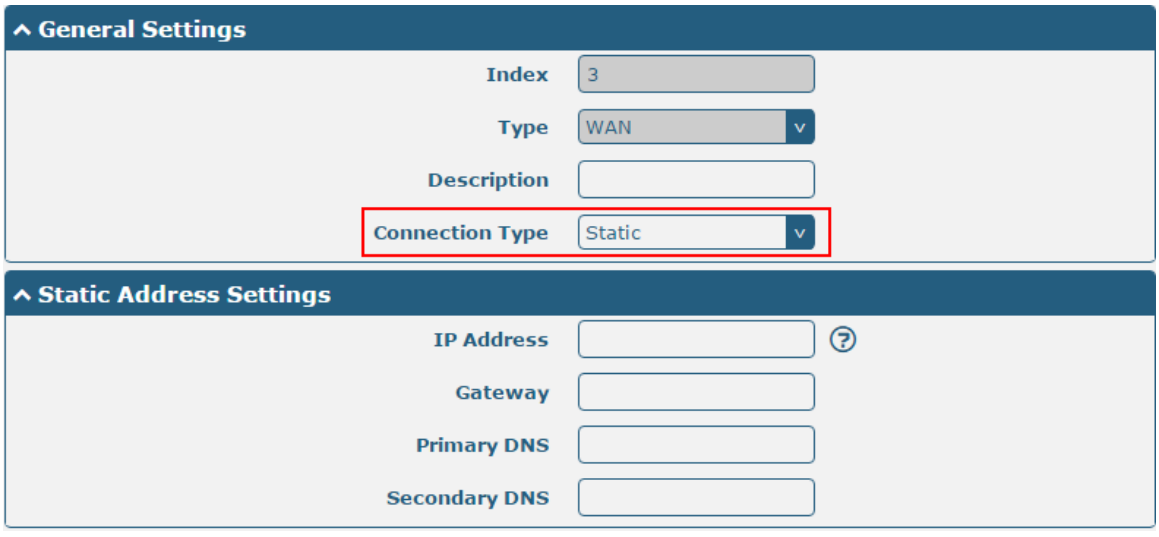
Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Overrided Secondary DNS	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF

WAN

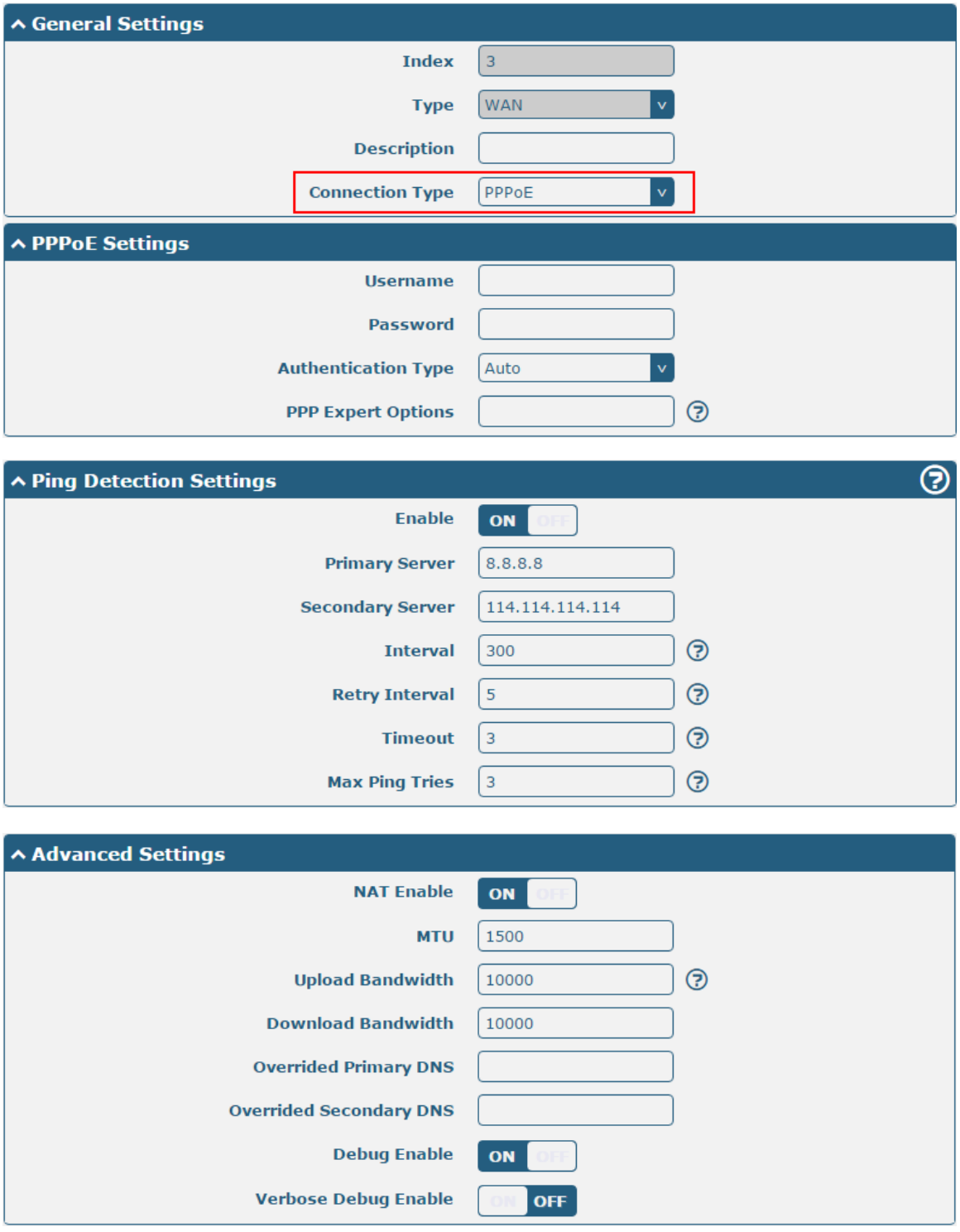
Router will obtain IP automatically from DHCP server if choosing “DHCP” as connection type. The window is displayed as below.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “Static” as the connection type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “PPPoE” as the connection type.



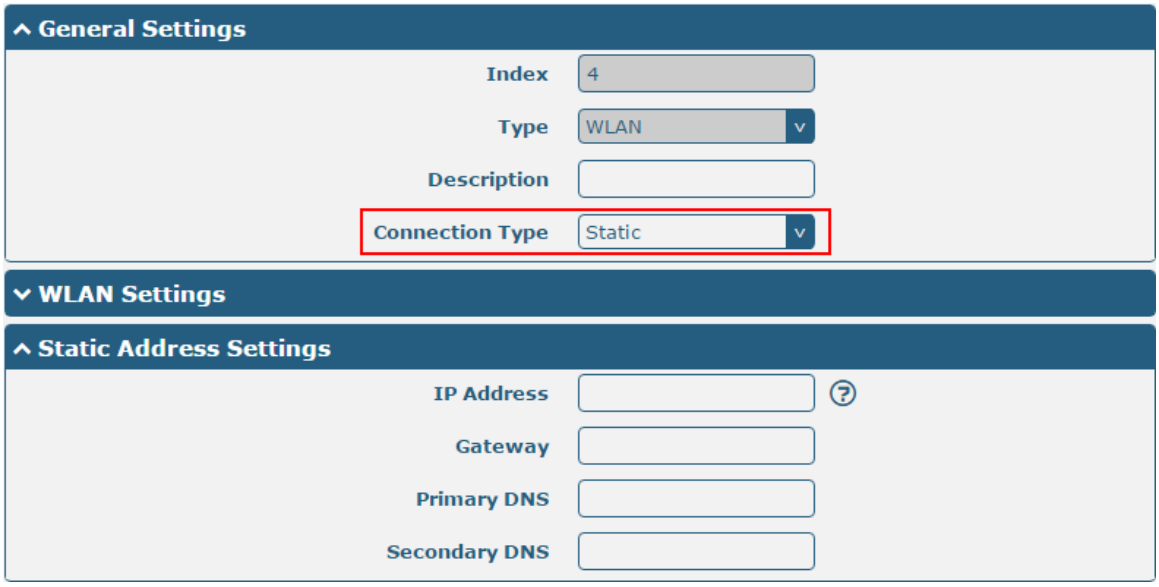
Link Settings (WAN)		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Type	Show the type of the link.	WAN
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null

Connection Type	Select from “DHCP”, “Static” or “PPPoE”.	DHCP
Static Address Settings		
IP Address	Set the IP address with Netmask which can access the internet. IP address with Netmask, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	Null
Gateway	Set the gateway of the IP address in WAN port.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null
Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
PPPoE Settings		
Username	Enter the username provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by your Internet Service Provider.	Null
Authentication Type	Select from “Auto”, “PAP” or “CHAP” as the local ISP required.	Auto
PPP Expert Options	Enter the PPP Expert options used for PPPoE dialup. You can enter some other PPP dial strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a semicolon.	Null
Ping Detection Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a keep-alive policy of the router.	ON
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	8.8.8.8
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	114.114.114.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again every retry interval.	5
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if the max continuous ping tries reached.	3
Advanced Settings		
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary DNS	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF

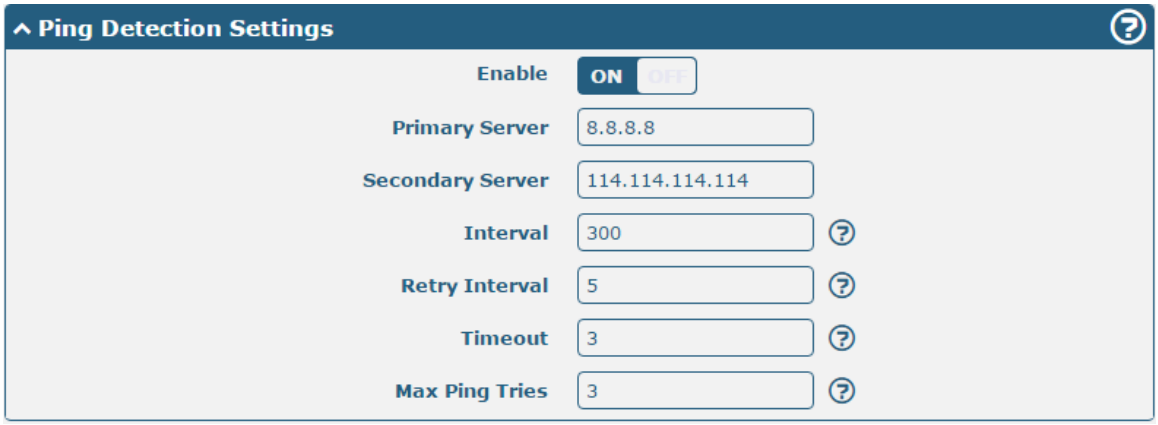
WLAN

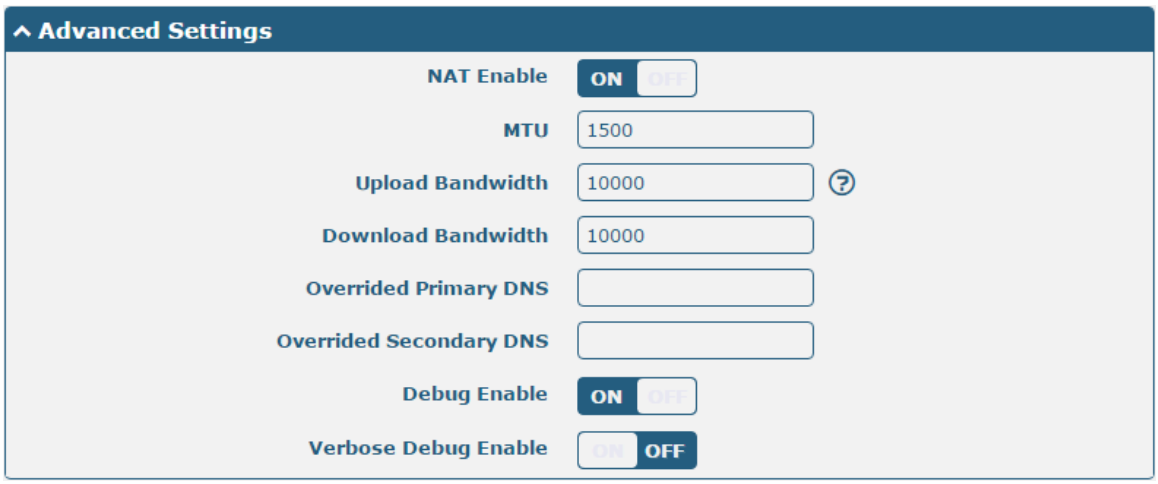
Router will obtain IP automatically from the WLAN AP if choosing “DHCP” as the connection type. The specific parameter configuration of SSID is shown as below.

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Static” as the connection type.



R3000 Router does not support the **PPPoE** WLAN Connection Type.



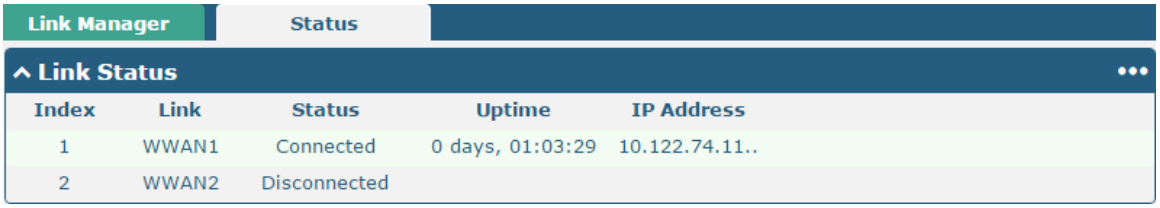


Link Settings (WLAN)		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Type	Show the type of the link.	WLAN
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null
Connection Type	Select from “DHCP” or “Static”.	DHCP
WLAN Settings		
SSID	Enter a 1-32 characters SSID which your router wants to connect. SSID (Service Set Identifier) is the name of your wireless network.	router
Connect to Hidden SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When router works as Client mode and needs to connect any access point which has hidden SSID, you need to enable this option.	OFF
Password	Enter an 8-63 characters password of the access point which your router wants to connect.	Null
Static Address Settings		
IP Address	Enter the IP address with Netmask which can access the Internet, e.g. 192.168.1.1/24	Null
Gateway	Enter the IP address of WiFi AP.	Null
Primary DNS	Set the primary DNS.	Null

Secondary DNS	Set the secondary DNS.	Null
Ping Detection Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a keepalive policy of the router.	ON
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	8.8.8.8
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	114.114.114.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again every retry interval.	5
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if the max continuous ping tries reached.	3
Advance Settings		
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500
Upload Bandwidth	Enter the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Enter the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overrided Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overrided Secondary DNS	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF

Status

This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.



Click the right-most button ••• to select the connection status of the current link.

Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.

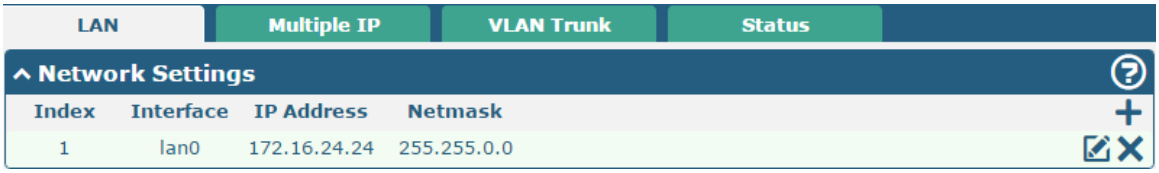
Click the **Clear** button to clear SIM1 or SIM2 monthly data traffic usage statistics. Data statistics will be displayed only if enable the Data Allowance function in **Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN Settings > Data Allowance**.

3.7 Interface > LAN

This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. There are two LAN ports on R3000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. The ETH0 and ETH1 can freely choose from lan0 and lan1, but at least one LAN port must be assigned as lan0. The default settings of ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0 and their default IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

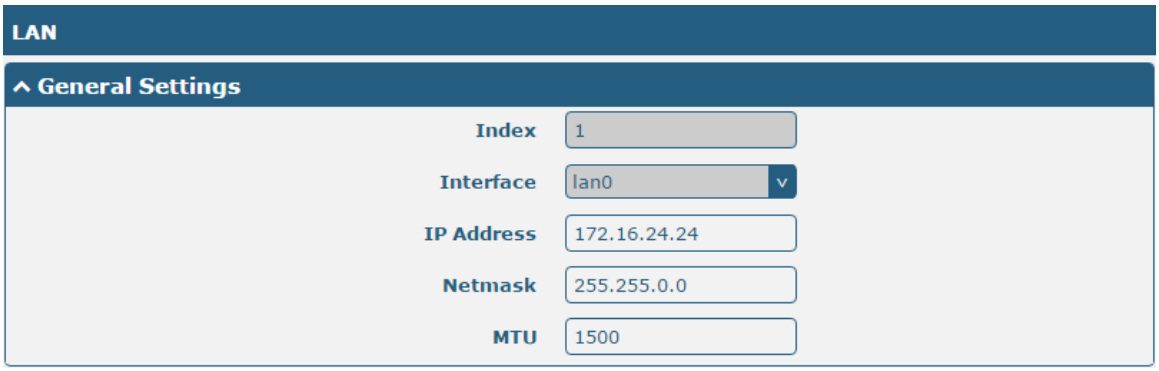
LAN

By default, there is a LAN port (lan0) in the list. To begin adding a new LAN port (lan1), please configure ETH0 or ETH1 as lan1 first in **Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**. Otherwise, the operation will be prompted as "List is full".



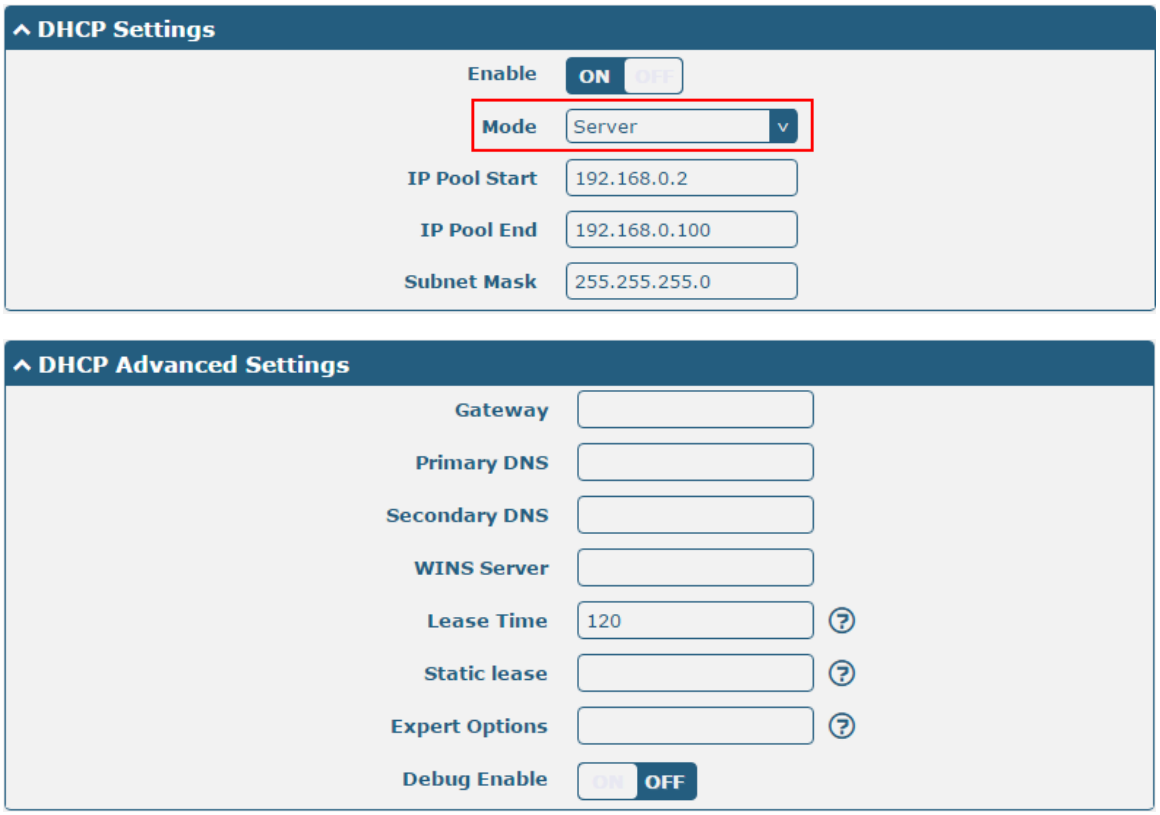
Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click + to add a new LAN port, or click ✕ to delete the current LAN port. Now, click to edit the configuration of the LAN port. The maximum count is 2.

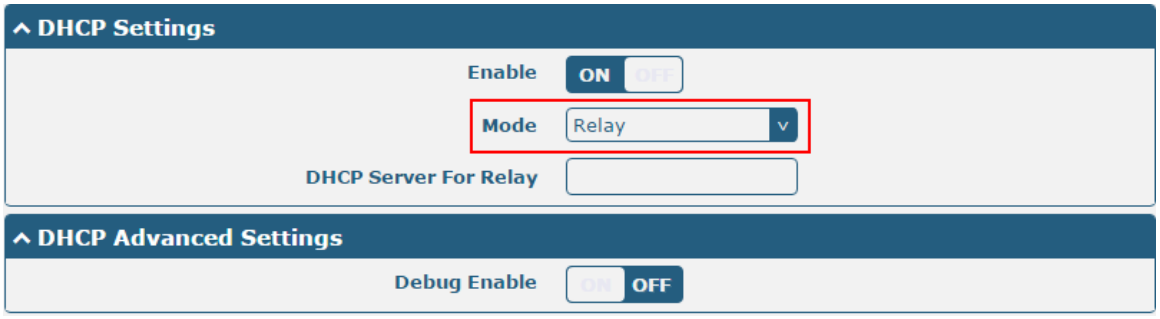


General Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Interface	Show the editing port. Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of ETH0~ETH1 in **Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings**.	--
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Server” as the mode.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “Relay” as the mode.

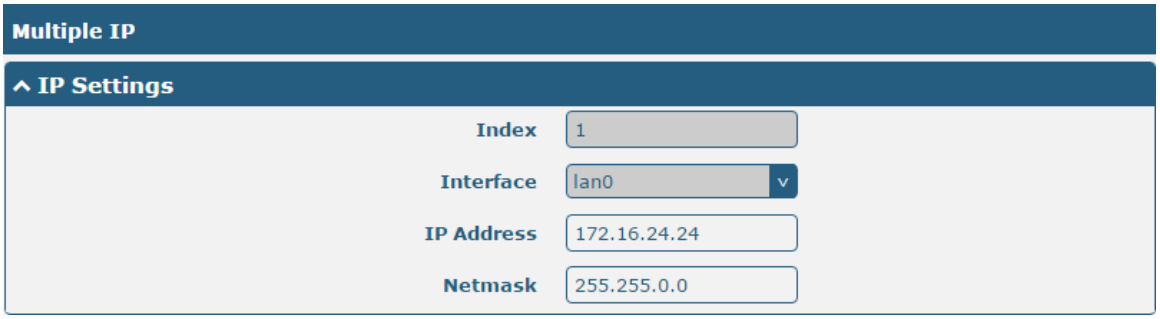


LAN		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
DHCP Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON
Mode	Select from “Server” or “Relay”. • Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been connected to LAN port • Relay: Router can be DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay tunnel to solve problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server is not in a same subnet	Server
IP Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.2

LAN		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
IP Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.100
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null
DHCP Advanced Settings		
Gateway	Define the gateway assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.	Null
Primary DNS	Define the primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the clients.	Null
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the clients.	Null
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever.	Null
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server, measured in seconds.	120
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address. format: mac,ip;mac,ip;..., e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200	Null
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field. format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp	Null
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP information output.	OFF

Multiple IP

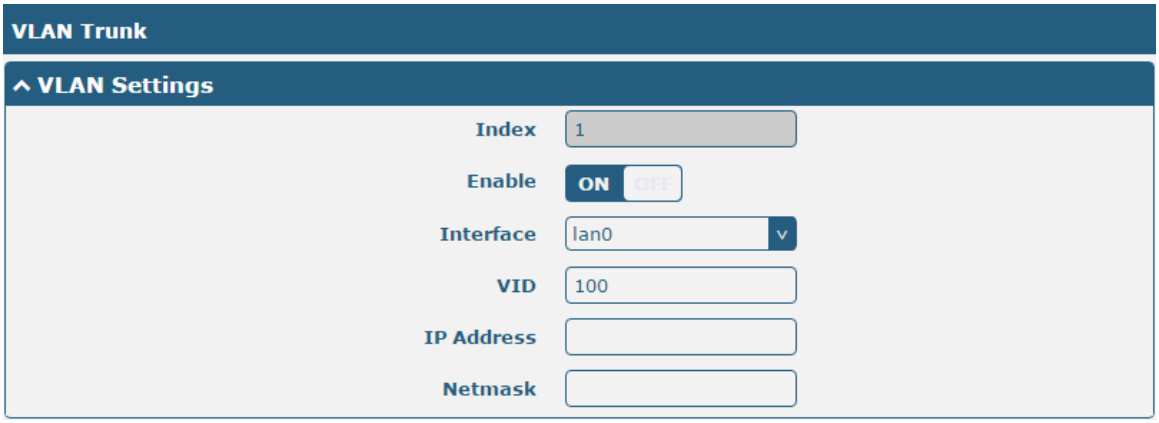
You may click ➕ to add a multiple IP to the LAN port, or click ✖ to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click 📝 to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port.



IP Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Interface	Show the editing port, read only.	--
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null

VLAN Trunk

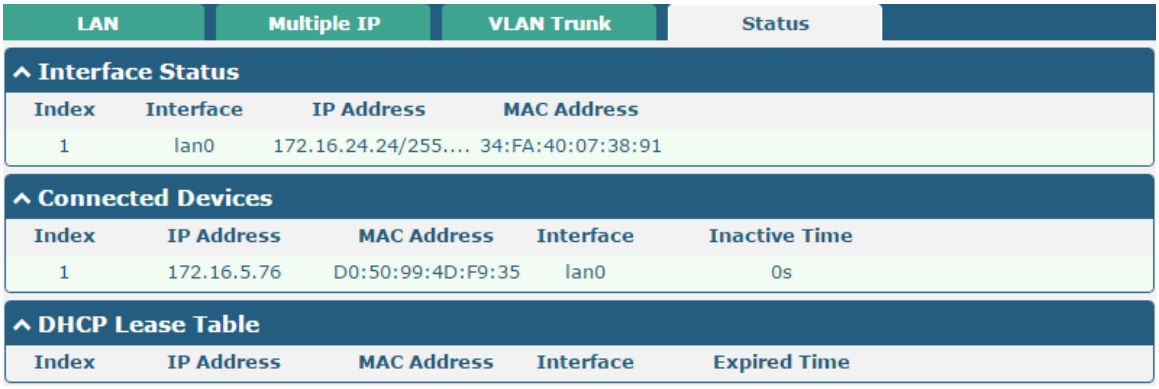
Click + to add a VLAN. The maximum count is 8.



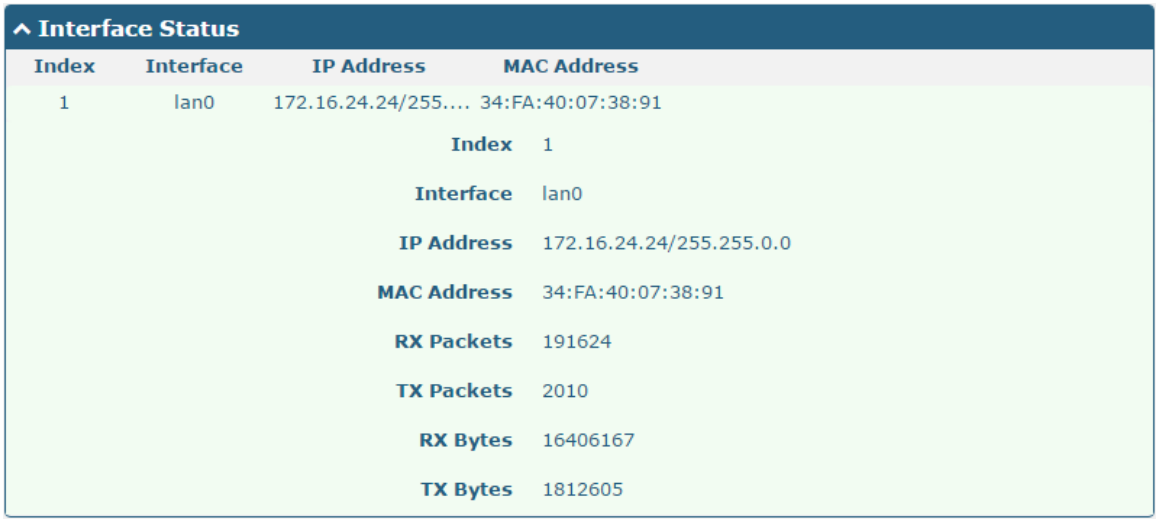
VLAN Trunk		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this VLAN. Enable to make router can encapsulate and de-encapsulate the VLAN tag.	ON
Interface	Choose the interface which wants to enable VLAN trunk function. Select from "lan0" or "lan1" depends on your ETH0 and ETH1's corresponding LAN port.	lan0
VID	Set the tag ID of VLAN and digits from 1 to 4094.	100
IP Address	Set the IP address of VLAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the Netmask of VLAN port.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.

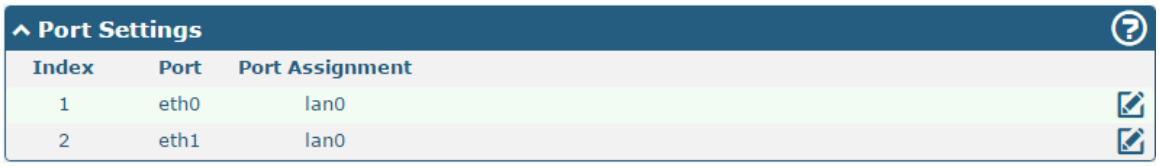


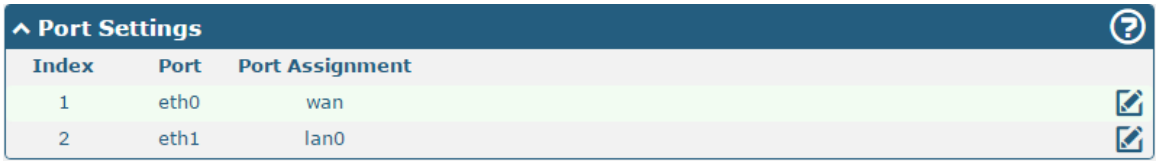
Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.



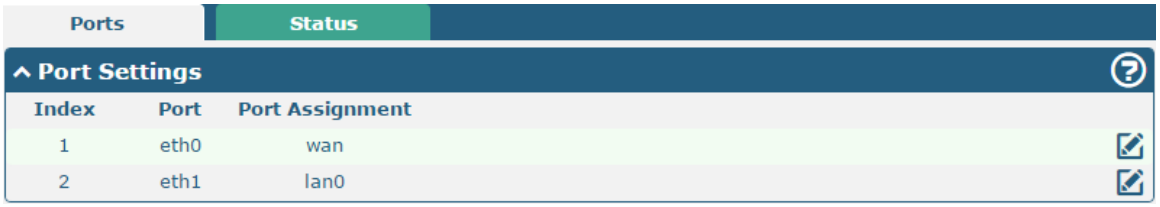
3.8 Interface > Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There are two Ethernet ports on R3000 Router, including ETH0 and ETH1. The ETH0 on the router can be configured as either a WAN or a LAN port, while ETH1 can only be configured as a LAN port. By default, ETH0 and ETH1 are lan0, and their IP are 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0. Since lan0 must be assigned to one port and WAN port must be assigned to the ETH0, there are four configurations. You can choose the appropriate configuration to fit your current needs. The specific port configurations are shown below.

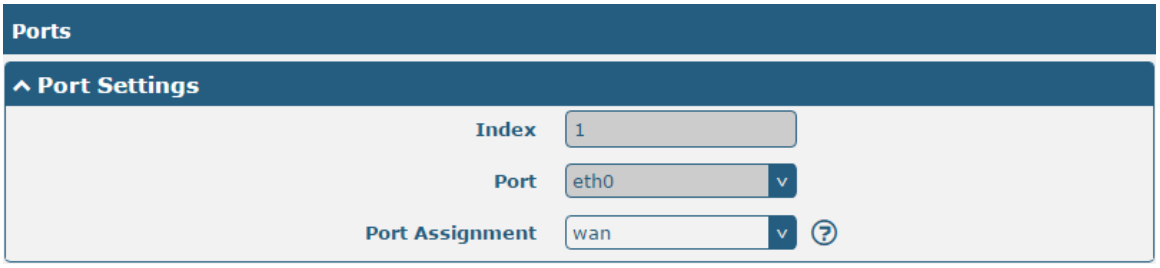




This section introduces you to set the parameters of the WAN port.

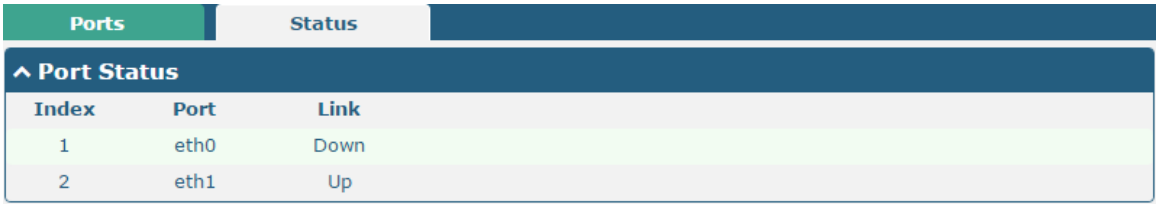


Click button of eth0 to configure its parameters. The port assignment can be changed by selecting from the drop down list.

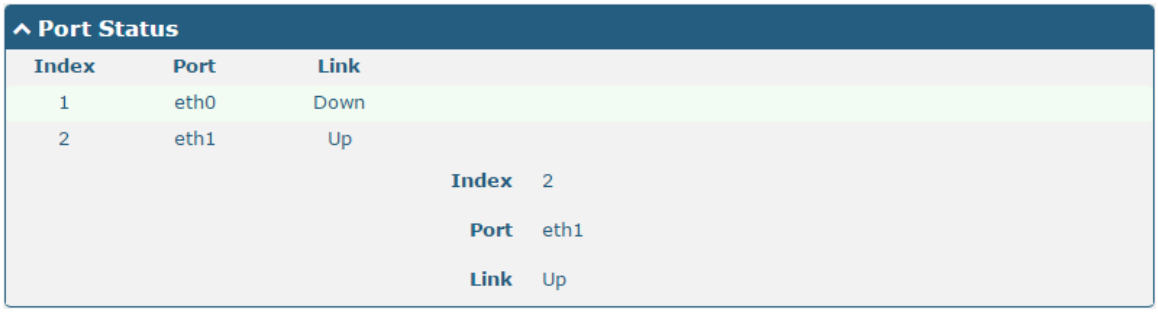


Port Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Port	Show the editing port, read only.	--
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port's type, as a WAN port or a LAN port. When setting the port as a LAN port in **Interface > LAN > LAN > Network Settings > General Settings**, you can click the drop-down list to select from "lan0" or "lan1".	lan0

This column allows you to view the status of Ethernet port.

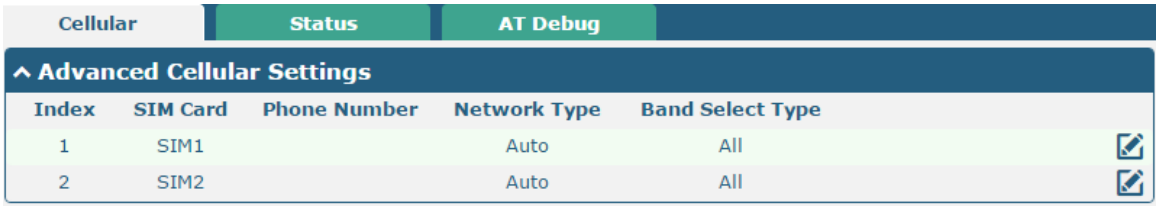


Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.

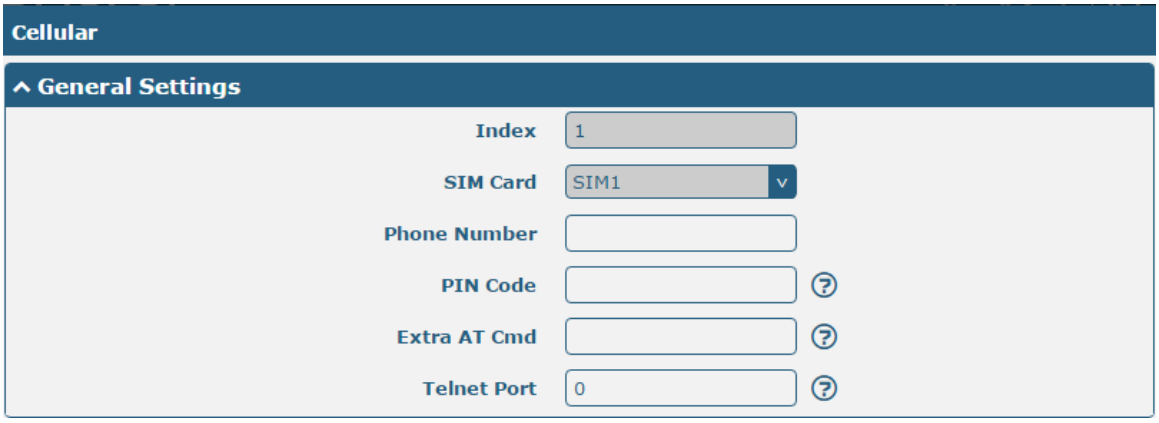


3.9 Interface > Cellular

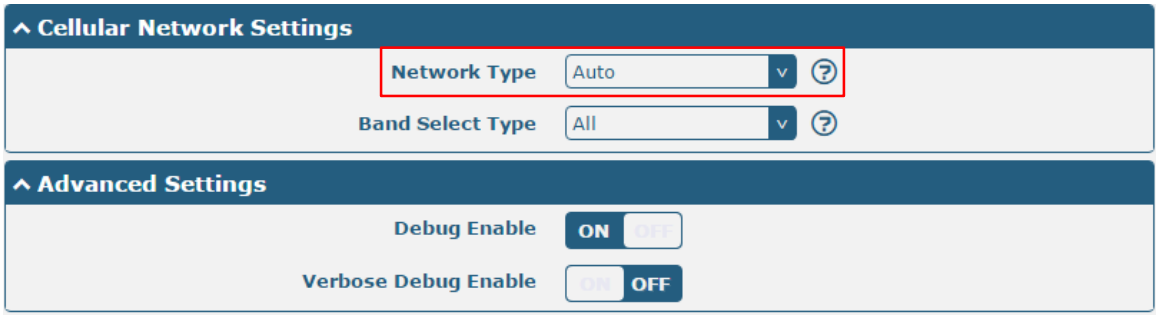
This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R3000 Router has two SIM card slots, but do not support two SIM cards online simultaneously due to its single-module design. If insert single SIM card at the first time, SIM1 slot and SIM2 slots are available.



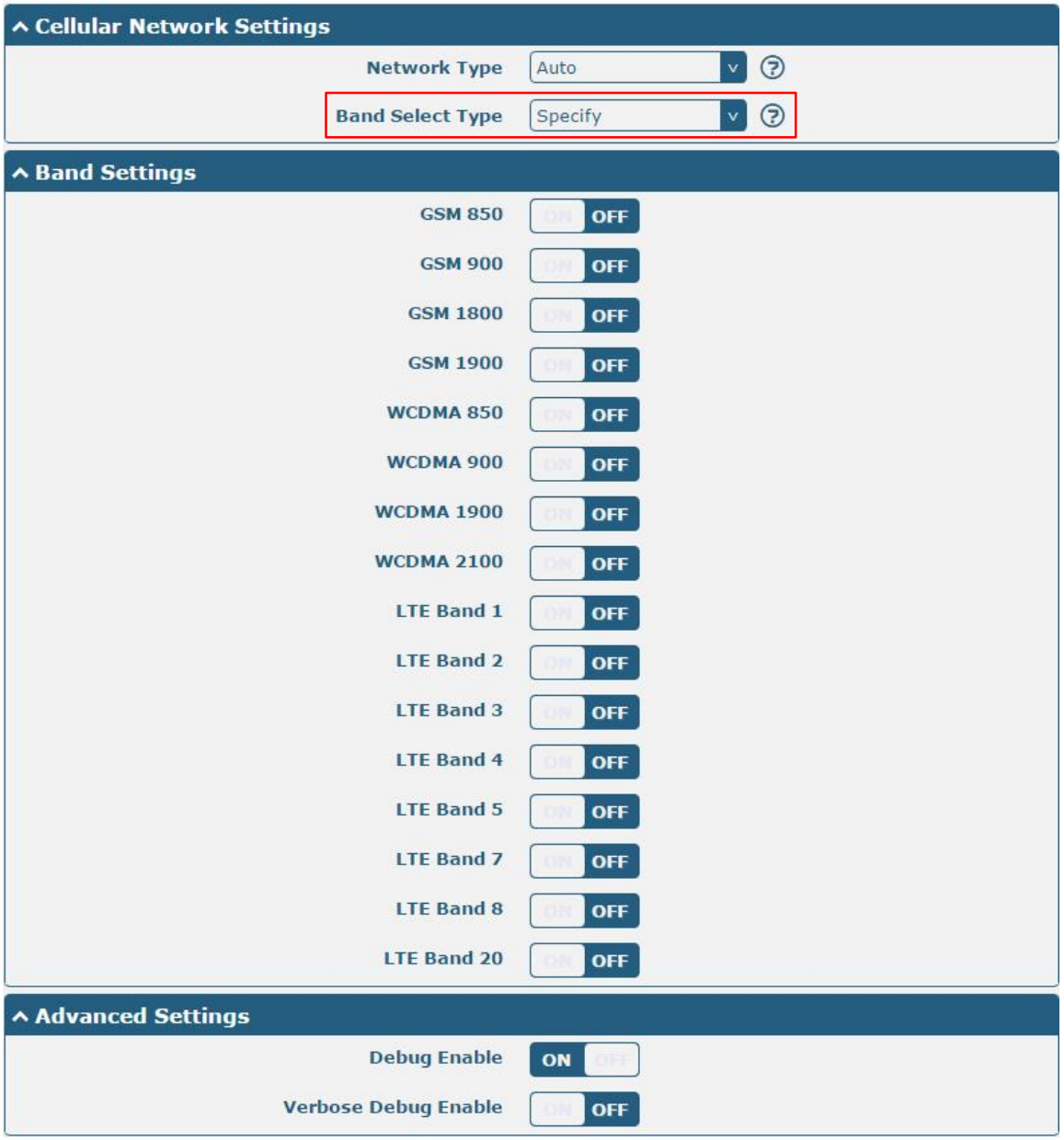
Click of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “Auto” as the network type.



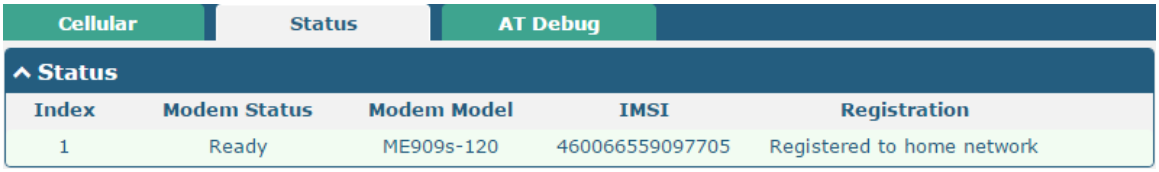
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Specify” as the band select type.



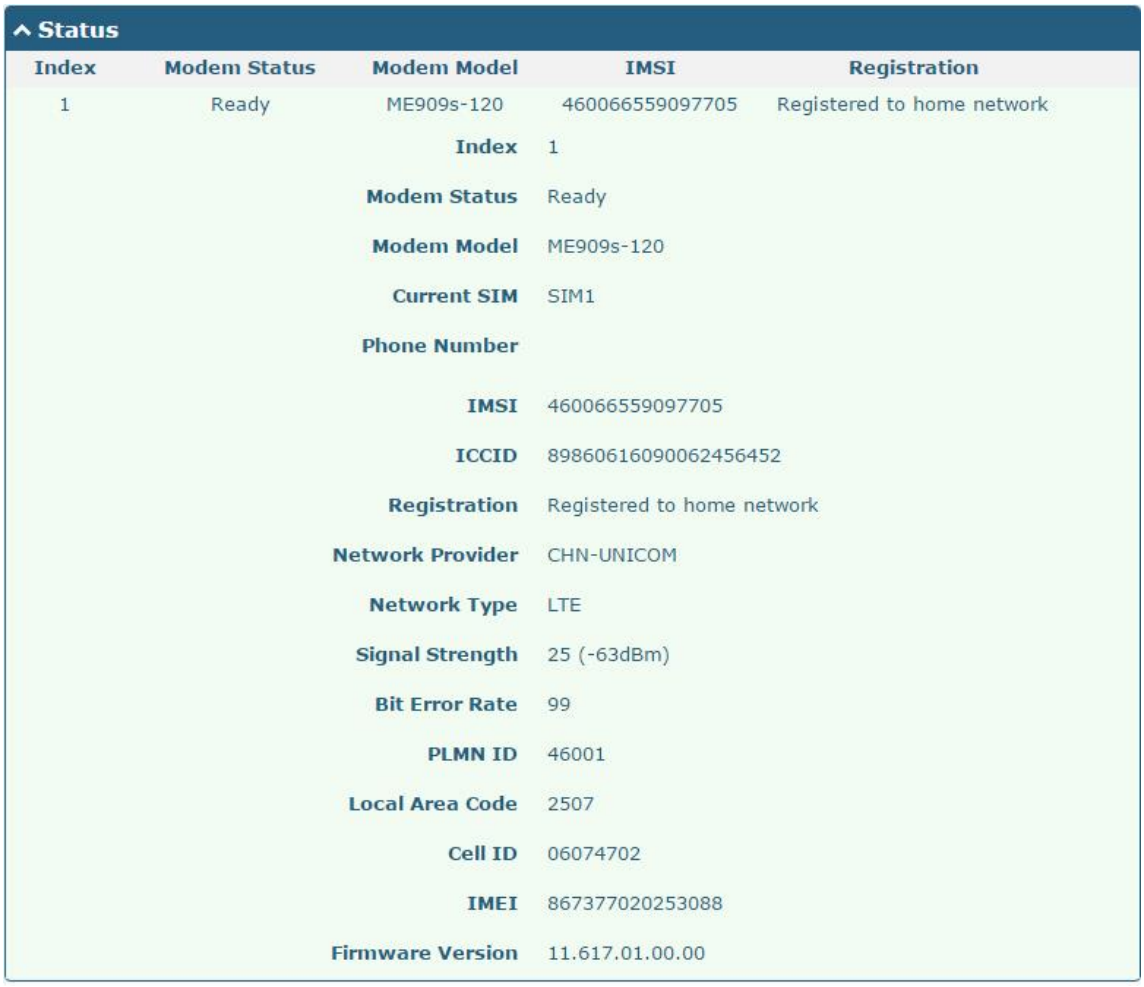
Cellular		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
General Settings		

Cellular		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
SIM Card	Set the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0
Cellular Network Settings		
Network Type	Select from "Auto", "2G Only", "2G First", "3G Only", "3G First", "4G Only", "4G First". • Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically • 2G Only: Only the 2G network is connected • 2G First: Connect to the 2G Network preferentially • 3G Only: Only the 3G network is connected • 3G First: Connect to the 3G Network preferentially • 4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected • 4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially	Auto
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing "Specify".	All
Advanced Settings		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF

This section allows you to view the status of the cellular connection.



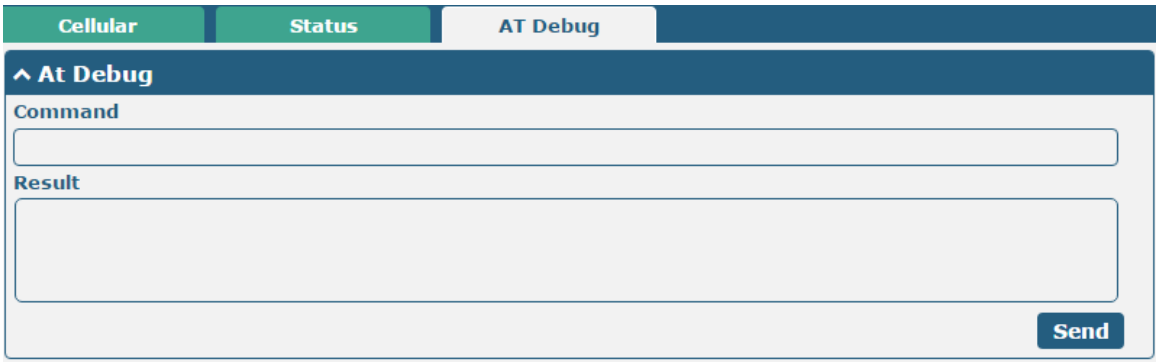
Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row.



Status	
Item	**Description**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using.
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM. **Note:** This option will be displayed if enter manually in **Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings > SIM1/SIM2 > General Settings > Phone Number**.
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.
Registration	Show the current network status.
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.

Status	
Item	**Description**
Cell ID	Show the current cell ID used for locating the router.
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio module.
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.

This page allows you to check the AT Debug.



AT Debug		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this text box.	Null
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send AT command.	--

3.10 Interface > WiFi

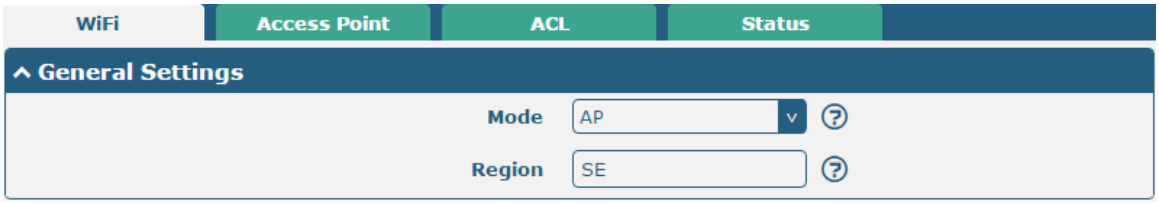
This section allows you to configure the parameters of two WiFi modes. Router supports either WiFi AP mode or Client mode, and default as AP mode.

Note: Need to reboot to make configuration take effect if switching the AP and Client mode.

WiFi AP

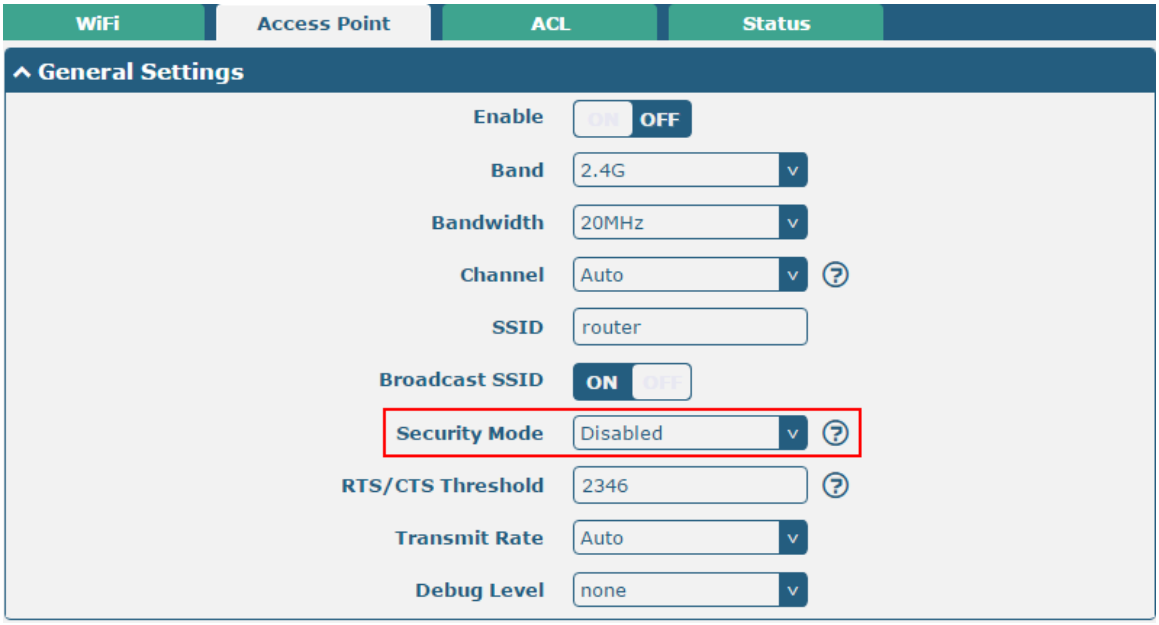
Configure Router as WiFi AP

Click **Interface > WiFi > WiFi**, select "AP" as the mode and click "Submit".



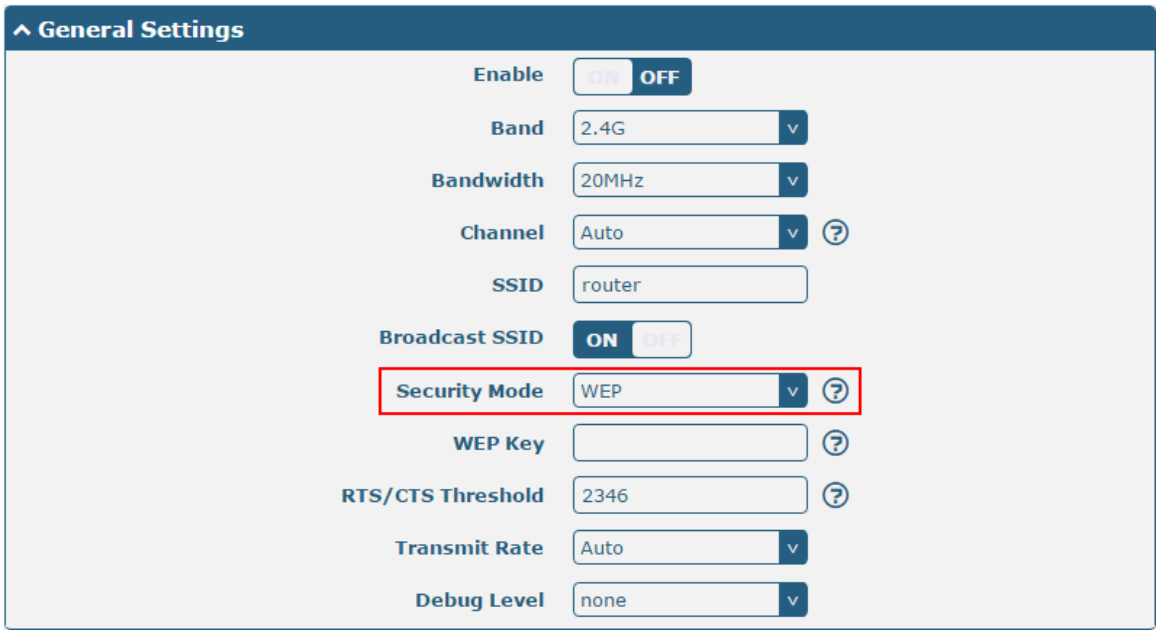
Note: Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

Click the **Access Point** column to configure the parameters of WiFi AP. By default, the security mode is set as "Disabled".



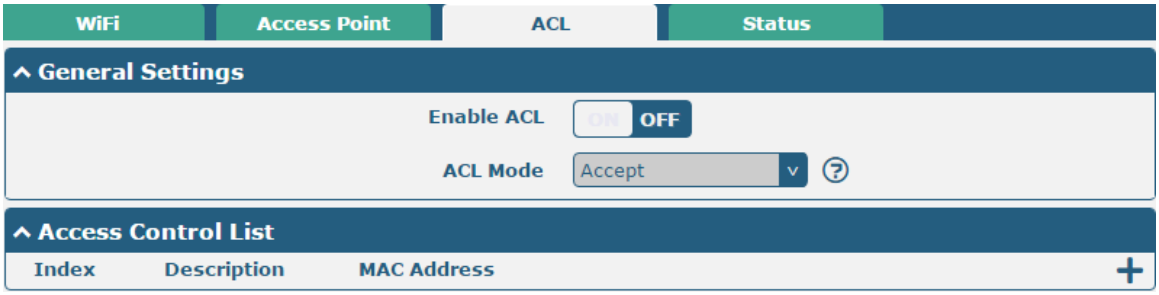
The window is displayed as below when setting "WPA" as the security mode.

The window is displayed as below when setting “WEP” as the security mode.

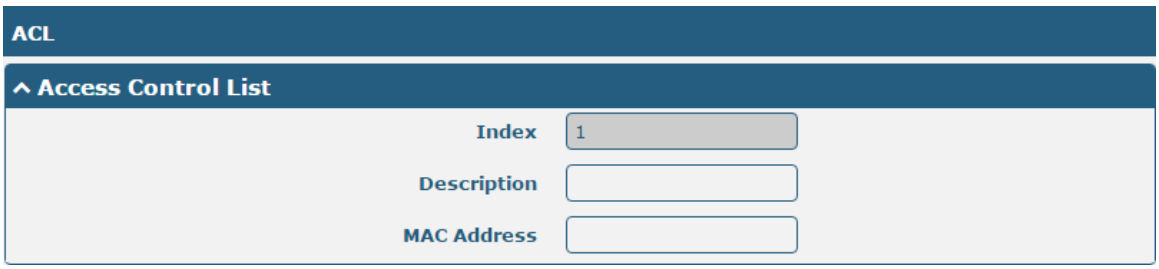


General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the WiFi access point option.	OFF
Band	Choose from “2.4G” or “5G”.	2.4G
Bandwidth	Select from “20MHz”, “40MHz”. 40 MHz channel width provides twice the data rate available over a single 20 MHz channel.	20MHz
Channel	Select the frequency channel, including “Auto”, “1”, “2”..... “13”. • Auto: Router will scan all frequency channels until the best one is found • 1~13: Router will be fixed to work with this channel Following are the frequency of 1~13 channel. 1: 2412 MHz 2: 2417 MHz 3: 2422 MHz 4: 2427 MHz 5: 2432 MHz 6: 2437 MHz 7: 2442 MHz 8: 2447 MHz 9: 2452 MHz 10: 2457 MHz 11: 2462 MHz 12: 2467 MHz 13: 2472 MHz	Auto
SSID	Enter the Service Set Identifier, the name of your wireless network. The SSID of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other. Enter 1 to 32 characters.	router

General Settings @ Access Point		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Broadcast SSID	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SSID being broadcast. When enabled, the client can scan your SSID. When disabled, the client cannot scan your SSID. If you want to connect to the router AP, you need to manually enter the SSID of router AP at WiFi client side.	ON
Security Mode	Select from "Disabled", "WPA" or "WEP". • Disabled: User can access the WiFi without the password when disable security **Note**: It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you do not choose this kind of mode. • WPA: Include WPA and WPA2. Personal version of WPA (WiFi Protected Access), also known as WPA/WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key), provides a simple way of encrypting a wireless connection for high confidentiality • WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy provides encryption for wireless device's data transmission.	Disabled
WPA Version	Select from "Auto", "WPA" or "WPA2". • Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable WPA version • WPA2 is a stronger security feature than WPA	Auto
Encryption	Select from "Auto", "TKIP" or "AES". • Auto: Router will choose automatically the most suitable encryption • TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption uses a wireless connection. TKIP encryption can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA with 802.1x authentication. **Note**: It's not recommended to use TKIP encryption in 802.11n mode. • AES: AES encryption uses a wireless connection. AES can be used for WPA-PSK and WPA with 802.1x authentication. AES is a stronger encryption algorithm than TKIP	Auto
PSK Password	Enter the Pre share key password. When router works as AP mode, enter Master key to generate keys for encryption. A PSK Password is used as a basis for encryption methods (or cipher types) in a WLAN connection. The PSK Password should be complicated and as long as possible. For security reasons, this PSK Password should only be disclosed to users who need it, and it should be changed regularly. Enter 8 to 63 characters.	Null
Group Key Update Interval	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600
WEP Key	Enter the WEP key. The key length should be 10 or 26 hexadecimal digits depending on which WEP key is used, 64 digits or 128 digits.	Null
RTS/CTS Threshold	Specify the RTS (request to send) threshold or CTS (clear to send) threshold and digits from 256 to 2346. The router AP will never send the signal before sending out data if setting the RTS threshold as 2347, and the router AP will send the signal once it sending out data if setting the RTS threshold as 0.	2346
Transmit Rate	Set the transmit rate. You can choose Auto or specify a Transmit Rate.	Auto
Debug Level	Select from "verbose", "debug", "info", "notice", "warning" or "none".	none

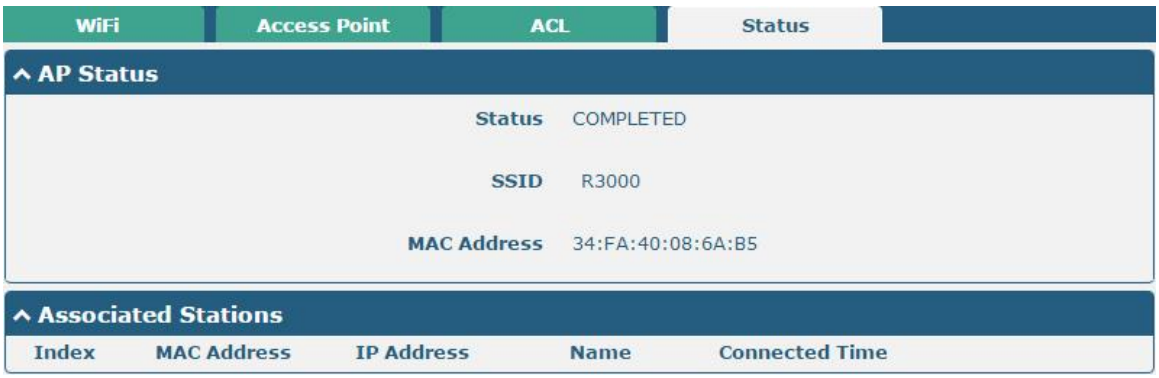


Click + to add a MAC address to the Access Control List. The maximum count for MAC address is 64.



ACL		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
General Settings		
Enable ACL	Click the toggle button to enable ACL (Access Control List) option.	OFF
ACL Mode	Select from "Accept" or "Deny". • Accept: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" can be allowed • Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" will be denied **Note**: Router can only allow or deny devices which are included in "Access Control List" at one time.	Accept
Access Control List		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this access control list.	Null
MAC Address	Add a MAC address here.	Null

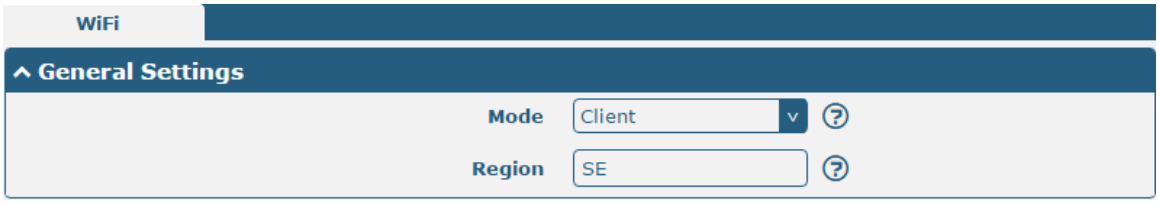
This section allows you to view the status of AP.



WiFi Client

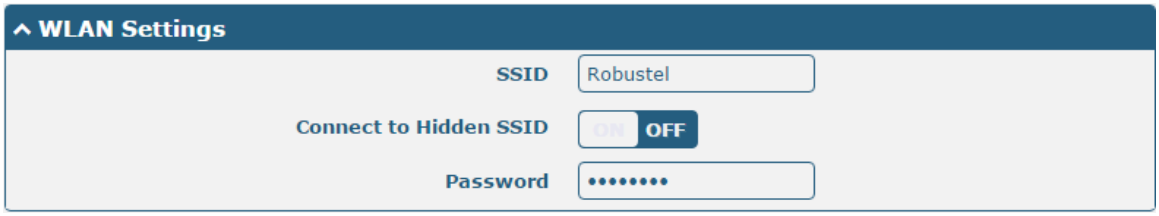
Configure Router as WiFi client

Click **Interface > WiFi > WiFi**, select "Client" as the mode and click "Submit > Save & Apply".



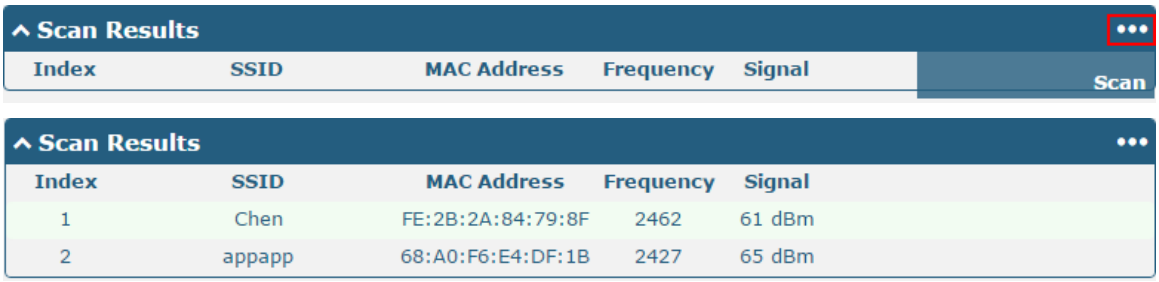
And then a "WLAN" column will appear under the Interface list.

Click **Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings**, and click the edit button of WLAN, then configure the related parameters of WLAN.



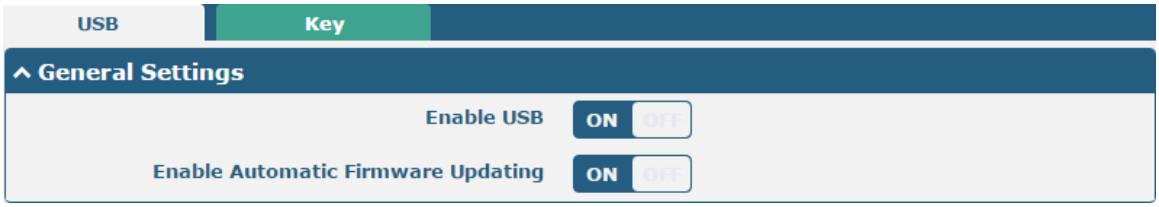
Click **Interface > WLAN** to configure the parameters of WiFi Client after setting the mode as Client. Please remember to click **Save & Apply > Reboot** after finish the configuration, so that the configuration can be took effect.

This window allows you to scan for all the available SSIDs in your area and click one of those shown on the "Scan Results" list.



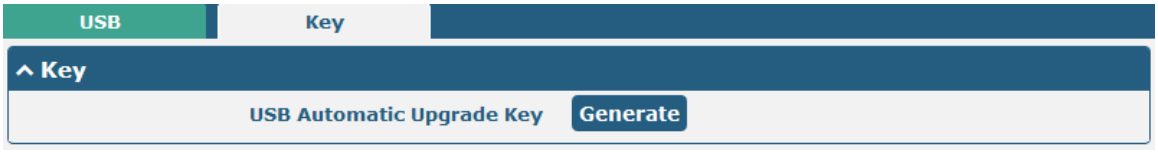
3.11 Interface > USB

This section allows you to set the USB parameters. The USB interface of the router can be used for firmware upgrade and configuration upgrade.



General Settings @ USB		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable USB	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the USB option.	ON
Enable Automatic Firmware Updating	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to automatically update the firmware of the router when inserting a USB storage device with a router firmware.	ON

Router has the key for USB automatic update. User can generate the key in this page.

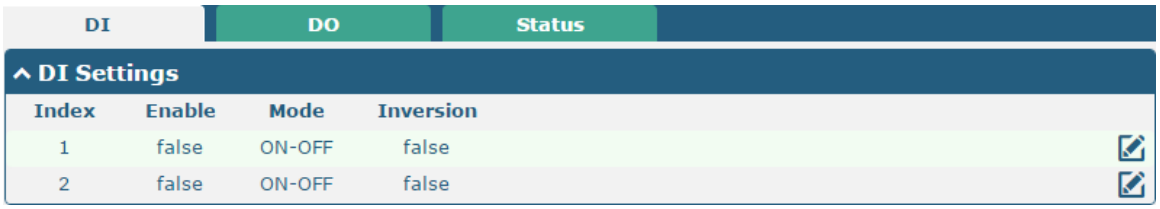


Key		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
USB Automatic Update Key	Click Generate to generate a key.	--

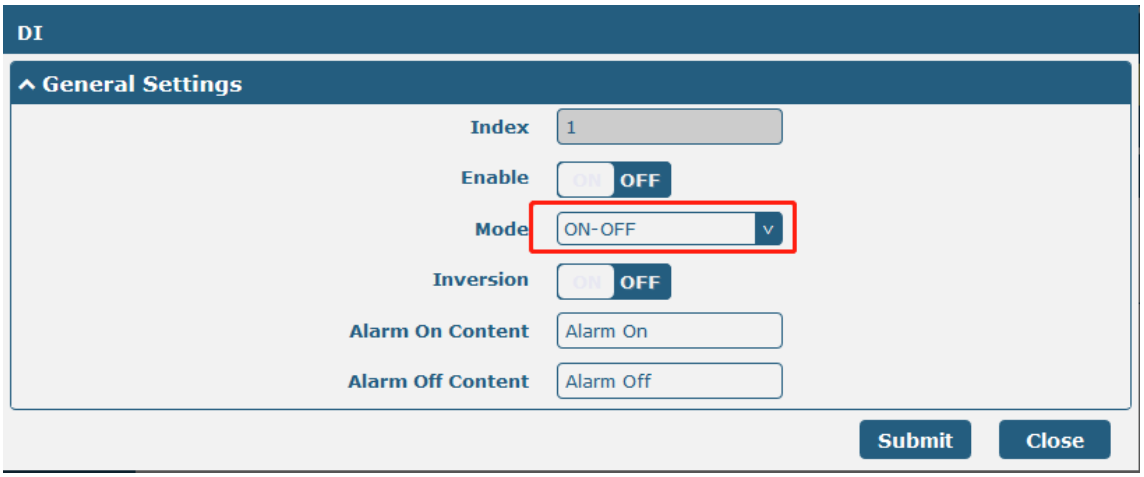
3.12 Interface > DI/DO

This section allows you to set the DI/DO parameters. Digital Input and Digital Output are the specific interfaces for R3000. The DI interface can be used for triggering alarm, while the DO can be used for controlling the slave device so as to realize real-time monitoring.

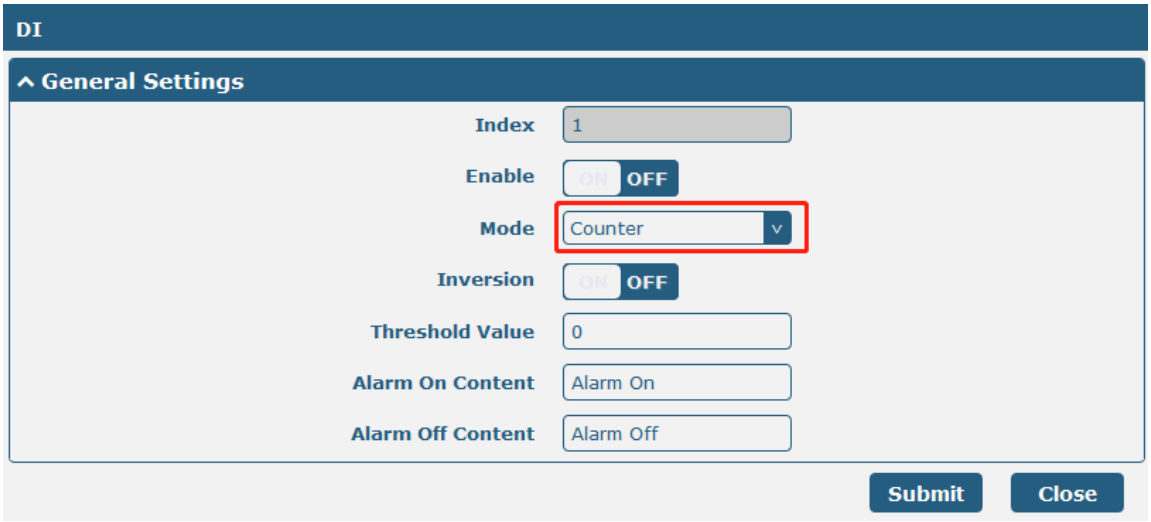
DI



Click the right-most button of index 1 as below. The default mode is “ON-OFF”.



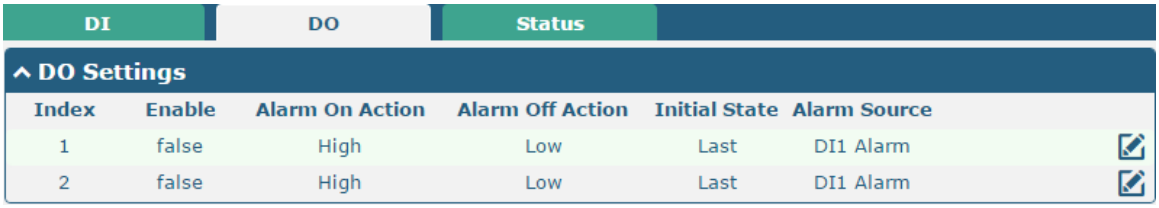
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Counter” as the mode.



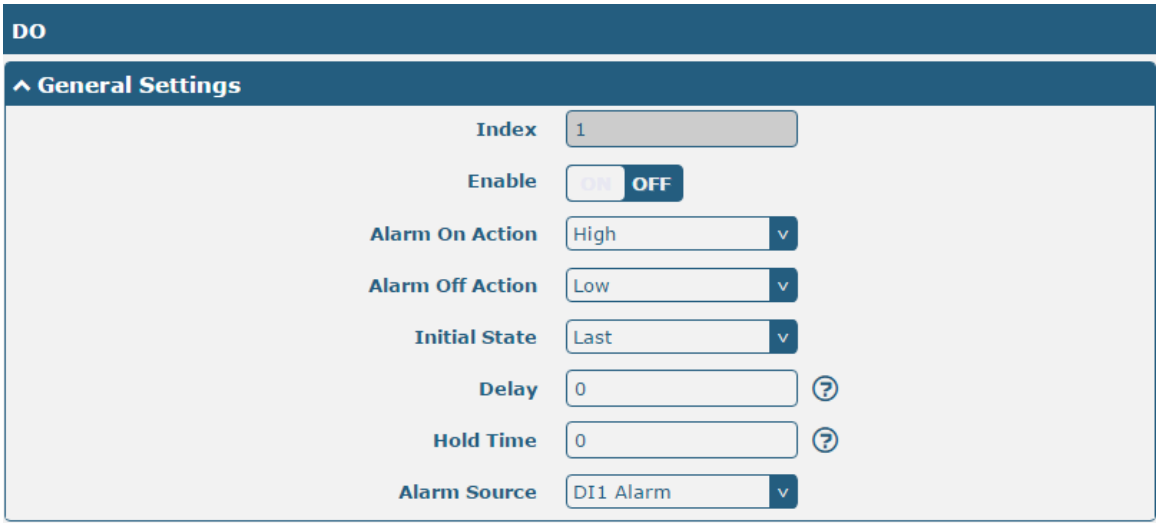
General Settings @ DI		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DI.	OFF
Mode	Select from "ON-OFF" or "Counter". • ON-OFF: DI interface support ON and OFF mode (high or low level electrical) trigger DI alarm. The mode default to ON, and OFF mode is available only when enabling the inversion feature ON—Under this mode, DI alarm status will be triggered to ON when DI interface open from GND or input a high level electrical (logic 1), on the contrary DI alarm status will be trigged to OFF when DI interface connect to GND or input a low level electrical (logic 0) OFF—Under this mode, DI alarm status will be triggered to ON when DI interface connect to GND or input a low level electrical (logic 0), on the contrary DI alarm status will be trigged to OFF when DI interface open from GND or input a high level electrical (logic 1) • Counter: Event counter mode	ON-OFF
Inversion	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to set DI mode as OFF mode.	OFF
Threshold Value	Set the threshold vale. It will trigger alarm when event counter reaches this figure. After triggering alarm, DI will keep counting but not trigger alarm again. Enter 0 to 65535 digits. (0=will not trigger alarm) **Note**: This option is only available when DI under the "Counter" mode.	Null
Alarm On Content	When the alarm is on, show its content.	Alarm On
Alarm Off Content	When the alarm is off, show its content.	Alarm Off

Note: It defaults as high alarm, while turns to low alarm after enabling the "Inversion" button.

DO



Click to enter the DO configuration window.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “Pulse” as the alarm on action.

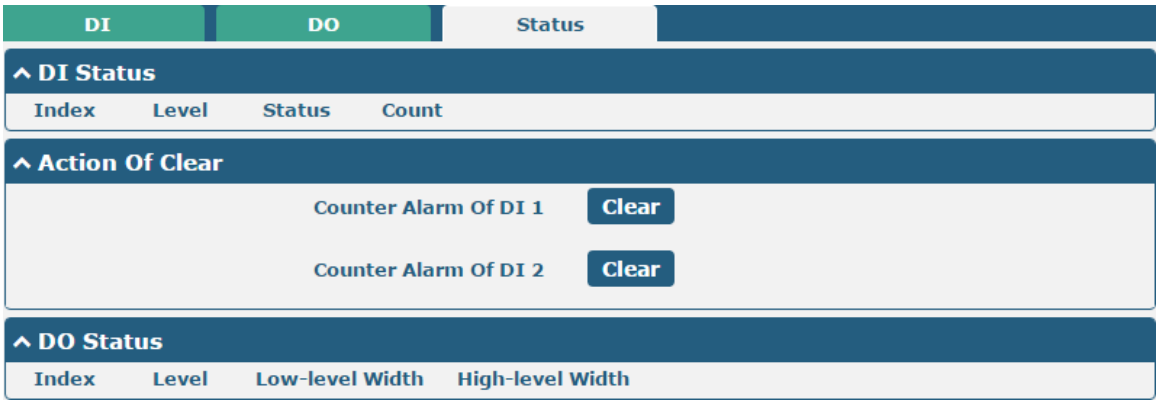
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Pulse” as the alarm off action.

DO		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this DO.	OFF
Alarm On Action	Digital Output initiates when there is an alarm. Selected from “High”, “Low” or “Pulse”. • High: a high electrical level output • Low: a low electrical level output • Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered	High
Alarm Off Action	Digital Output initiates when alarm removed. Selected from “High”, “Low” or “Pulse”. • High: a high electrical level output • Low: a low electrical level output • Pulse: Generates a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters when triggered	Low
Initial State	Specify the Digital Output status when powered on. Selected from “Last”, “High” or “Low”. • Last: DO’s status will consist with the status of last power off • High: DO interface is in high electrical level • Low: DO interface is in low electrical level	Low
Delay	Set the delay time for DO alarm start-up. The first pulse will be generated after a “Delay”. Enter from 0 to 30000ms. (0=generate pulse without delay)	0
Hold Time	Set the hold time of DO status (Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action). When the action time reach this specified time, DO will stop the action. Enter from 0 to 255 seconds. (0=keep on until the next action)	0
Low-level Width	Set the low-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as “Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action”. In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a	10

DO		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
	square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The low level widths are specified here. Enter from 1 to 30000 ms.	
High-level Width	Set the high-level width. It is available when enabling Pulse as "Alarm On Action/Alarm Off Action". In Pulse Output mode, the selected digital output channel will generate a square wave as specified in the pulse mode parameters. The high level widths are specified here. Enter from 1 to 30000 ms.	10
Alarm Source	Digital Output initiates according to different alarm source. Selected from "DI1 Alarm", "DI2 Alarm". DI1/DI2 Alarm: Digital Output triggers the related action when there is alarm from Digital Input.	DI1 Alarm

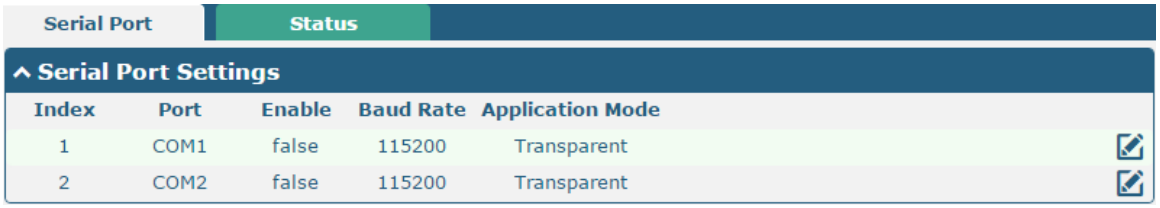
Status

This window allows you to view the status of DO and DI interface. It also can clear the counter alarm of DI in here. Click **Clear** button to clear DI1 or DI2 monthly usage statistics info for counter alarm.

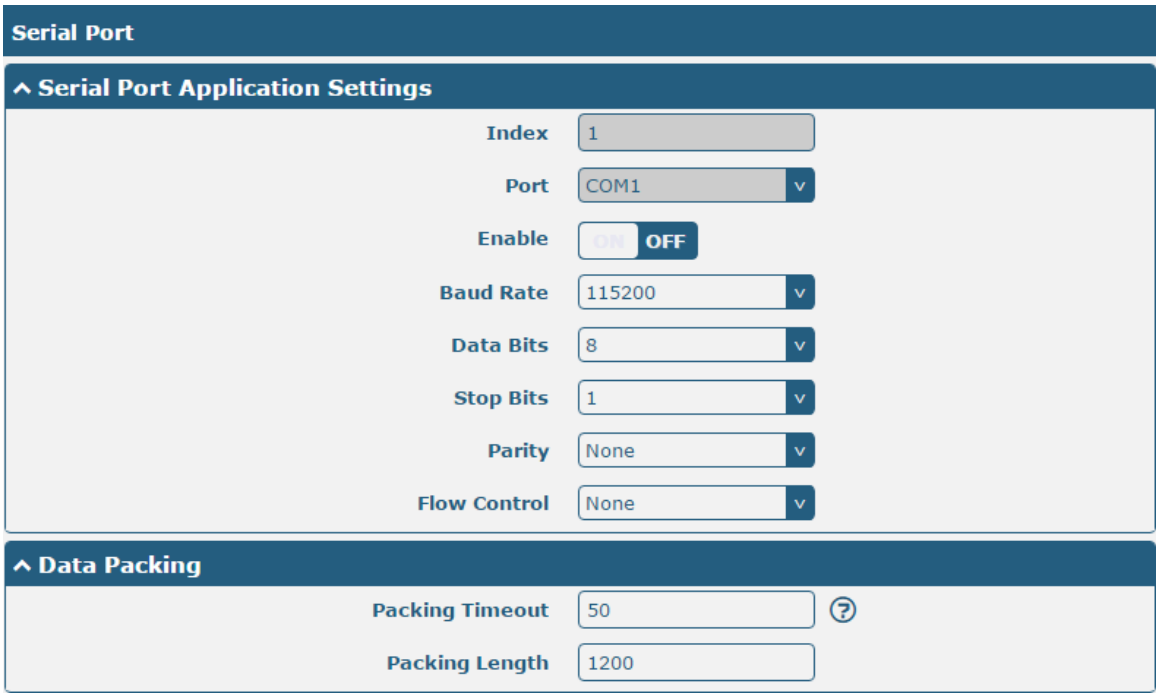


3.13 Interface > Serial Port

This section allows you to set the serial port parameters. R3000 Router supports one COM1 and one COM2, also can be configured as either two COM1 or two COM2.

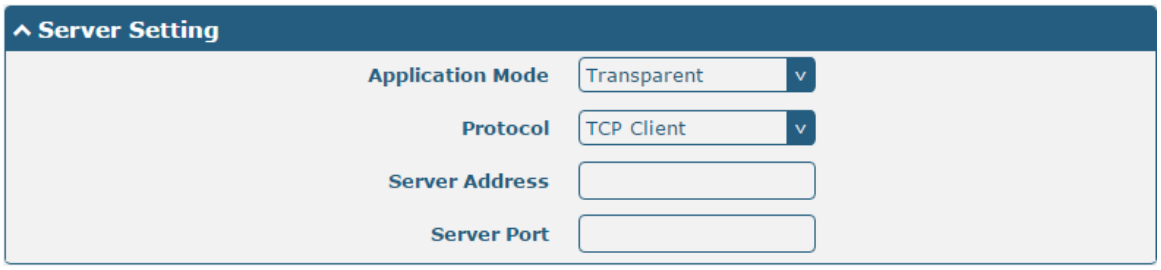


Click the edit button of COM1.

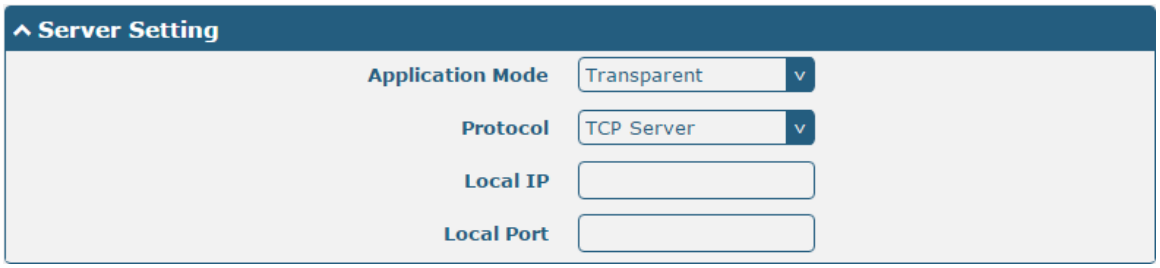


Serial Port		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Serial Port Application Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Port	Show the current serial's name, read only.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this serial port. When the status is OFF, the serial port is not available.	OFF
Baud Rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600" , "115200" or "230400".	115200
Data Bits	Select from "7" or "8".	8
Stop Bits	Select from "1" or "2".	1
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" or "Even".	None
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" or "Hardware".	None
Data Packing		
Packing Timeout	Set the packing timeout. The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. **Note**: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	50
Packing Length	Set the packet length. The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. When a packet length between 1 and 3000 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length.	1200

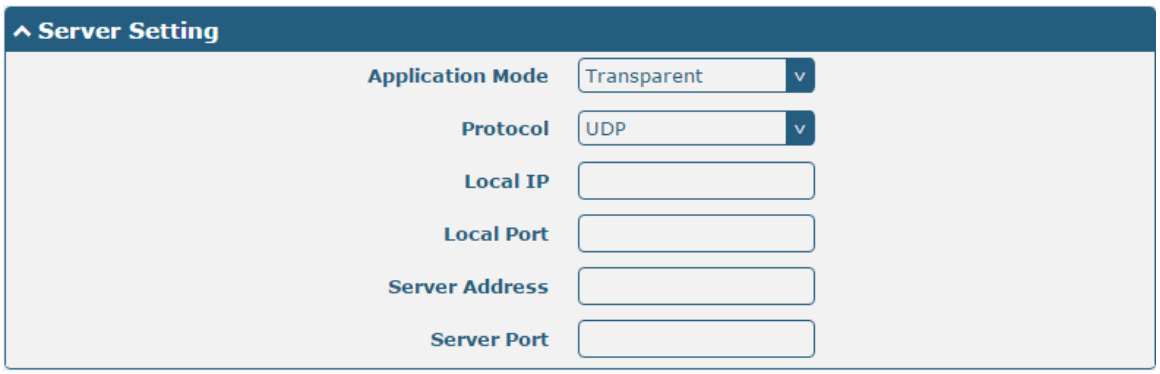
- The window is displayed as below when choosing “Transparent” as the application mode and “TCP Client” as the protocol.



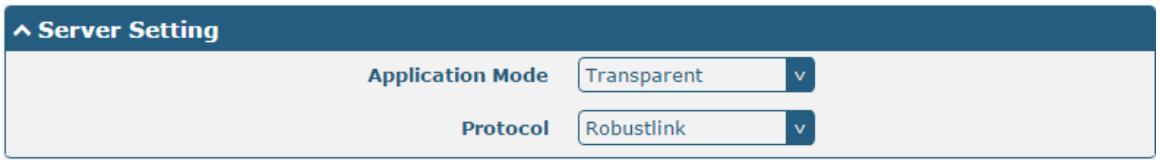
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Transparent” as the application mode and “TCP Server” as the protocol.



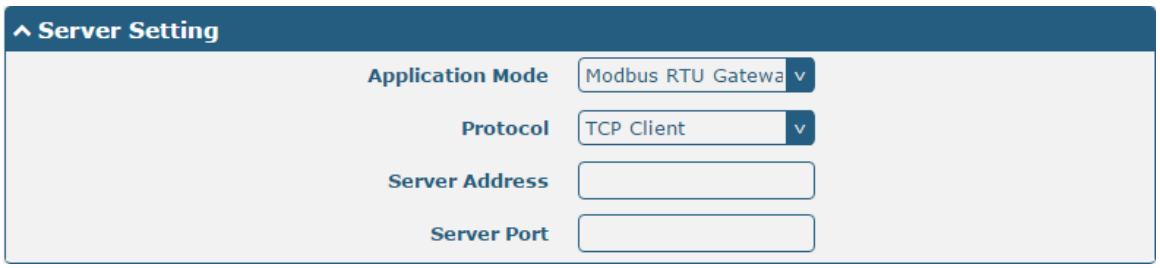
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Transparent” as the application mode and “UDP” as the protocol.



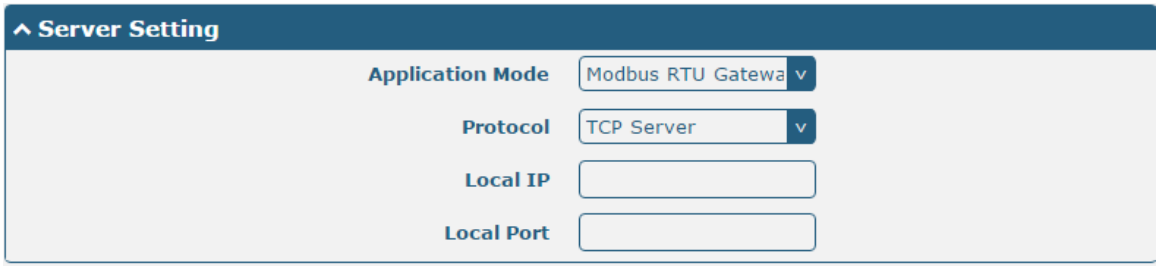
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Transparent” as the application mode and “Robustlink” as the protocol.



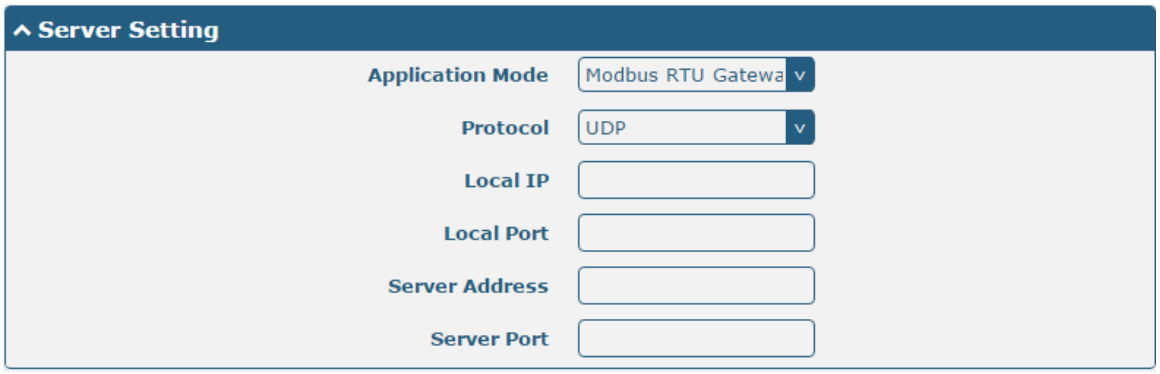
- The window is displayed as below when choosing “Modbus RTU Gateway” as the application mode and “TCP Client” as the protocol.



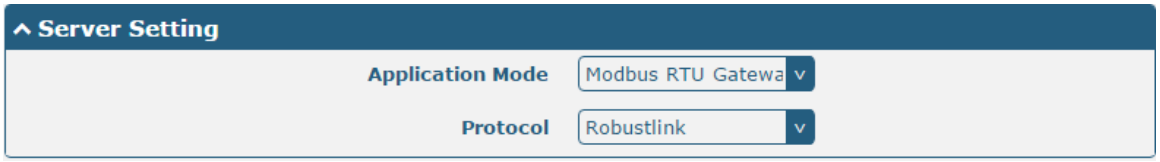
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.



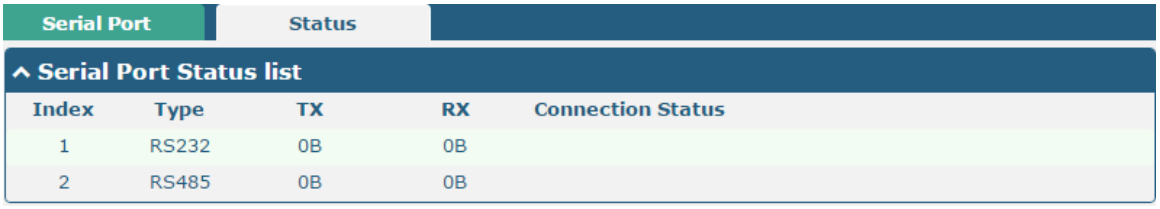
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Modbus RTU Gateway" as the application mode and "Robustlink" as the protocol.



Server Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Application Mode	Select from "Transparent" or "Modbus RTU Gateway". • Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently • Modbus RTU Gateway: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa	Transparent
Protocol	Select from "TCP Client", "TCP Server", "UDP" or "Robustlink". • TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server. Server address supports both IP and domain name • TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from TCP client • UDP: Router works as UDP client • Robustlink: Router will automatically upload the serial data to Robustlink platform under the Robustlink protocol. Robustlink is a management platform from Robustel. This function only available when Router is connects to Robustlink	TCP Client

Server Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Server Address	Enter the address of server which will receive the data sent from router's serial port. IP address or domain name will be available.	Null
Server Port	Enter the specified port of server which is used for receiving the serial data.	Null
Local IP @ Transparent	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port @ Transparent	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null
Local IP @ Modbus	Enter the local IP of under Modbus mode.	Null
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the local port of under Modbus mode.	Null

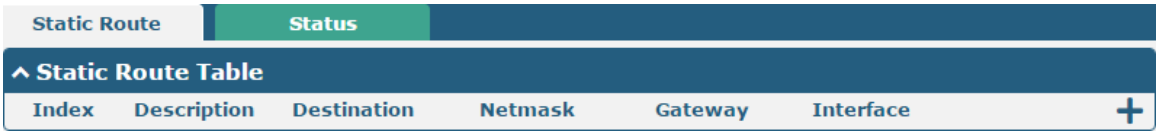
Click the "Status" column to view the current serial port type.



3.14 Network > Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Static route is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing traffic. Route Information Protocol (RIP) is widely used in small network with stable use rate. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is made router within a single autonomous system and used in large network.

Static Route

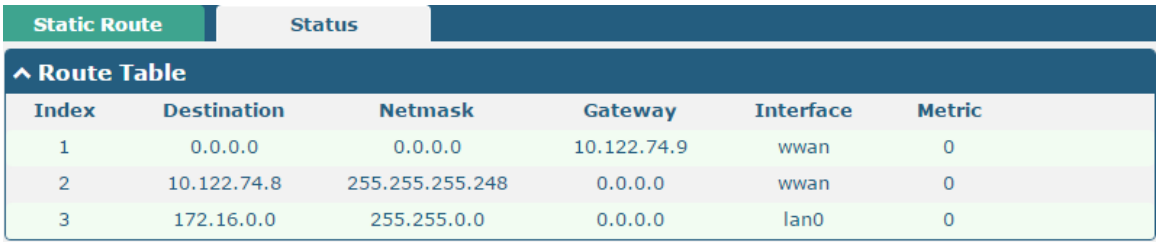


Click + to add static route. The maximum count is 20.

Static Route		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this route.	Null
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null
Gateway	Define the gateway of the destination.	Null
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan

Status

This window allows you to view the status of route.

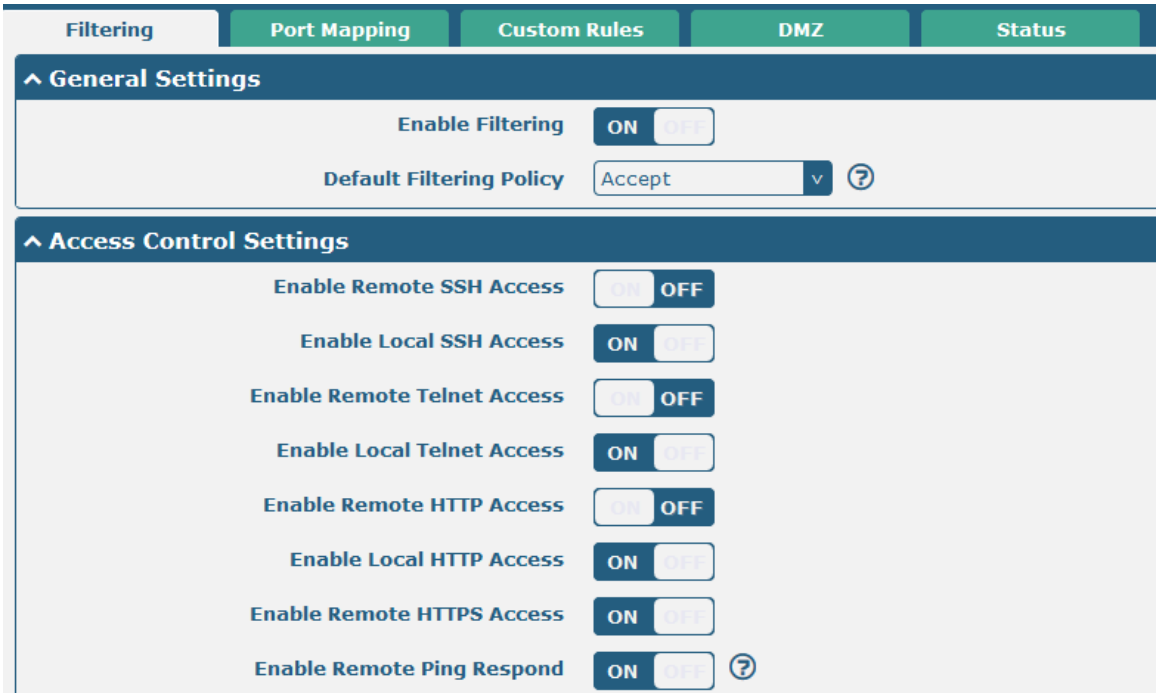


3.15 Network > Firewall

This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping and DMZ.

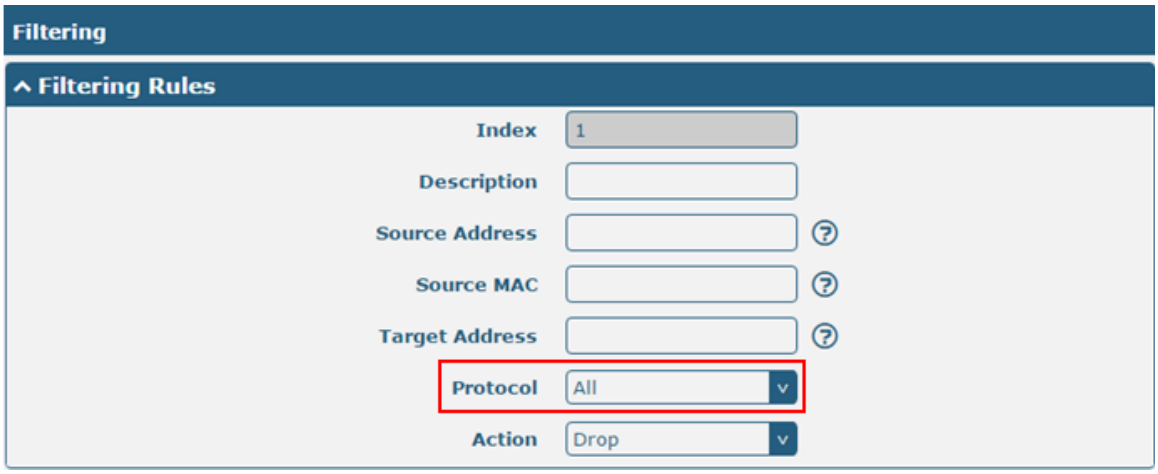
Filtering

The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.

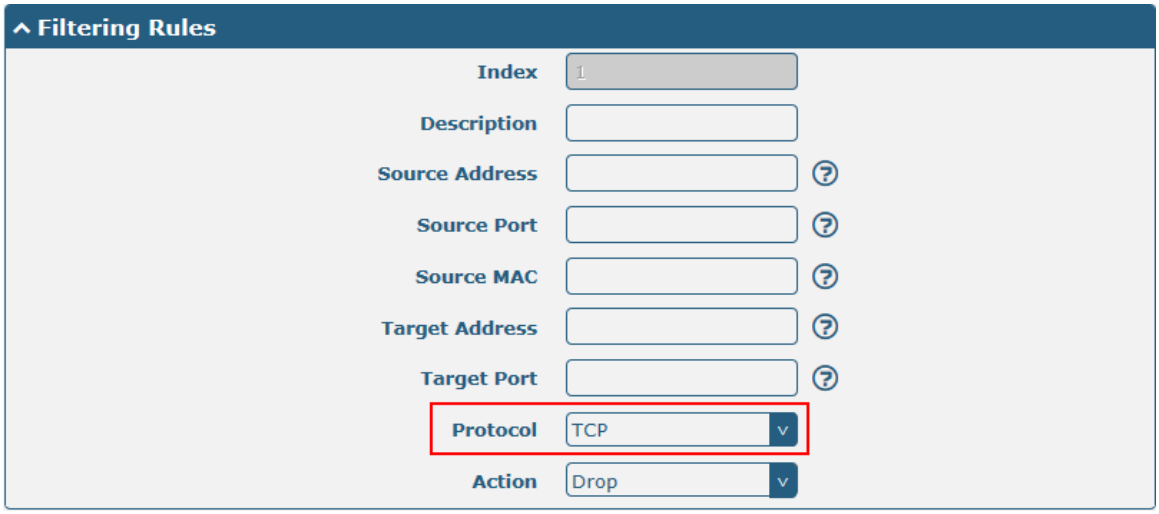


Filtering		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
General Settings		
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON
Default Filtering Policy	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering rules table is not empty. • Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit the drop filter list • Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit the accept filter list	Accept
Access Control Settings		
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.	OFF
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.	ON
Enable Remote Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.	OFF
Enable Local Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.	ON
Enable Remote HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.	OFF
Enable Local HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.	ON
Enable Remote HTTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.	ON
Enable Remote Ping Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the Internet.	ON
Enable DOS Defending	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	ON
Enable Console	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option.	ON

Click + to add filtering rule. The maximum count is 20. The window is displayed as below when defaulting "All" or choosing "ICMP" as the protocol. Here take "All" as an example.



The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as the protocol. Here take "TCP" as an example.

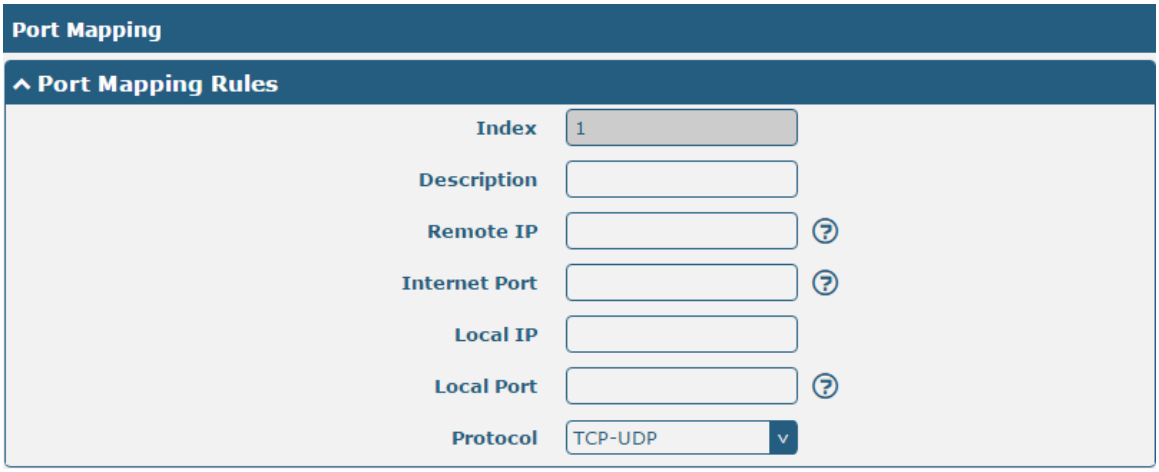


Filtering Rules		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null
Source Address	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	Null
Source Port	Specify an access originator and enter its source port.	Null
Source MAC	Enter the MAC address of the defined source IP address.	Null
Target Address	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are defined by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	Null
Target Port	Enter the target port which the access originator wants to access.	Null

Filtering Rules		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Protocol	Select from “All”, “TCP”, “UDP”, “ICMP” or “TCP-UDP”. **Note**: It is recommended that you choose “All” if you don’t know which protocol of your application to use.	All
Action	Select from “Accept” or “Drop”. • Accept: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this accept filtering list • Drop: When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this drop filtering list	Drop

Port Mapping

Click + to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 40.



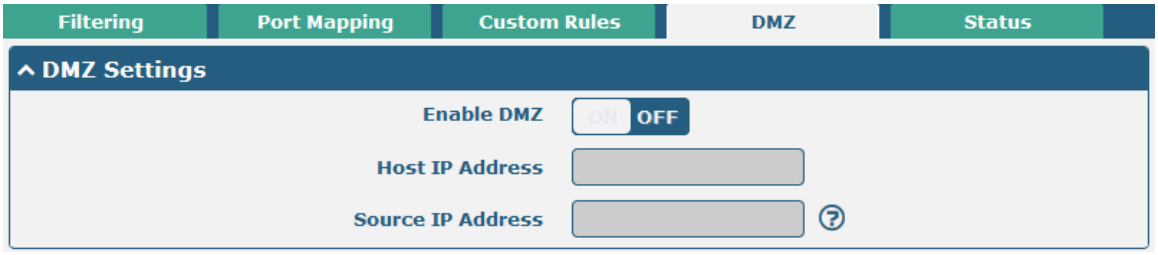
Port Mapping Rules		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access to the local IP address. Empty means unlimited. e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255.255 or 192.168.1.0/24	Null
Internet Port	Set the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts from internet.	Null
Local IP	Enter router’s LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port	Enter the port of router’s LAN IP.	Null
Protocol	Select from “TCP”, “UDP” or “TCP-UDP” as your application required.	TCP-UDP

Custom Rules

Click + to add custom rules.

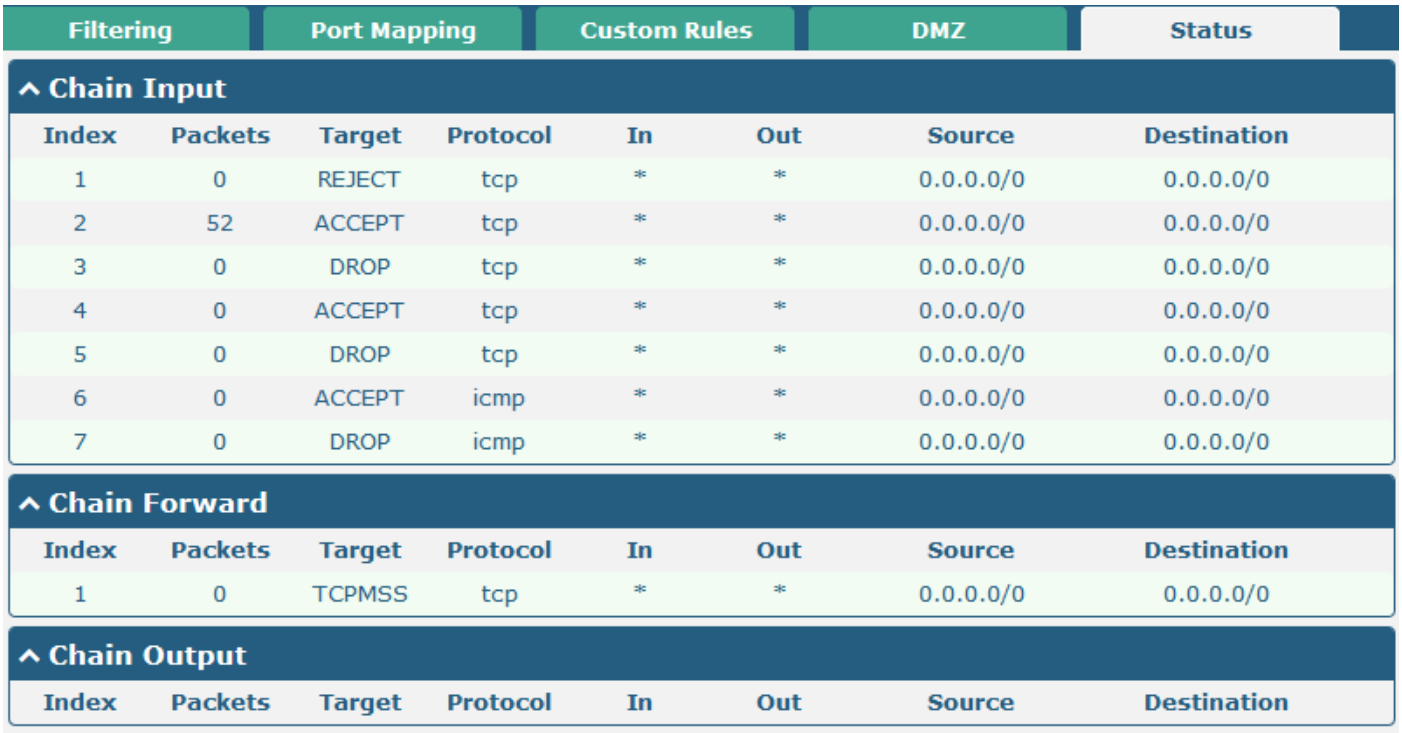
Custom Iptables Rule		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter the description of the rule.	Null
Rule	Specify one Iptables rule.	Null

DMZ



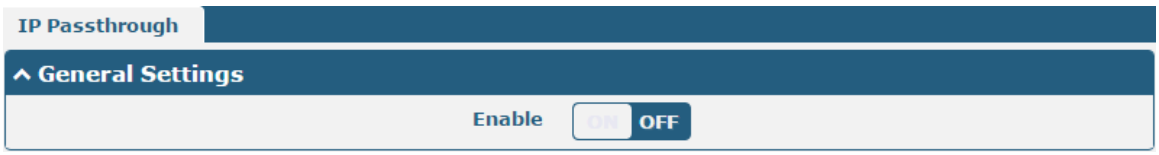
DMZ Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ. DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise forwarded.	OFF
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. 0.0.0.0 means for any addresses.	Null

Status



3.16 Network > IP Passthrough

Click **Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough** to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.

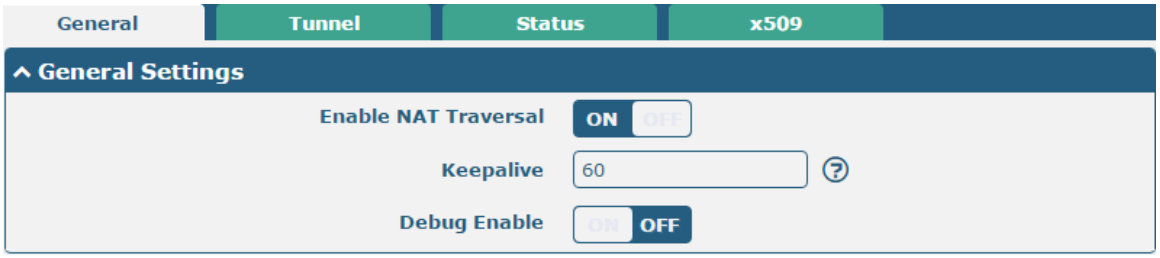


If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP.

3.17 VPN > IPsec

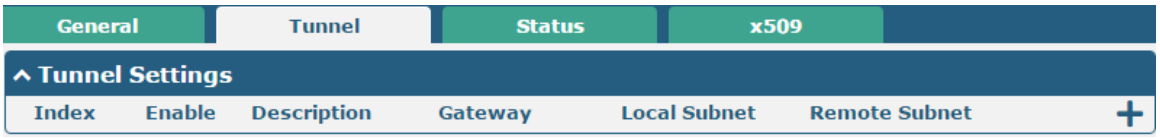
This section allows you to set the IPsec and the related parameters. Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) is a protocol suite for secure Internet Protocol (IP) communications that works by authenticating and encrypting each IP packet of a communication session.

General

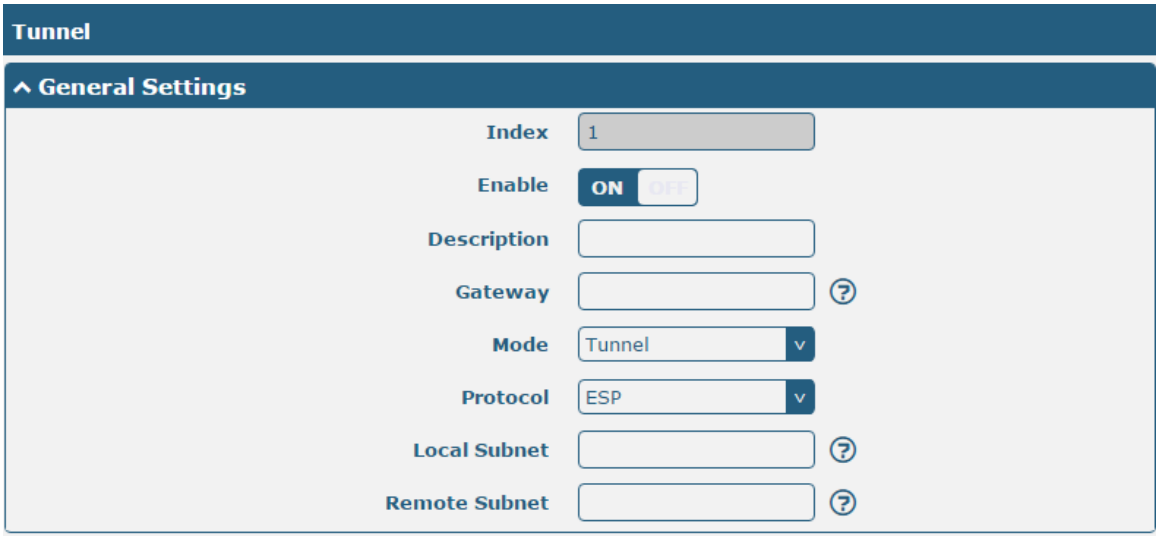


General Settings @ General		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable NAT Traversal	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT Traversal function. This option must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	ON
Keepalive	Set the keepalive time, measured in seconds. The router will send packets to NAT server every keepalive time to avoid record remove from the NAT list.	60
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN information output to the debug port.	OFF

Tunnel

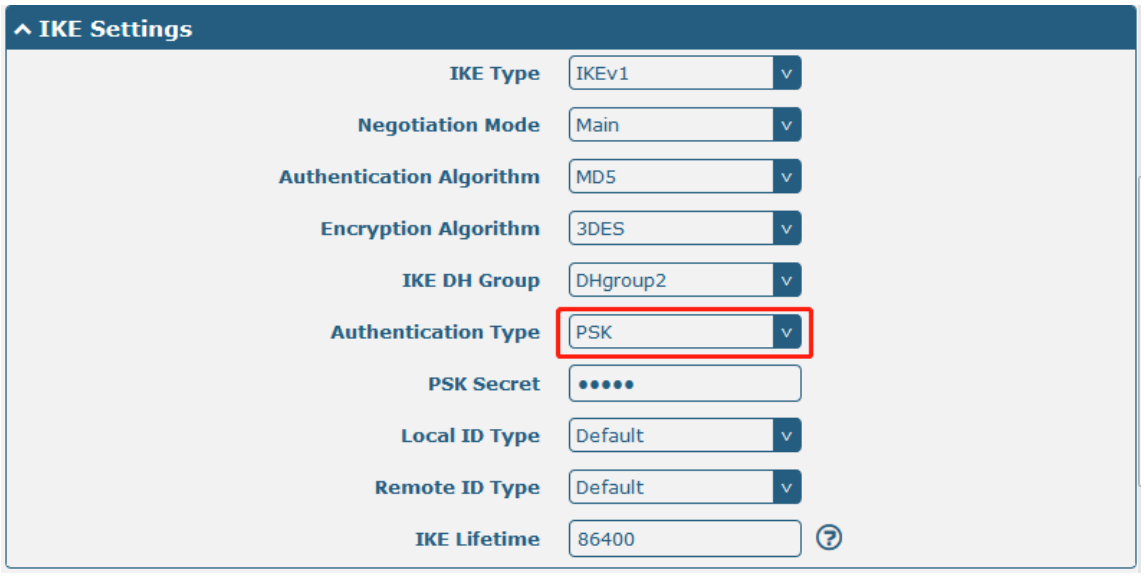


Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.



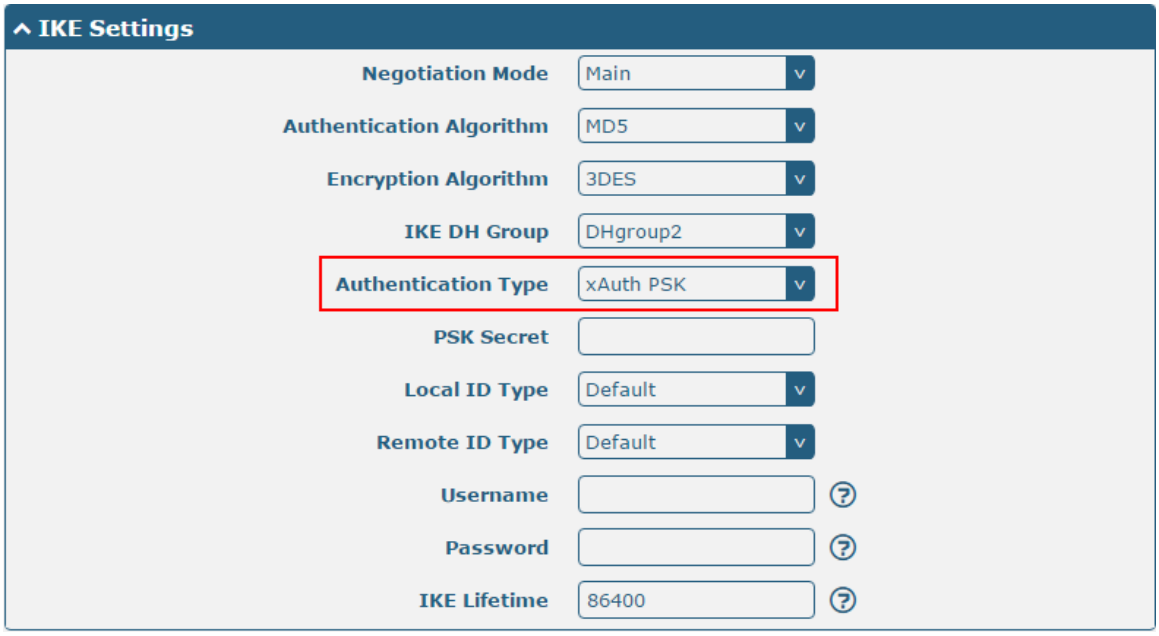
General Settings @ Tunnel		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null
Gateway	Enter the address of remote side IPsec VPN server. 0.0.0.0 represents for any address.	Null
Mode	Select from “Tunnel” and “Transport”. • Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it • Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual destination	Tunnel
Protocol	Select the security protocols from “ESP” and “AH”. • ESP: Use the ESP protocol • AH: Use the AH protocol	ESP
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet’s address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24	Null
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet’s address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null

The window is displayed as below when choosing “PSK” as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “CA” as the authentication type.

The window is displayed as below when choosing “xAuth PSK” as the authentication type.

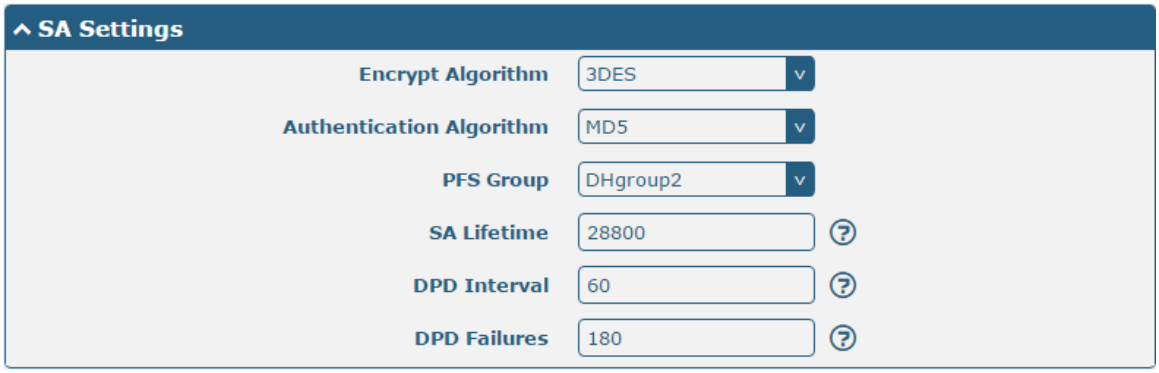


The window is displayed as below when choosing "xAuth CA" as the authentication type.

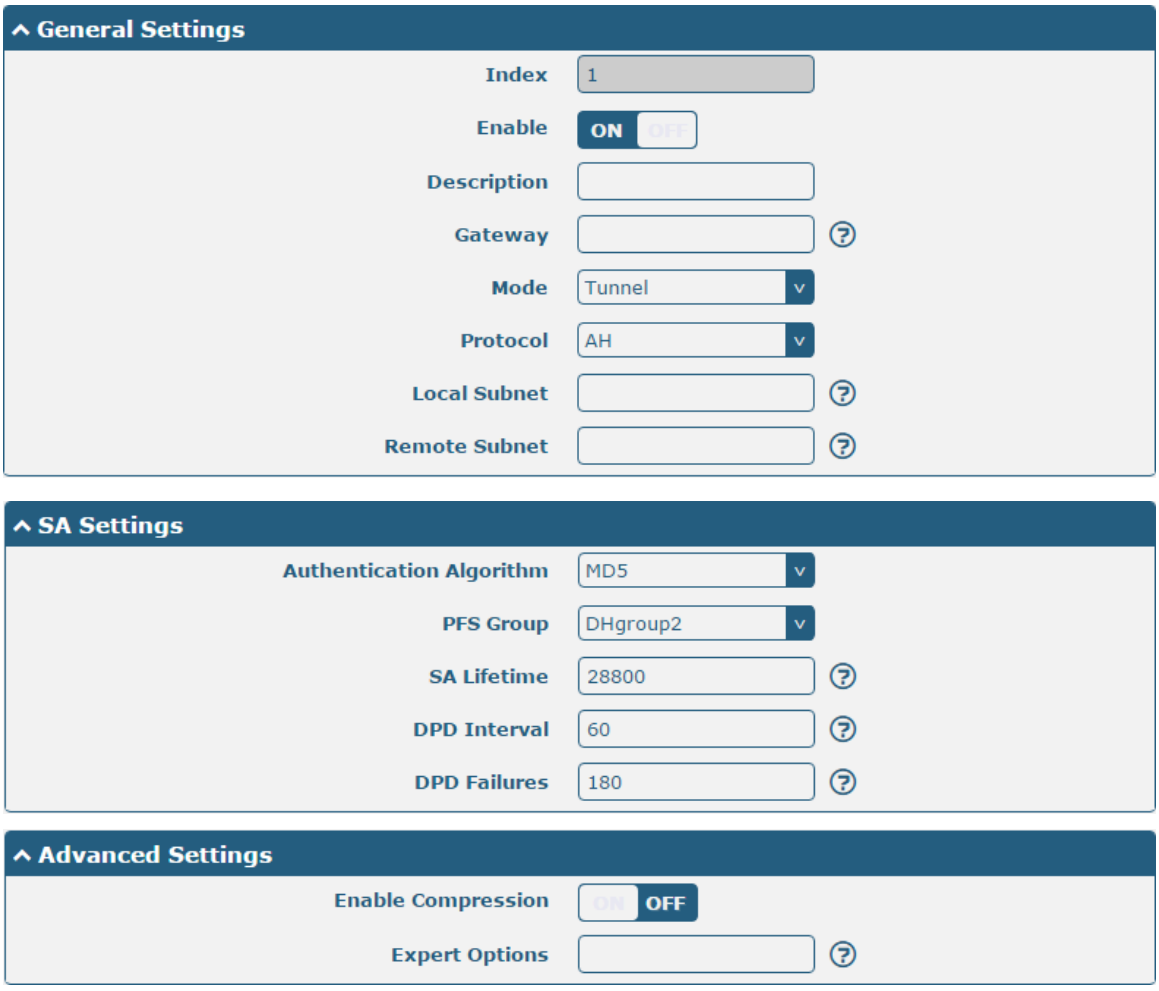
IKE Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
IKE Type	Select from IKE v1 and IKE v2.	IKE v1
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "Aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as long as the username and password are correct.	Main
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in IKE negotiation.	MD5

IKE Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Encryption Algorithm	Select from “3DES”, “AES128” and “AES256”to be used in IKE negotiation. • 3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode • AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode • AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	3DES
IKE DH Group	Select from “DHgroup2”, “DHgroup5”, “DHgroup14”, “DHgroup15”, “DHgroup16”, “DHgroup17” or “DHgroup18” to be used in key negotiation phase 1.	DHgroup2
Authentication Type	Select from “PSK”, “CA”, “xAuth PSK” and “xAuth CA” to be used in IKE negotiation. • PSK: Pre-shared Key • CA: Certification Authority • xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server	PSK
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null
Local ID Type	Select from “Default”, “FQDN” and “User FQDN” for IKE negotiation. • Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation • FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com. • User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name string with a sign “@” for the local security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	Default
Remote ID Type	Select from “Default”, “FQDN” and “User FQDN” for IKE negotiation. • Default: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation • FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com. • User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name string with a sign “@” for the local security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	Default
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the “CA” and “xAuth CA” authentication types.	Null
Username	Enter the username used for the “xAuth PSK” and “xAuth CA” authentication types.	Null
Password	Enter the password used for the “xAuth PSK” and “xAuth CA” authentication types.	Null
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	86400

If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.



If choose **AH** as protocol, the window of SA Settings is displayed as below.

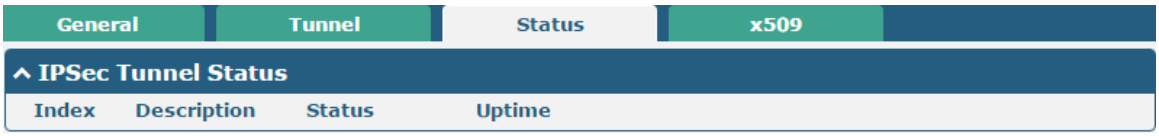


SA Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from “3DES”, “AES128” or “AES256” when you select “ESP” in “Protocol”. Higher security means more complex implementation and lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high confidentiality and security are required.	3DES
Authentication Algorithm	Select from “MD5”, “SHA1”, “SHA2 256” or “SHA2 512” to be used in SA negotiation.	MD5

SA Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
PFS Group	Select from “DHgroup2”, “DHgroup5”, “DHgroup14”, “DHgroup15”, “DHgroup16”, “DHgroup17” or “DHgroup18” to be used in SA negotiation.	DHgroup2
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating to set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by the peer.	28800
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is received from the peer. DPD is a Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD checks the time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.	60
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.	180
Advanced Settings		
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress the inner headers of IP packets.	OFF
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. protostack=netkey;plutodebug=none	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.



x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.

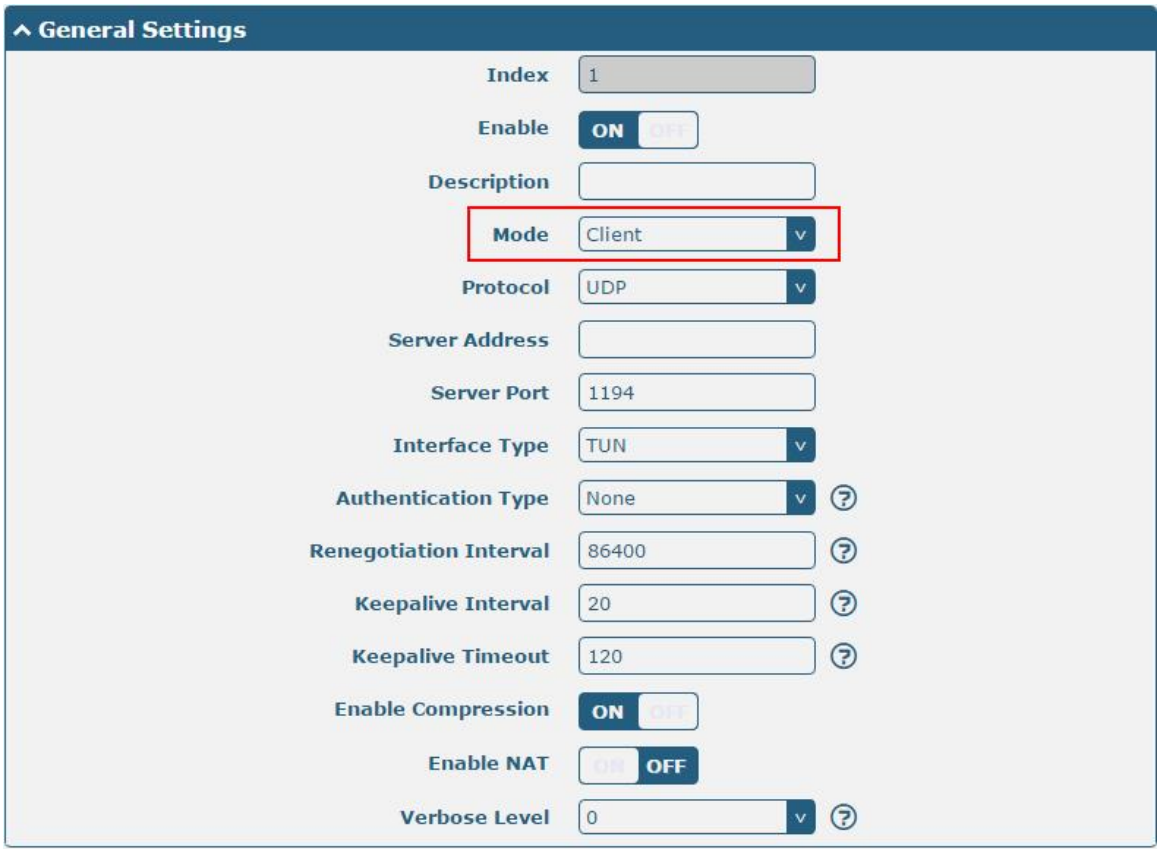
x509		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
X509 Settings		
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1
Local Certificate	Click on “Choose File” to upload a local certificate file from your computer, and then import this file into your router. The correct file format is displayed as follows: @ca.crt @remote.crt @local.crt @private.key @crl.pem	Null
Remote Certificate	Click on “Choose File” to upload a remote certificate file from your computer, and then import this file into your router.	Null
Private Key	Click on “Choose File” to upload a private key from your computer	Null
Certificate Files		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
File Name	Show the imported certificate’s name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Modification Time	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

3.18 VPN > OpenVPN

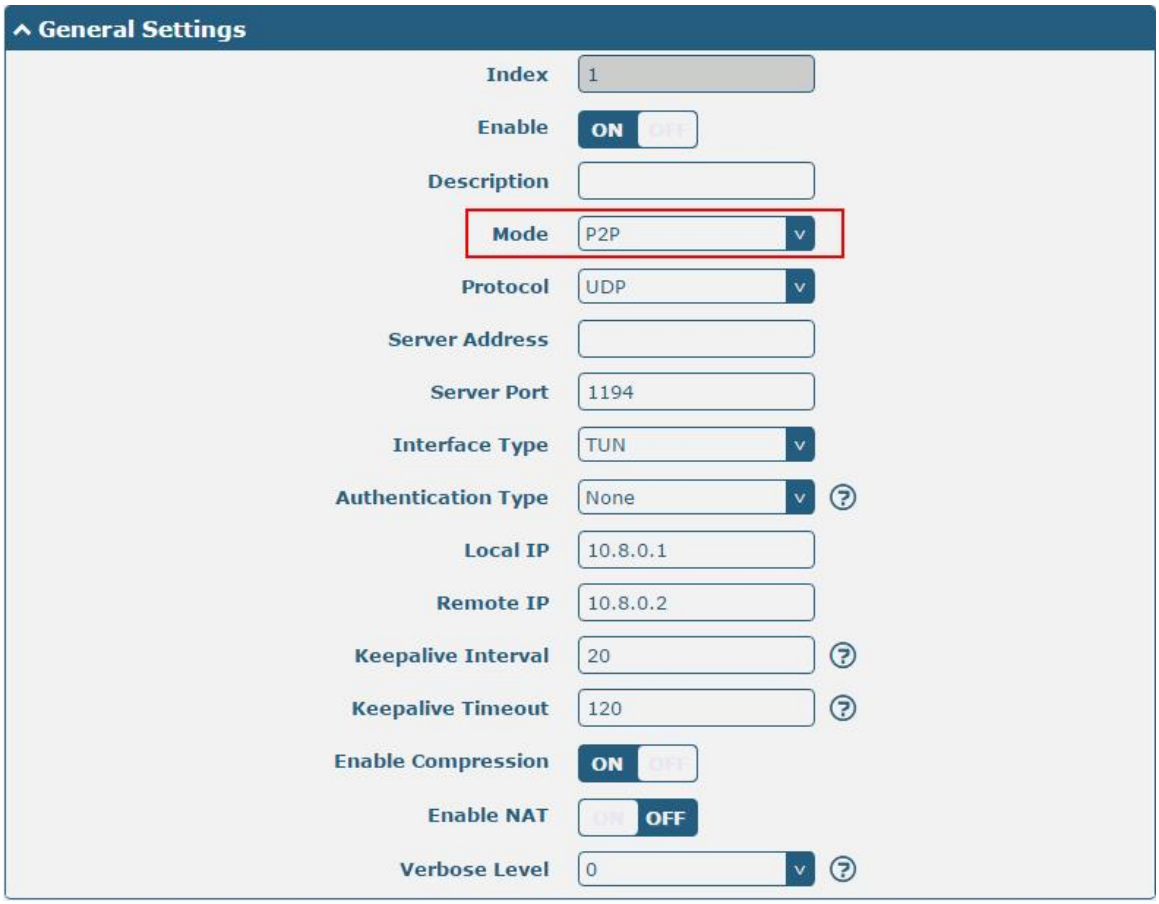
This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

OpenVPN

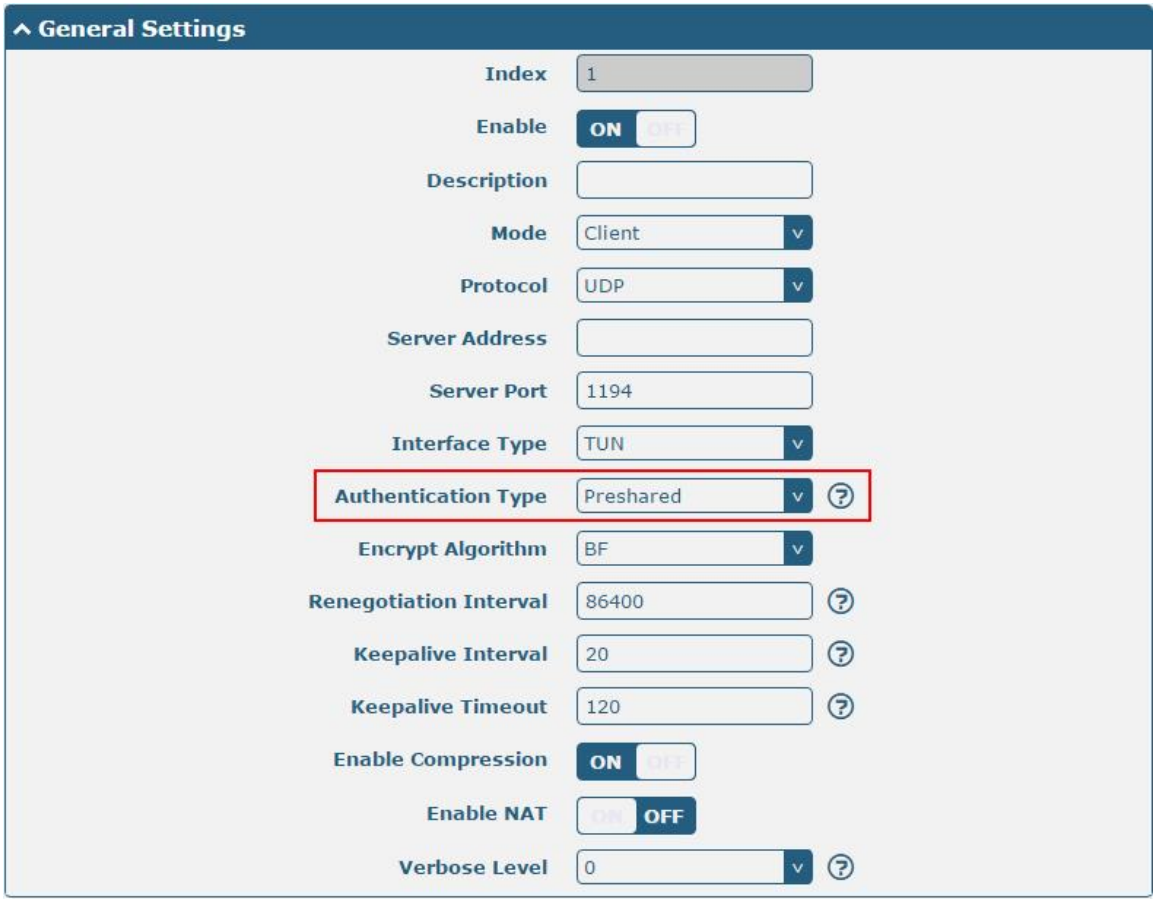
Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3. The window is displayed as below when choosing "None" as the authentication type. By default, the mode is "Client".



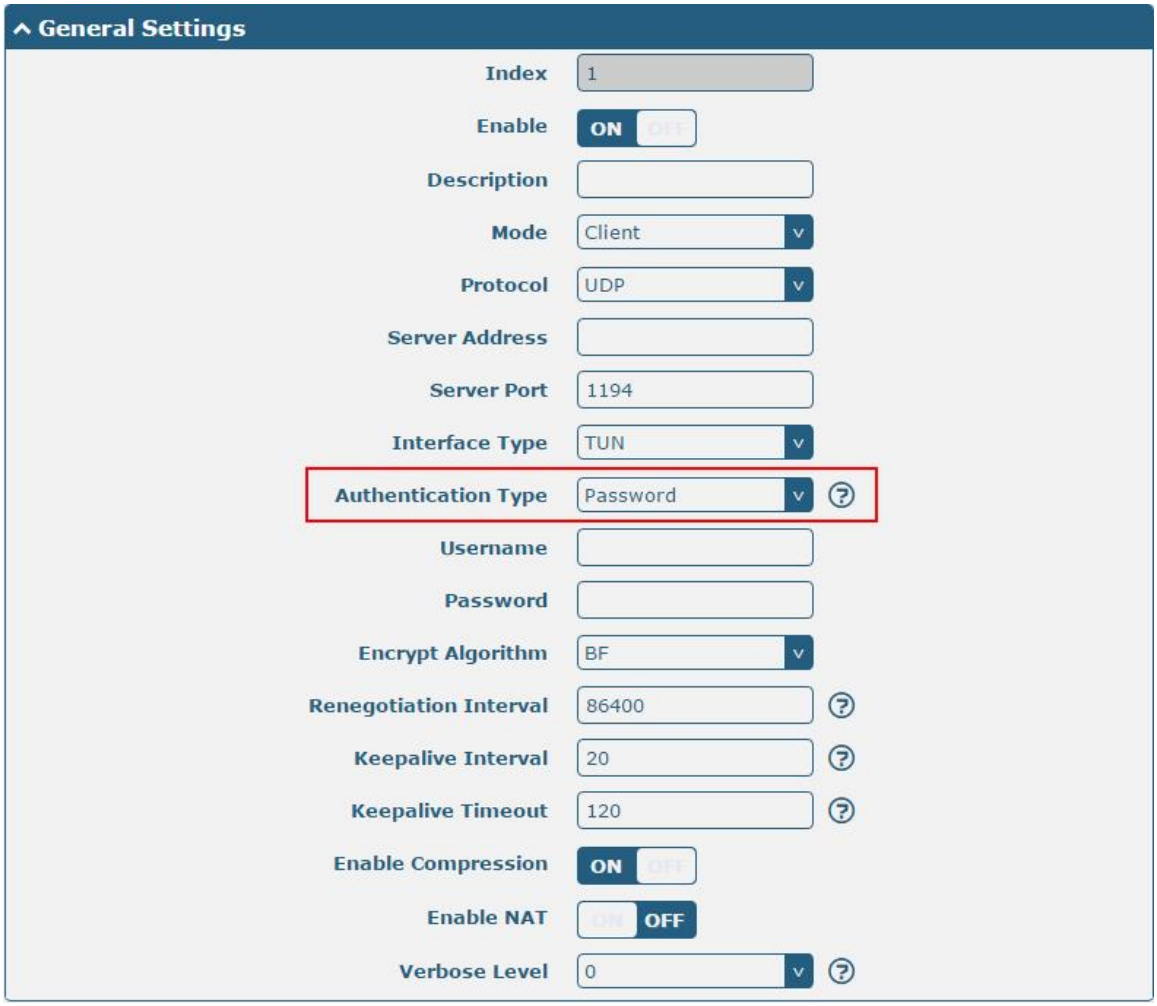
The window is displayed as below when choosing “P2P” as the mode.



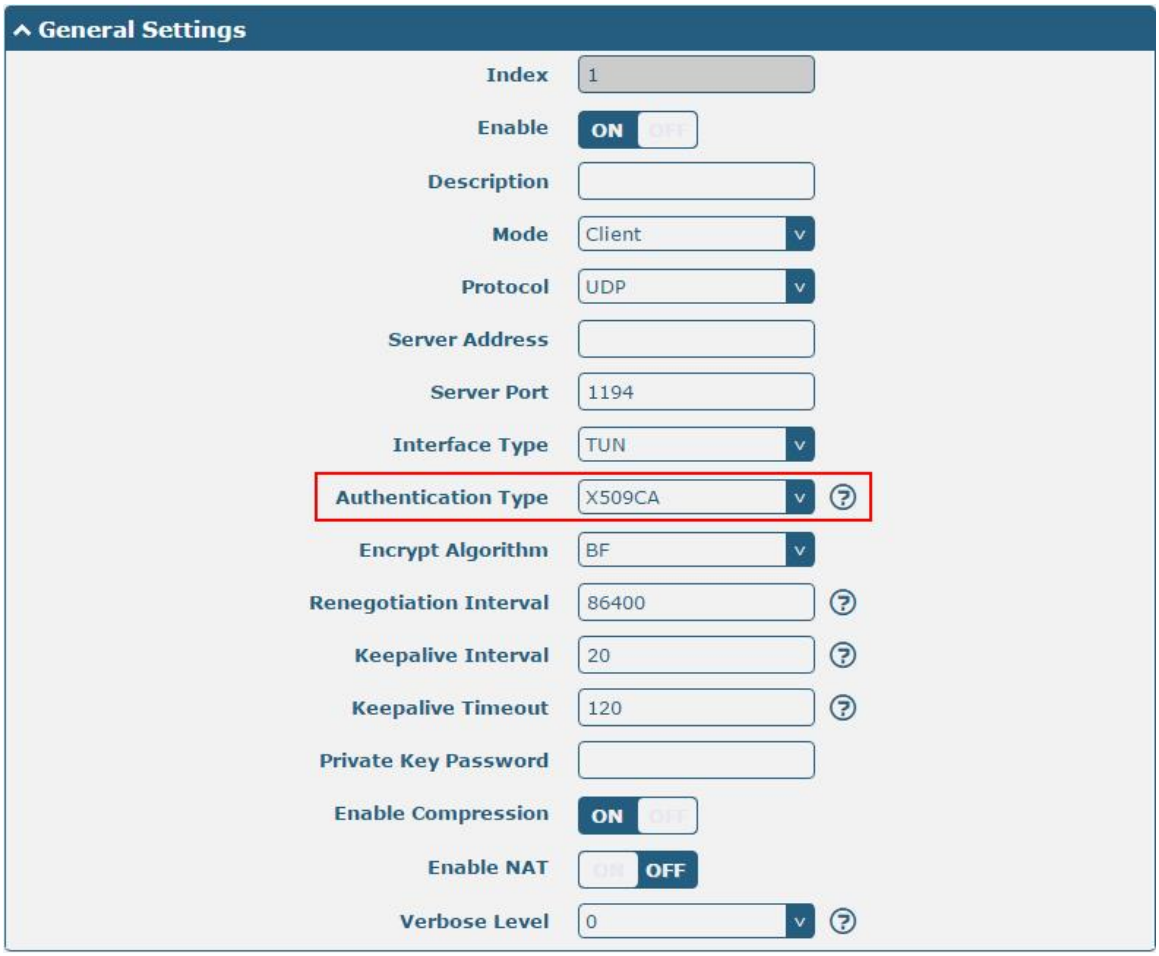
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Preshared” as the authentication type.



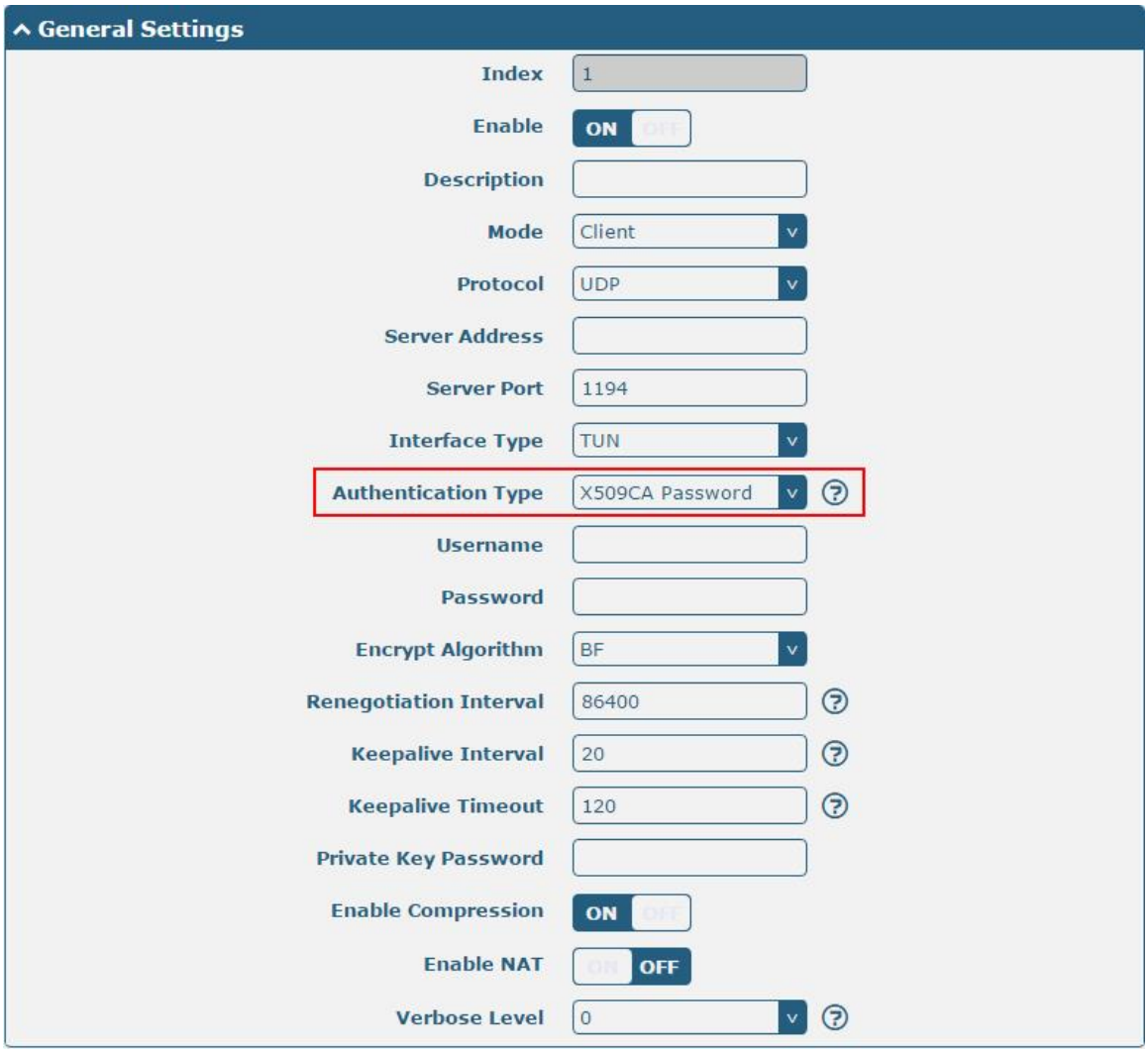
The window is displayed as below when choosing “Password” as the authentication type.



The window is displayed as below when choosing “X509CA” as the authentication type.

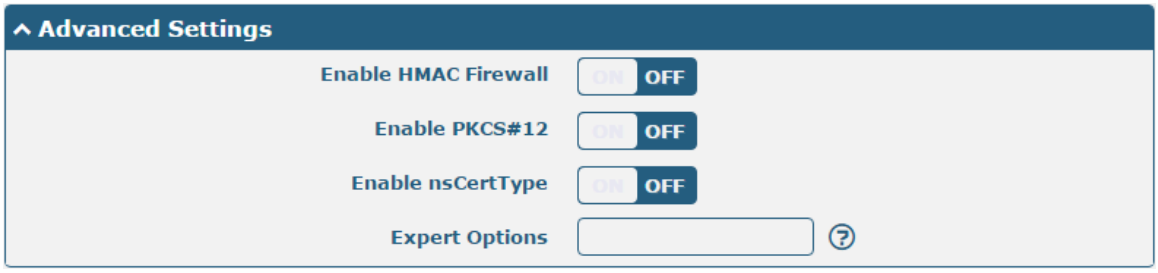


The window is displayed as below when choosing “X509CA Password” as the authentication type.



General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null
Mode	Select from “P2P” or “Client”.	Client
Protocol	Select from “UDP”, “TCP-Client” or “TCP-Server”.	UDP
Server Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN server.	Null
Server Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listener port of the OpenVPN server.	1194
Interface Type	Select from “TUN”, “TAP” which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	TUN

General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Authentication Type	Select from “None”, “Preshared”, “Password”, “X509CA” and “X509CA Password”. **Note**: “None” and “Preshared” authentication type are only working with P2P mode.	None
Username	Enter the username used for “Password” or “X509CA Password” authentication type.	Null
Password	Enter the password used for “Password” or “X509CA Password” authentication type.	Null
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from “BF”, “DES”, “DES-EDE3”, “AES128”, “AES192” and “AES256”. • BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode • DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode • DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode • AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode • AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode • AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode	BF
Renegotiation Interval	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.	86400
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.	120
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under the “X509CA” and “X509CA Password” authentication type.	Null
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress the data stream of the header.	ON
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	OFF
Verbose Level	Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11. • 0: No output except fatal errors • 1~4: Normal usage range • 5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read and write • 6~11: Debug info range	0



Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable HMAC Firewall	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to protect against DoS attacks.	OFF
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe personal identity information.	OFF
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".	OFF
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can be separated by a ';'.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.

x509

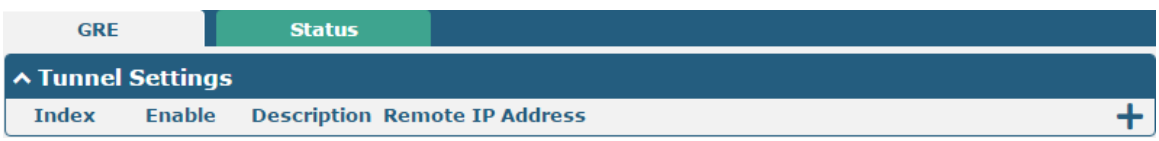
User can upload the X509 certificates for the OpenVPN in this section.

x509		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
X509 Settings		
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1
Root CA	Click on "Choose File" to upload root CA.	Null
Certificate File	Click on "Choose File" to upload certificate file.	Null
Private Key	Click on "Choose File" to upload private key.	Null
TLS-Auth Key	Click on "Choose File" to upload TLS-AutH key.	Null
PKCS#12 Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to upload PKCS#12 Certificate.	Null
Pre-share Key	Click on "Choose File" to upload Pre-share Key.	Null
Certificate Files		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Modification Time	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

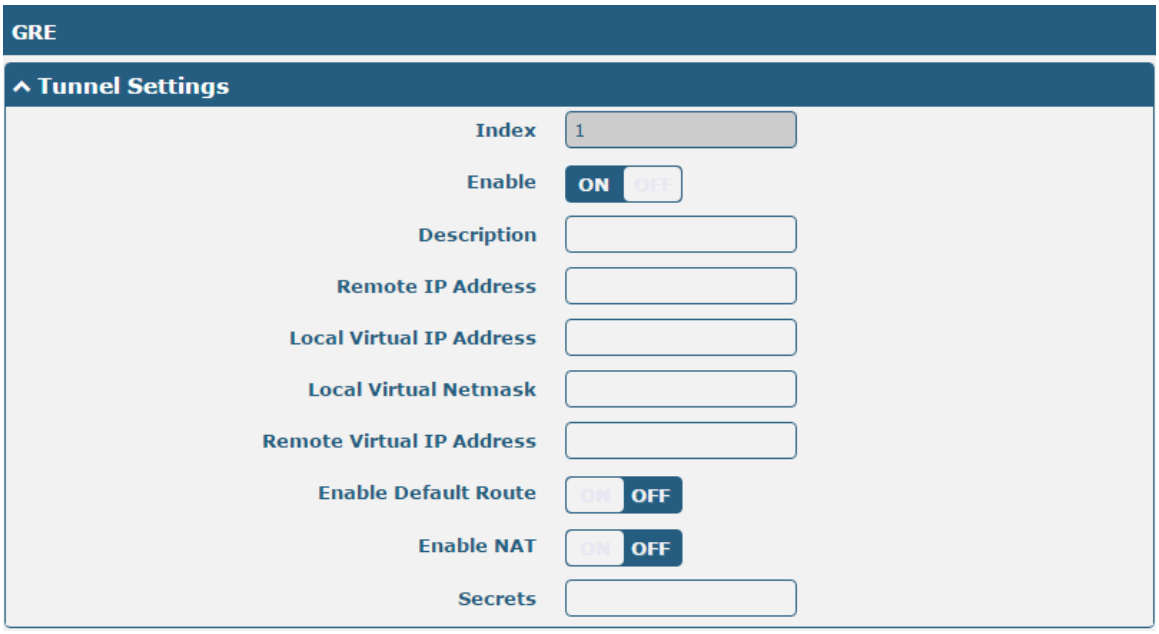
3.19 VPN > GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network.

GRE



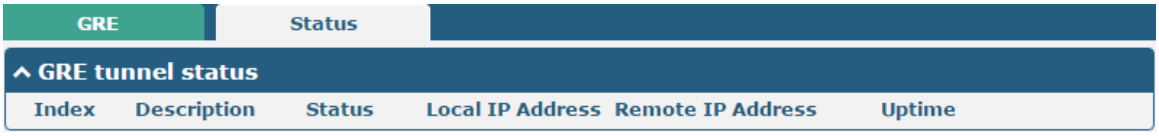
Click + to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.



Tunnel Settings @ GRE		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Virtual IP Address	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, all the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.	OFF
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	Disable
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null

Status

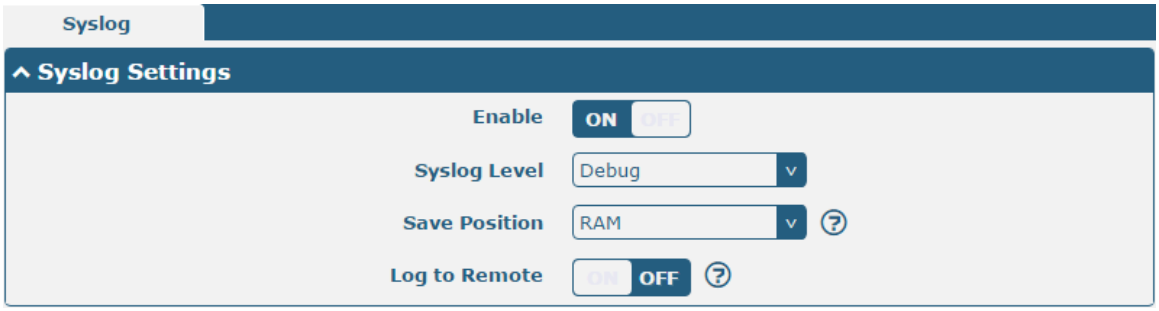
This section allows you to view the status of GRE tunnel.



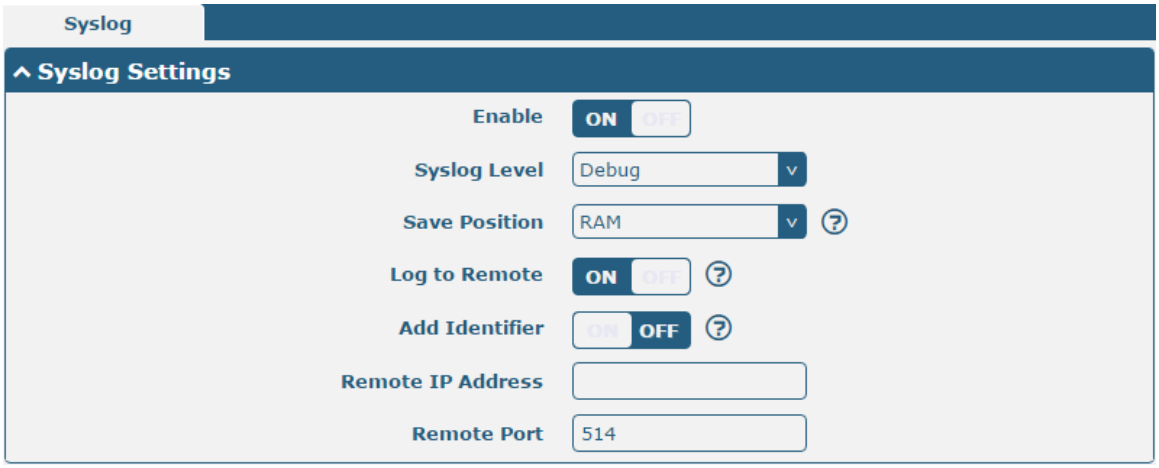
3.20 Services > Syslog

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also

supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the “Log to Remote” option is disabled.



The window is displayed as below when enabling the “Log to Remote” option.

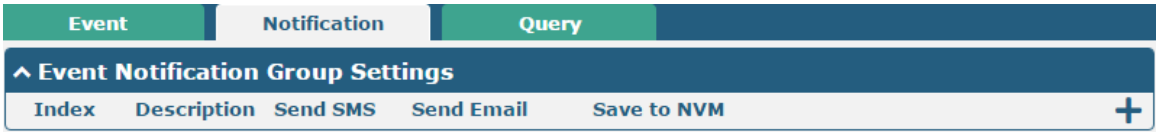


Syslog Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	OFF
Syslog Level	Select from “Debug”, “Info”, “Notice”, “Warning” or “Error”, which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	Debug
Save Position	Select the save position from “RAM”, “NVM” or “Console”. Choose “RAM”, the data will be cleared after reboot. **Note**: It's not recommended that saving syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory) for a long time.	RAM
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.	OFF
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	OFF
Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the “Log to Remote” option.	Null
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the “Log to Remote” option.	514

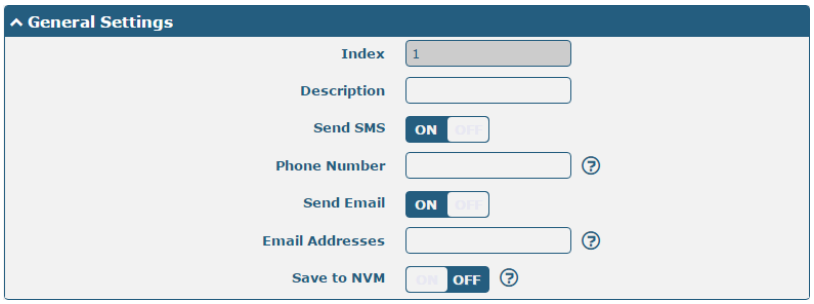
3.21 Services > Event

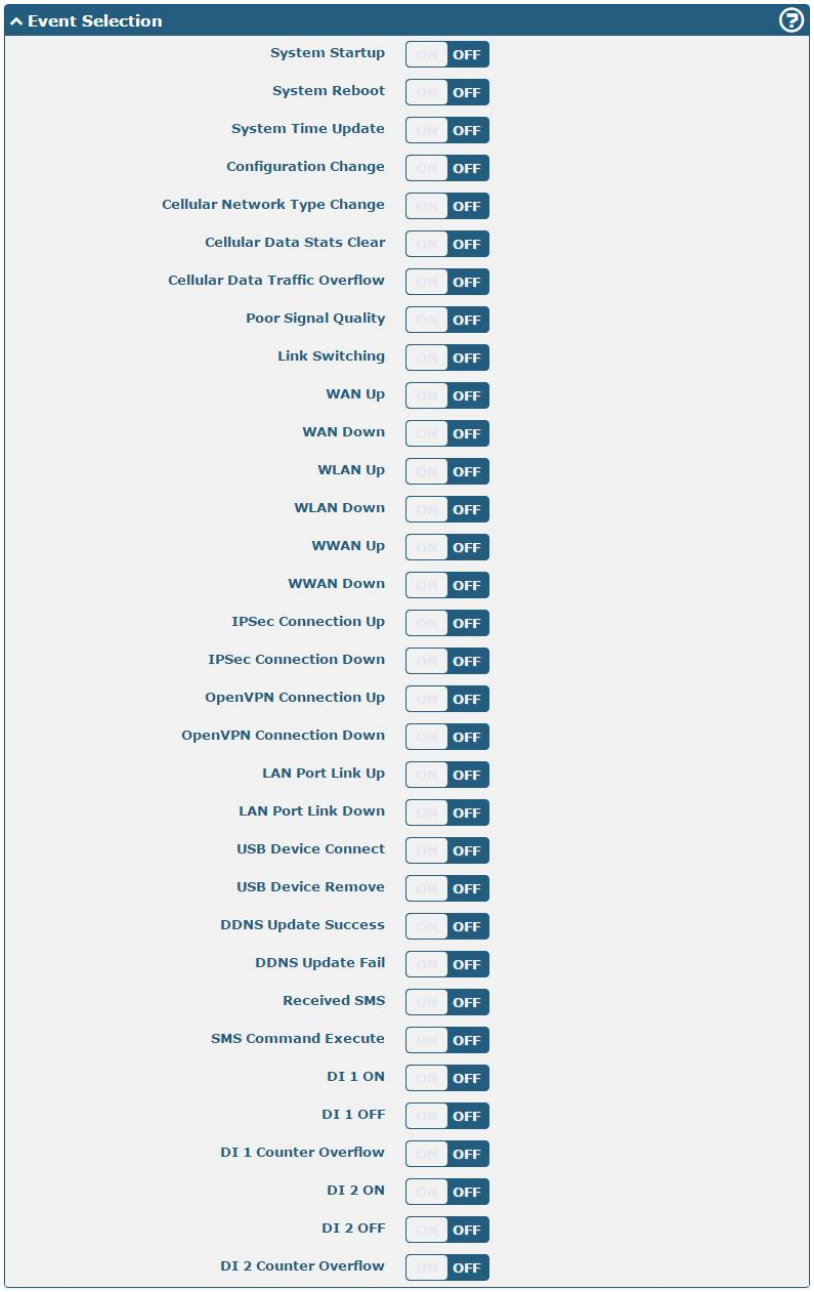
This section allows you to set the event parameters. Event feature provides an ability to send alerts by SMS or Email when certain system events occur.

General Settings @ Event		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable this option.	0



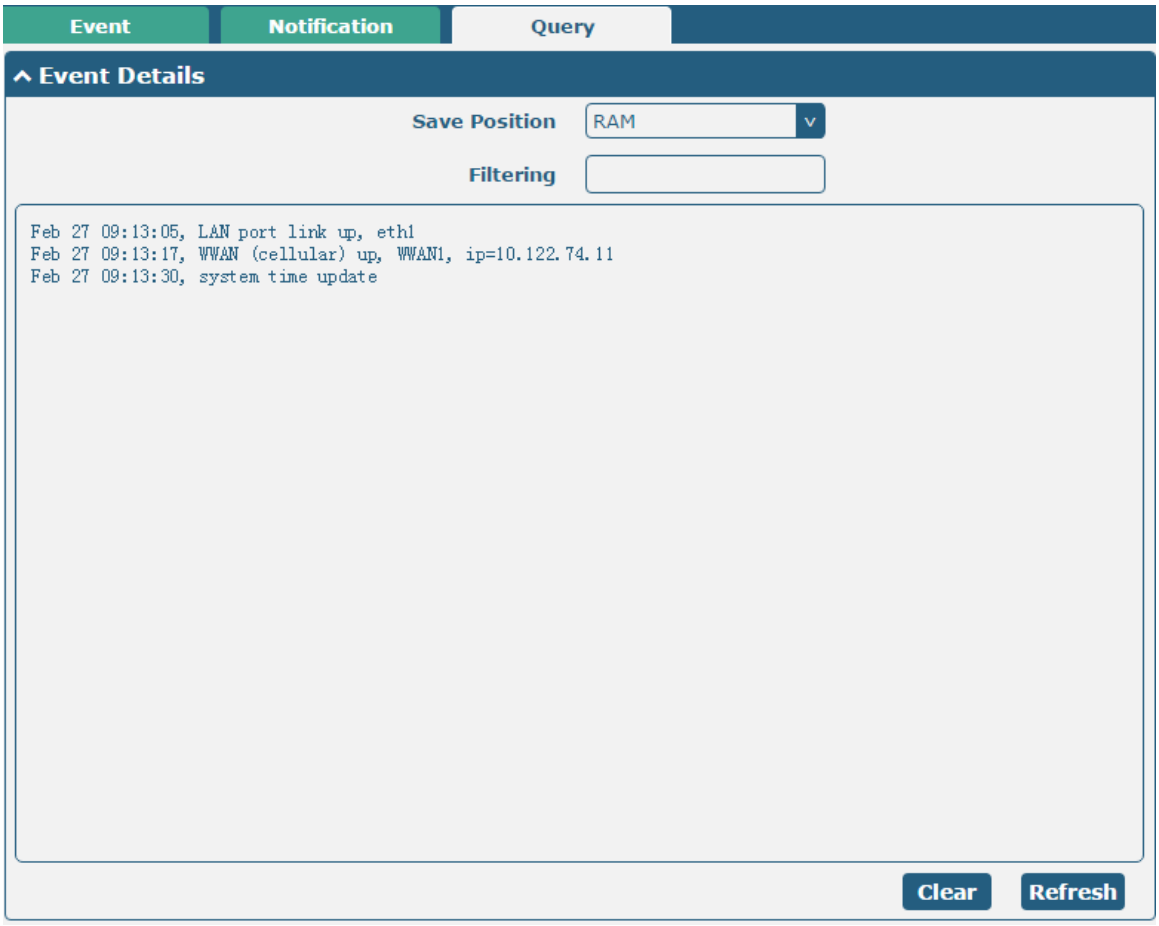
Click + button to add an Event parameters.





General Settings @ Notification		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs. Set the related phone number in "3.24 Services > Email", and use ';'to separate each number.	OFF
Phone Number	Enter the phone numbers used for receiving event notification. Use a semicolon (;) to separate each number.	Null
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs. Set the related email address in "3.24 Services > Email".	OFF
Email Address	Enter the email addresses used for receiving event notification. Use a space to separate each address.	Null
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to nonvolatile memory.	OFF

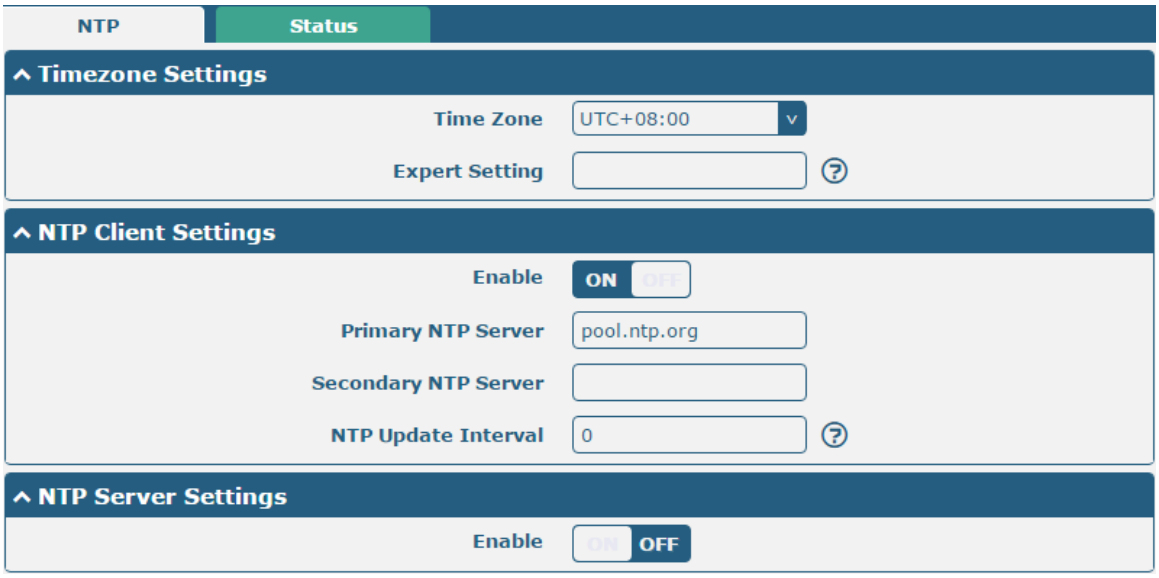
In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.



Event Details		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM". • RAM: Random-access memory • NVM: Non-Volatile Memory	RAM
Filter Message	Event will be filtered according to the Filter Message that the user set. Click the "Refresh" button, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to separate more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	Null

3.22 Services > NTP

This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.



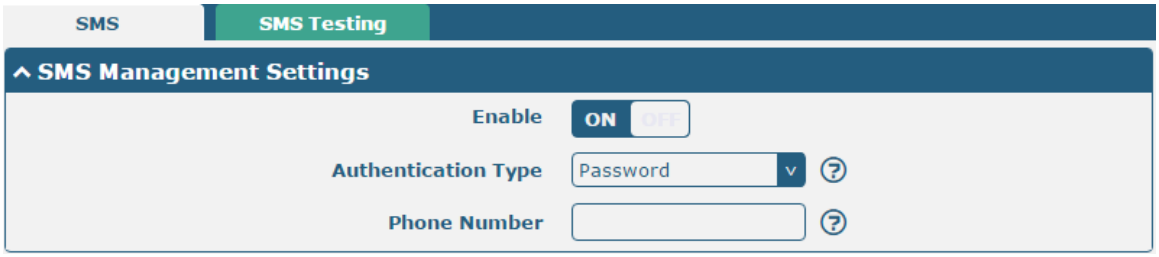
NTP		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Timezone Settings		
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.	UTC +08:00
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case.	Null
NTP Client Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to synchronize time with the NTP server.	ON
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) which NTP client synchronize the time from NTP server. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only once.	0

NTP Server Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable the NTP server option.	OFF

This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with PC's.

3.23 Services > SMS

This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **4.2.2 SMS Remote Control**.



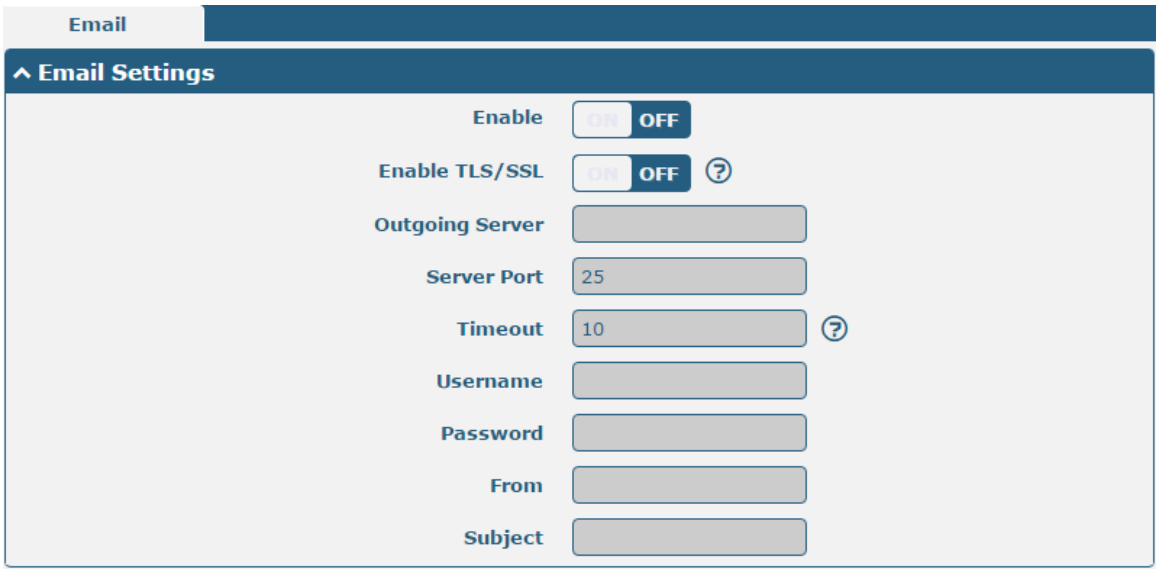
SMS Management Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option. **Note**: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	ON
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both". • Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2; …" **Note:** Set the WEB manager password in **System > User Management** section. • Phonenum: Use the Phone number for authenticating, and user should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2; …" • Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2; …"	Password
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use '; 'to separate each number. **Note**: It can be null when choose "Password" as the authentication type.	Null

User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.

SMS Testing		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	--

3.24 Services > Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.

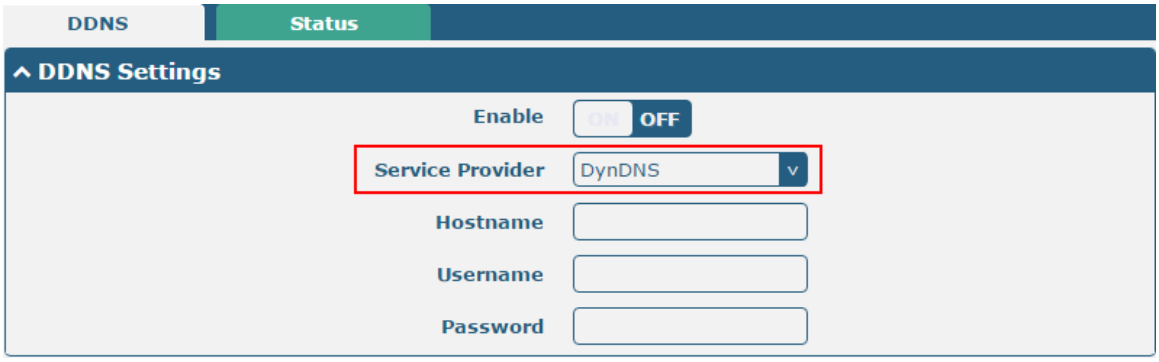


Email Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF

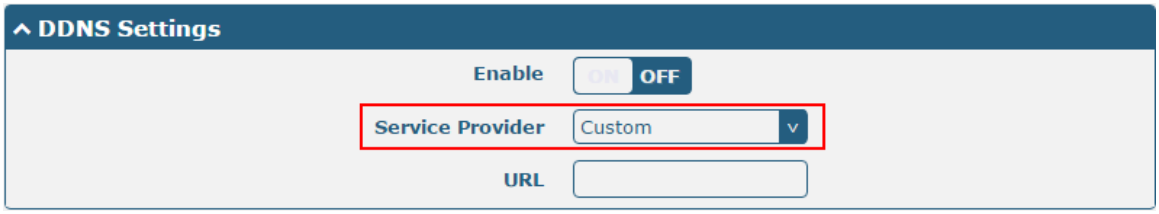
Email Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	10
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

3.25 Services > DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allows you whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP. The service provider defaults to "DynDNS", as shown below.



When "Custom" service provider chosen, the window is displayed as below.



DDNS Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP" or "3322". **Note:** the DDNS service only can be used after registered by Corresponding service provider.	DynDNS

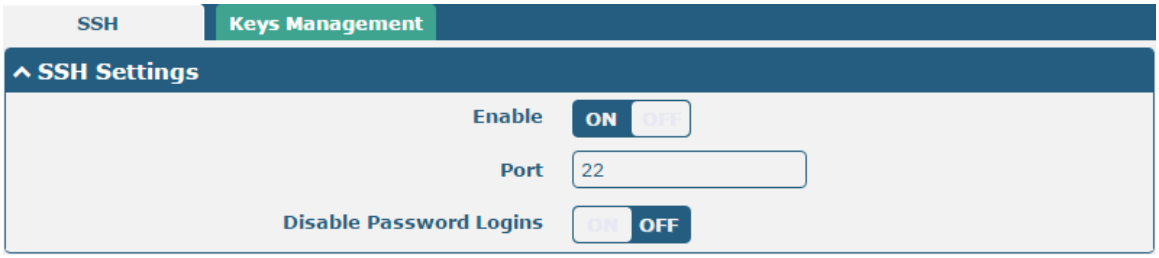
Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null

Click “Status” bar to view the status of the DDNS.

DDNS Status	
Item	**Description**
Status	Display the current status of the DDNS.
Last Update Time	Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.

3.26 Services > SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.

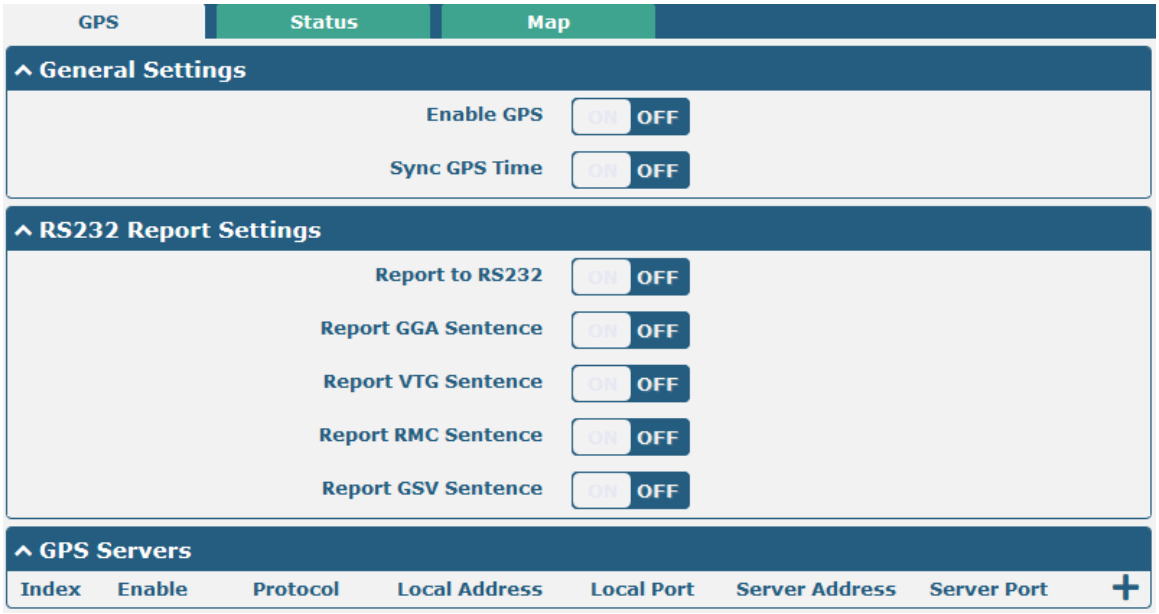


SSH Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can access the router via SSH.	OFF
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this case, only the key can be used for login.	OFF

Keys Management	
Item	**Description**
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then click "Import" to import this key into your router. **Note**: This option is valid when enabling the password logins option.

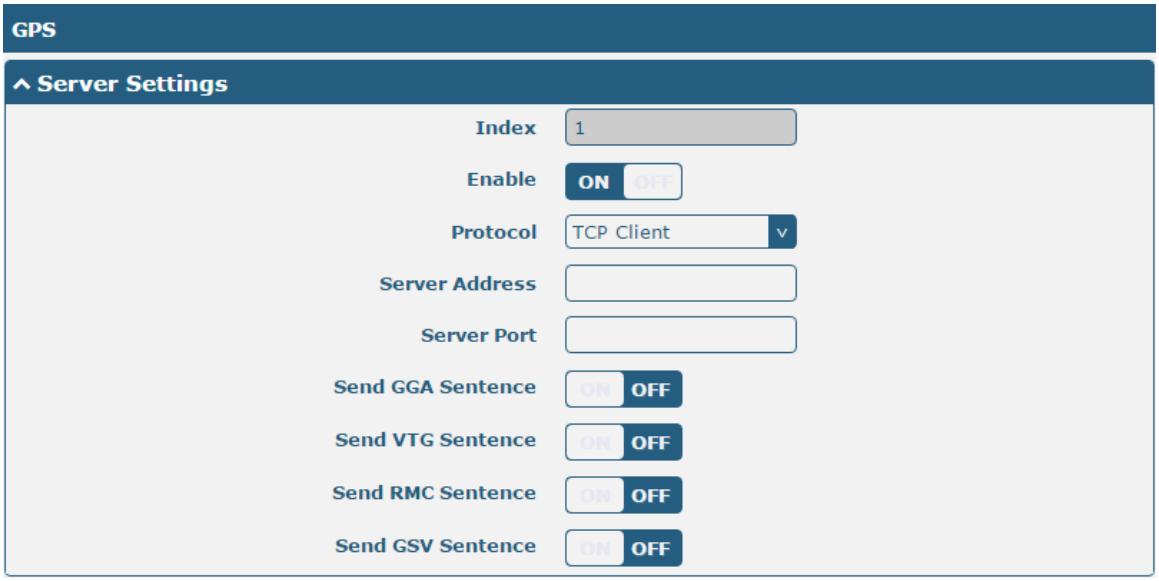
3.27 Services > GPS

This section allows you to set the GPS setting parameters.

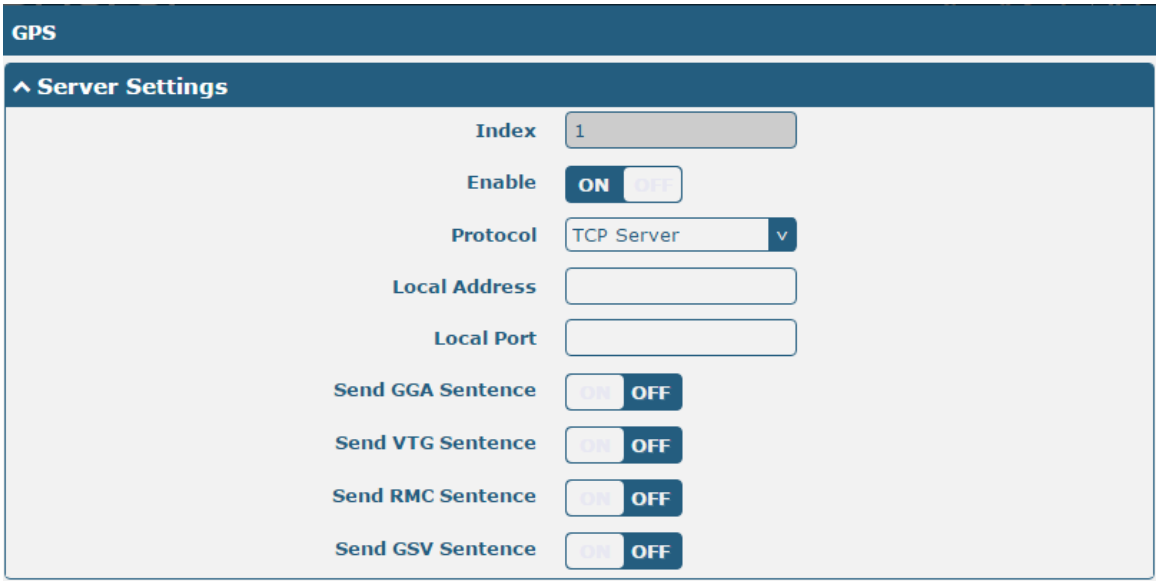


General Settings @ GPS		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Enable GPS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the GPS option.	OFF
Sync GPS Time	Click the toggle button to synchronize GPS time.	OFF
RS232 Report Settings		
Report to RS232	Click the toggle button to report to RS232.	OFF
Report GGA Sentence	Click the toggle button to report GGA sentence.	OFF
Report VTG Sentence	Click the toggle button to report VTG sentence.	OFF
Report RMC Sentence	Click the toggle button to report RMC sentence.	OFF
Report GSV Sentence	Click the toggle button to report GSV sentence.	OFF

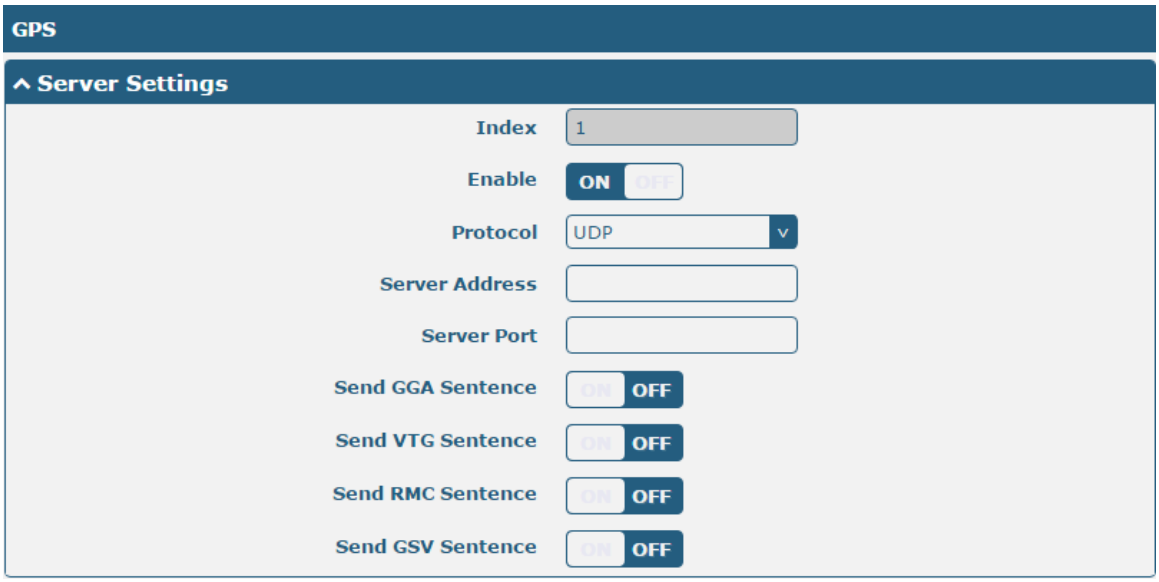
The window is displayed as below when choosing "TCP Client" as the protocol.


GPS
Server Settings
Index
1
Enable
ON
OFF
Protocol
TCP Client
Server Address
Server Port
Send GGA Sentence
ON
OFF
Send VTG Sentence
ON
OFF
Send RMC Sentence
ON
OFF
Send GSV Sentence
ON
OFF

The window is displayed as below when choosing “TCP Server” as the protocol.



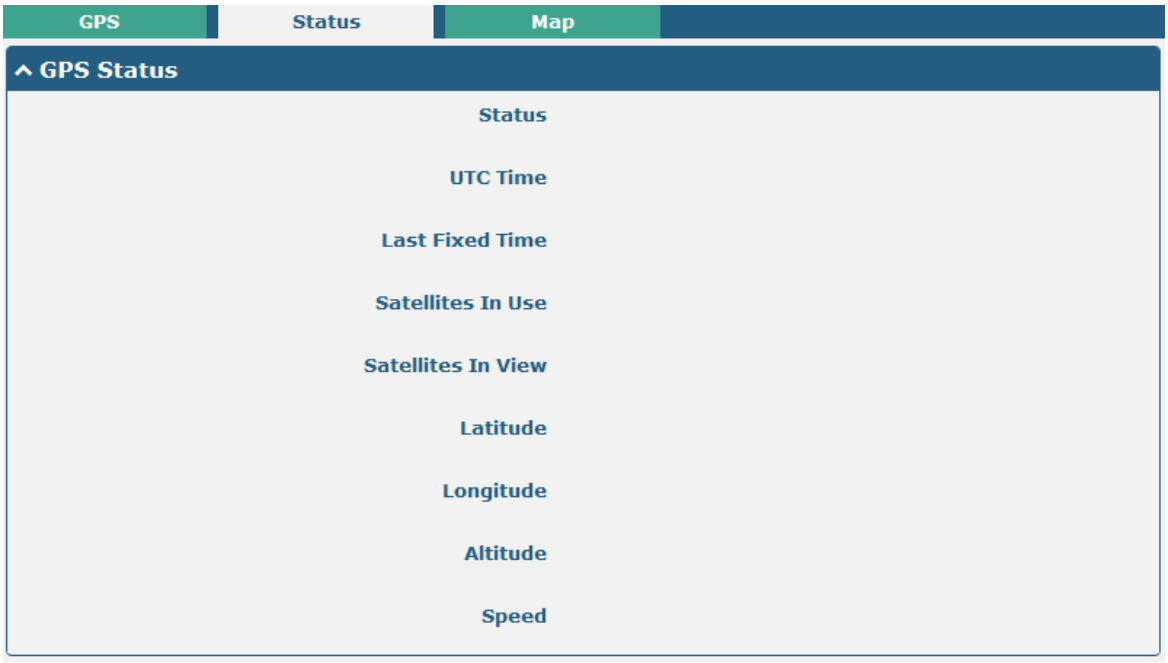
The window is displayed as below when choosing “UDP” as the protocol.



Server Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the GPS server settings.	ON
Protocol	Select from “TCP Client”, “TCP Server” or “UDP”.	TCP Client
Server Address @TCP Client	Set the address of the TCP Client.	Null
Server Port @TCP Client	Set the port of the remote TCP Server.	Null
Local Address	Set the local address when the router set as a TCP Server.	Null
Local Port	Set the local port when the router set as a TCP Server.	Null

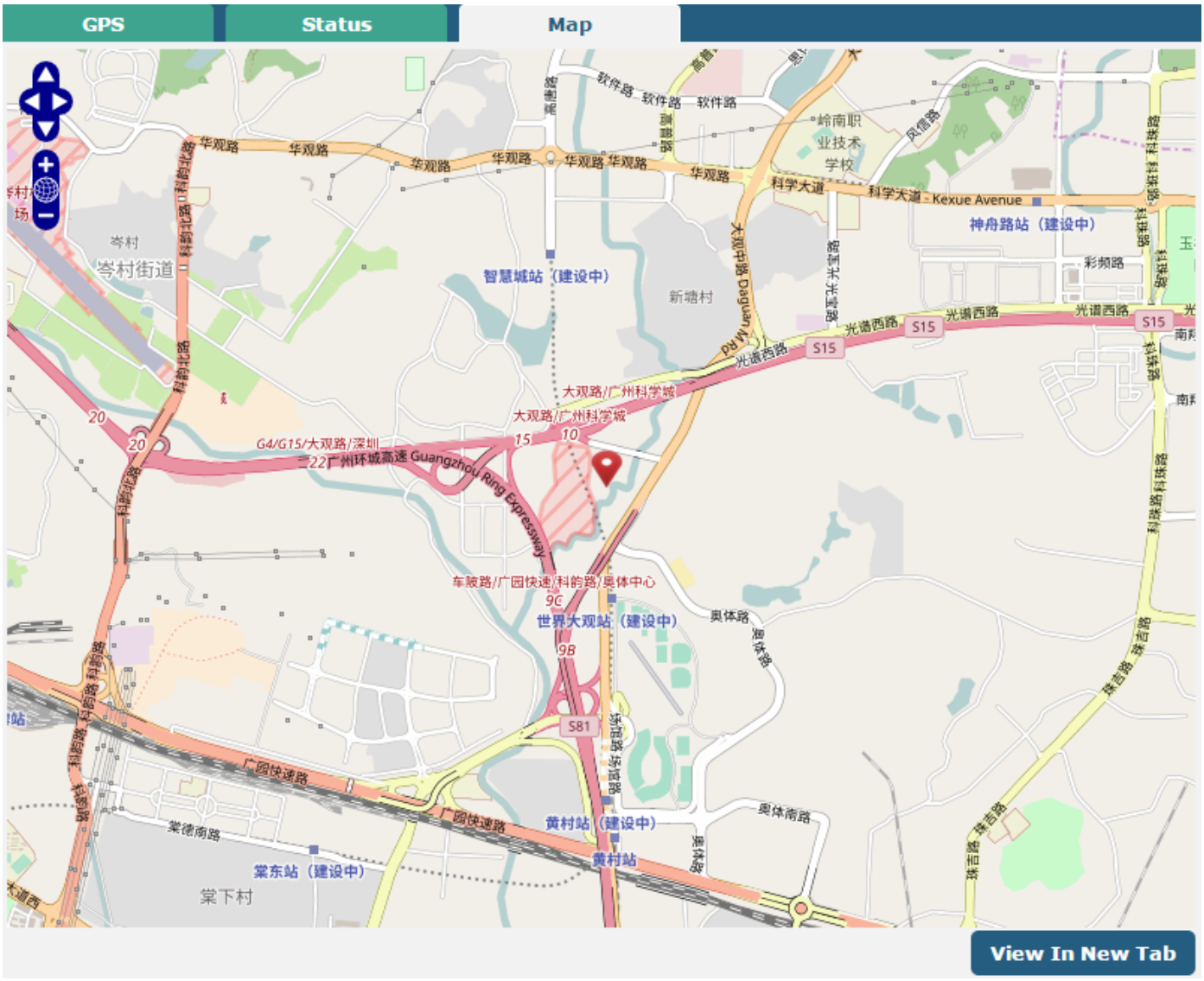
Server Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Server Address @ UDP	Set the address of the TCP Server.	Null
Server Port @ UDP	Set the port of the remote TCP Server.	Null
Send GGA Sentence	Send GGA information in NMEA format.	OFF
Send VTG Sentence	Send VTG information in NMEA format.	OFF
Send RMC Sentence	Send RMC information in NMEA format.	OFF
Send GSV Sentence	Send GSV information in NMEA format.	OFF

Click the “Status” column to view the status of the GPS.



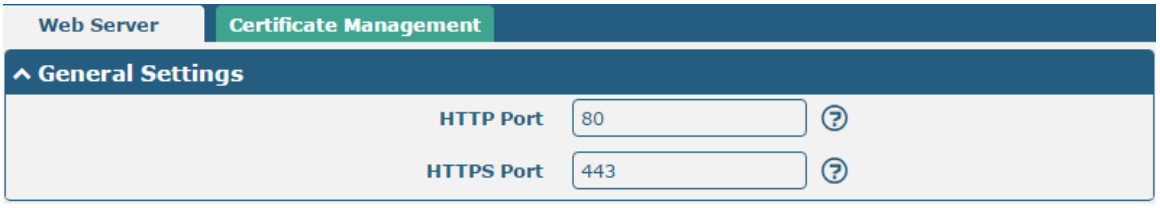
GPS Status	
Item	**Description**
Status	Show the GPS Status. GPS status includes: “NO Fix”, “2D Fix” and “3D Fix”.
UTC Time	Show the UTC of satellites, which is world unified time, not local time.
Last Fixed Time	Show the last positioning time.
Satellites In Use	Show the satellite quantity in use.
Satellite In View	Show the satellite quantity in view.
Latitude	Show the latitude status of router.
Longitude	Show the longitude status of router.
Altitude	Show the altitude status of router.
Speed	Show the horizontal speed of router.

Click the “Map” column to view the current location of the router.



3.28 Services > Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.



Basic @ Web Server		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router’s Web Server. On a Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive	80

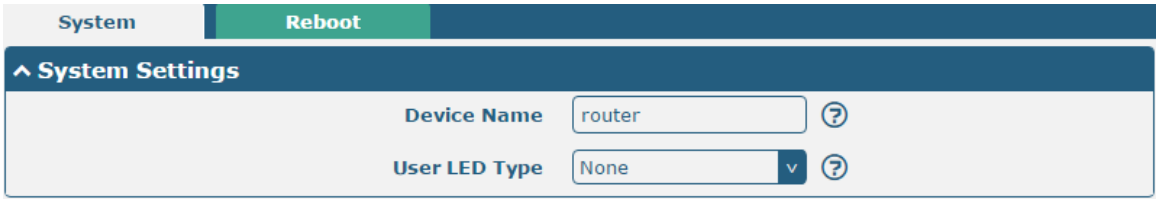
	from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web Server.	
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router's Web Server. On a Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router's Web Server. **Note**: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	443

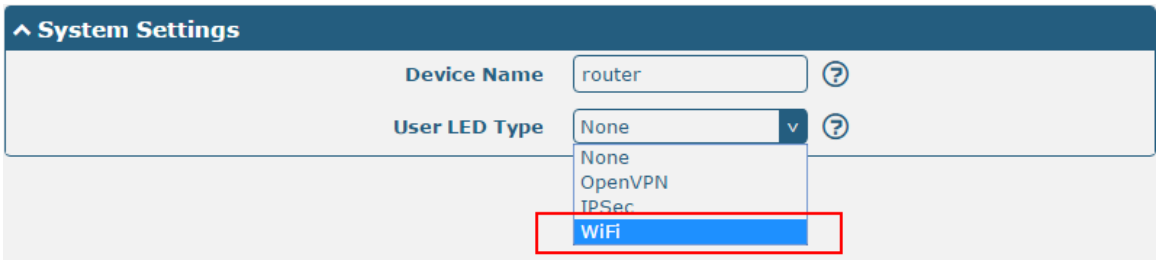
This section allows you to import the certificate file into the route.

Certificate Management		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key". • CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center • Private Key: a private key file	CA
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then click "Import" to import this file into your router.	--

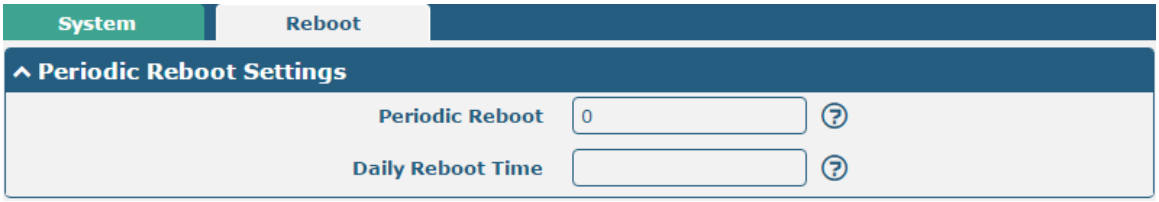
3.29 Services > Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters.





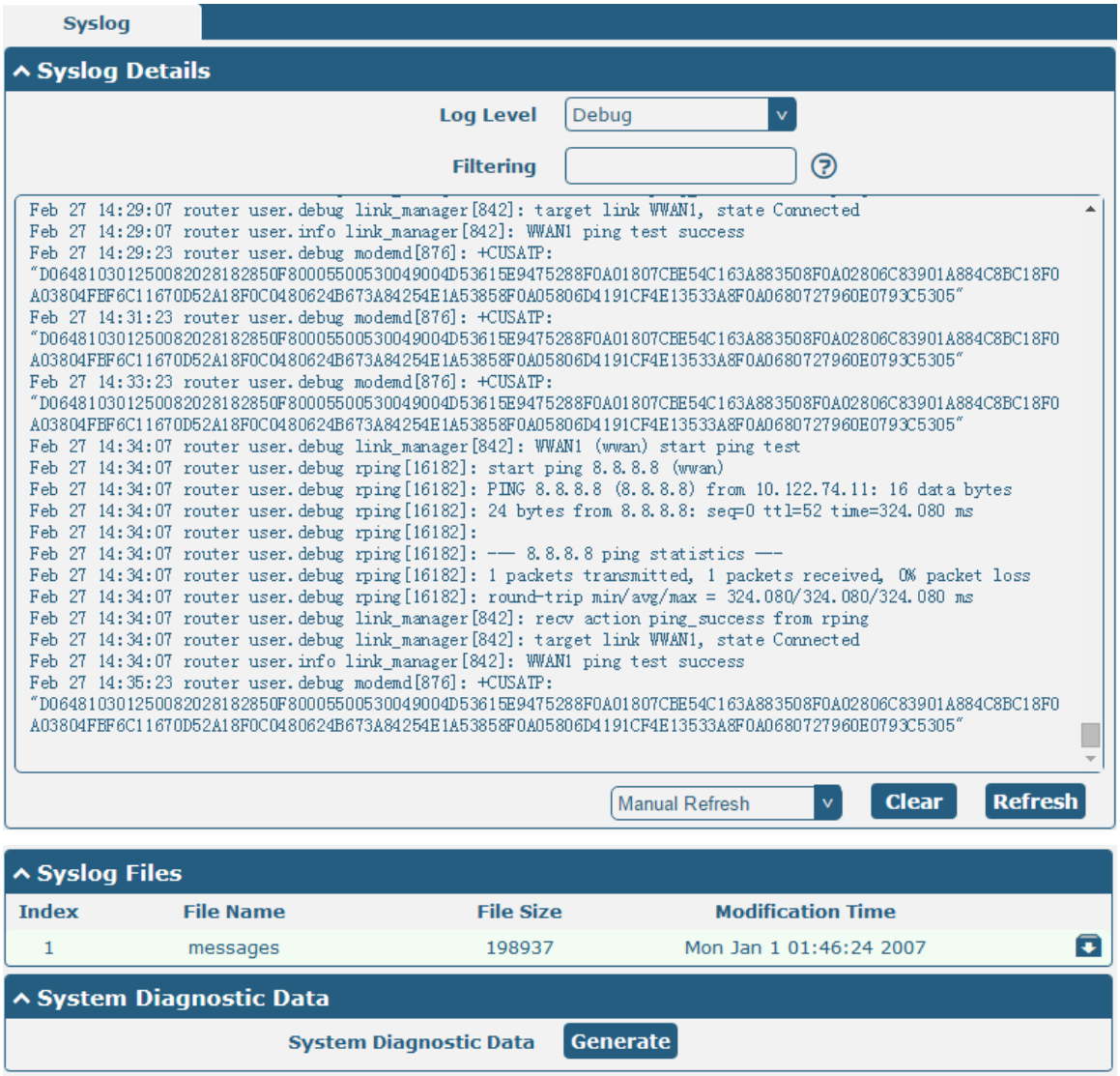
System Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, $, and *.	router
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from “None”, “OpenVPN”, “IPsec” or “WiFi”. • None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off • OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status • IPsec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status • WiFi: USR indicator showing the WiFi status **Note**: For more details about USR indicator, see “2.2 LED Indicators”.	None



Reboot		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router, you should follow the format as HH: MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means disable.	Null

3.30 System > Debug

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details.



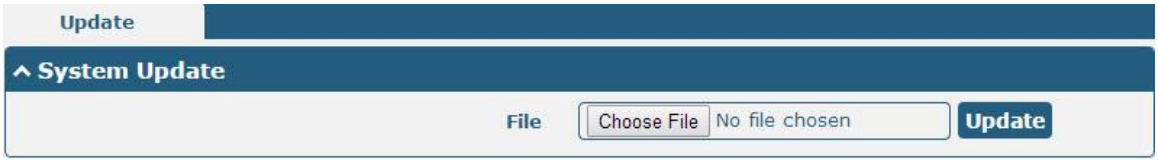
Syslog		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Syslog Details		
Log Level	Select from “Debug”, “Info”, “Notice”, “Warn”, “Error” which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	Debug
Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use “&” to separate more than one filter message, such as “keyword1&keyword2”.	Null
Refresh	Select from “Manual Refresh”, “5 Seconds”, “10 Seconds”, “20 Seconds” or “30 Seconds”. You can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed in the follow box. If selecting “manual refresh”, you should click the refresh button to refresh the syslog.	Manual Refresh
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.	--
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.	--

Syslog Files		
Syslog Files List	It can show at most 5 syslog files in the list, the files' name range from message0 to message 4. And the newest syslog file will be placed on the top of the list.	/
System Diagnosing Data		
Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.	/

3.31 System > Update

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on "Choose File" to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click "Update" to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.

Note: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.



Update		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
System Update	Click Choose File button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then click Update button to update. After updating successfully, you need to click "save and apply", and then reboot the router to take effect.	Null

3.32 System > App Center

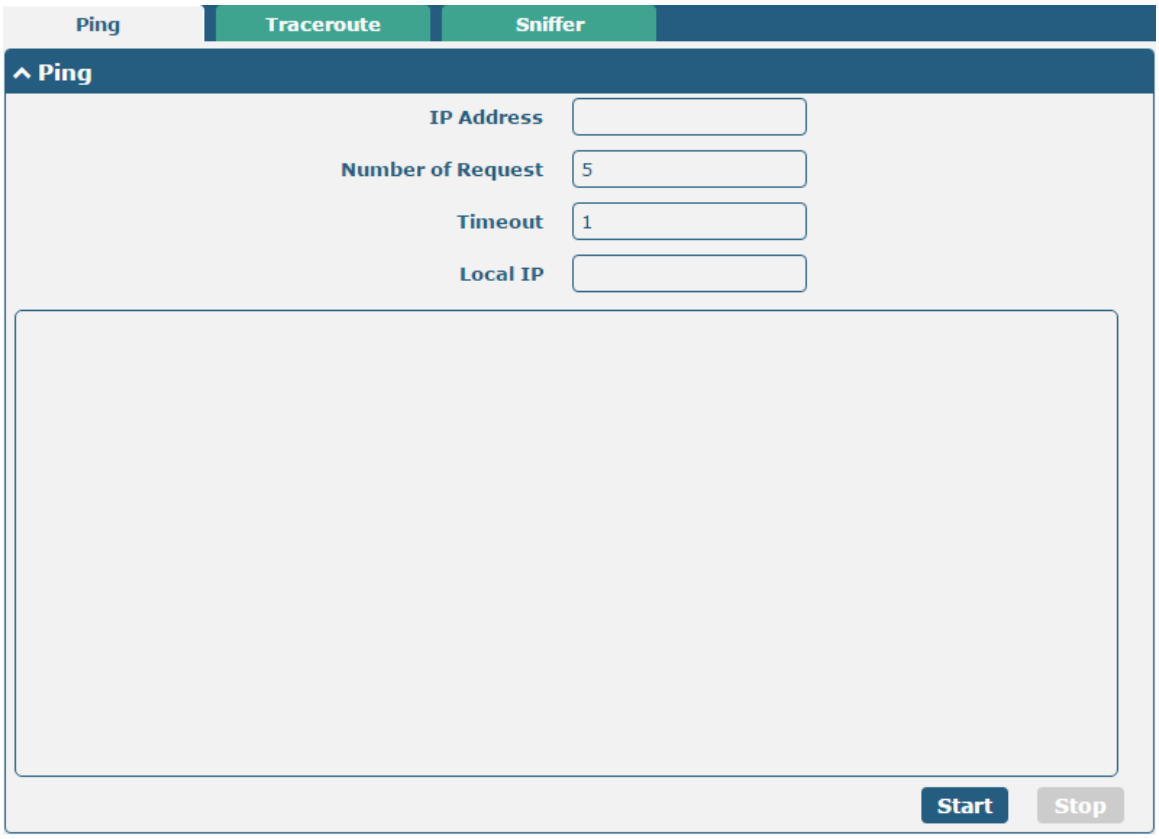
This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the App Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the "Services" menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the "VPN" menu.

Note: After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.

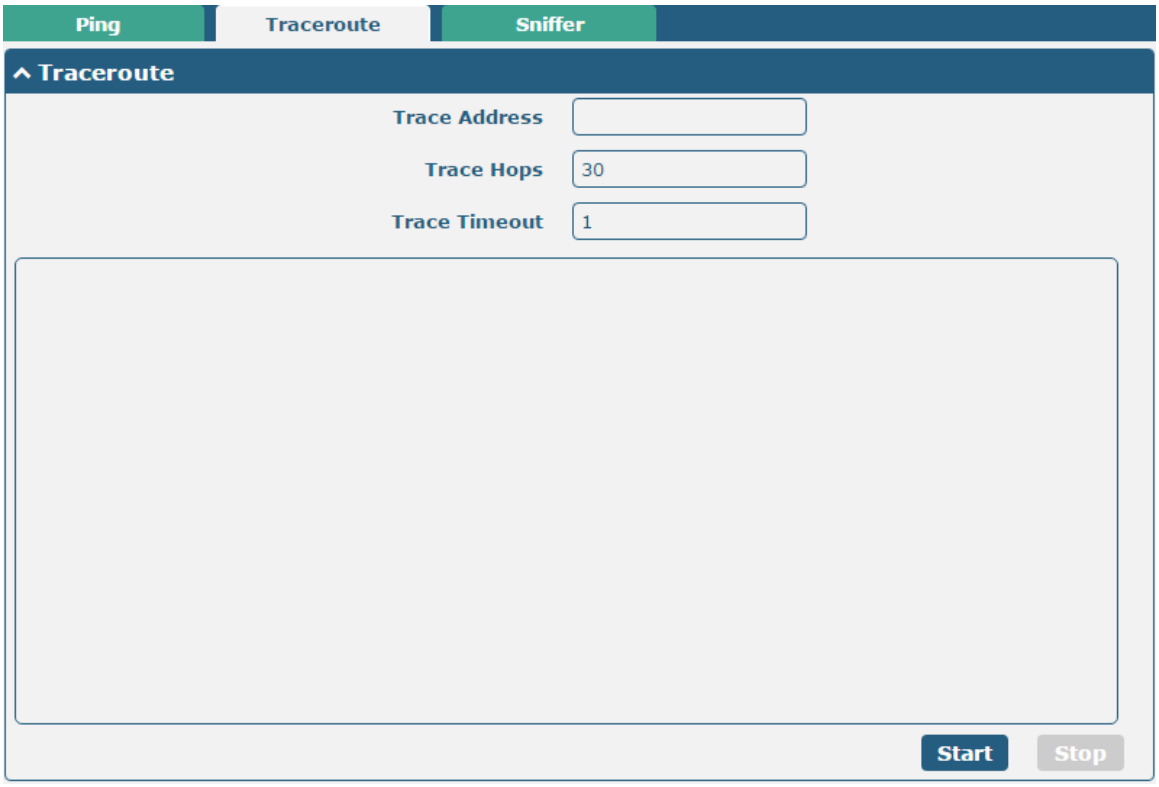
App Center		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
App Install		
File	Click on "Choose File" to locate the App file from your computer, and then click Install to import this file into your router. **Note**: File format should be *xxx.rpk*, e.g. *R3000-robustlink-1.0.0.rpk*.	--
Installed Apps		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null

3.33 System > Tools

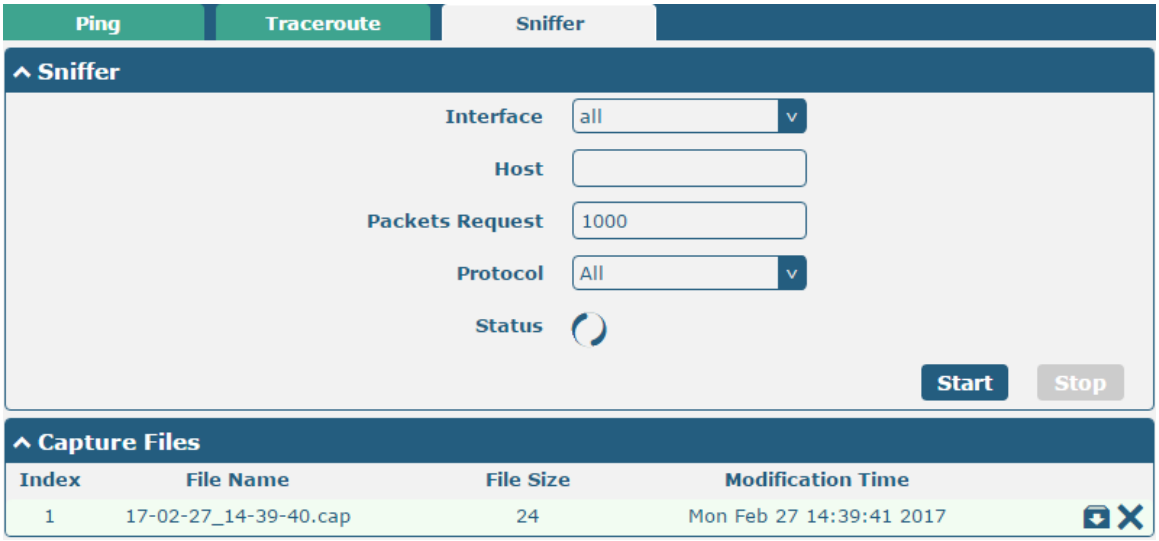
This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer.



Ping		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping request.	1
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	Null
Start	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the follow box.	Null
Stop	Click this button to stop ping request.	--



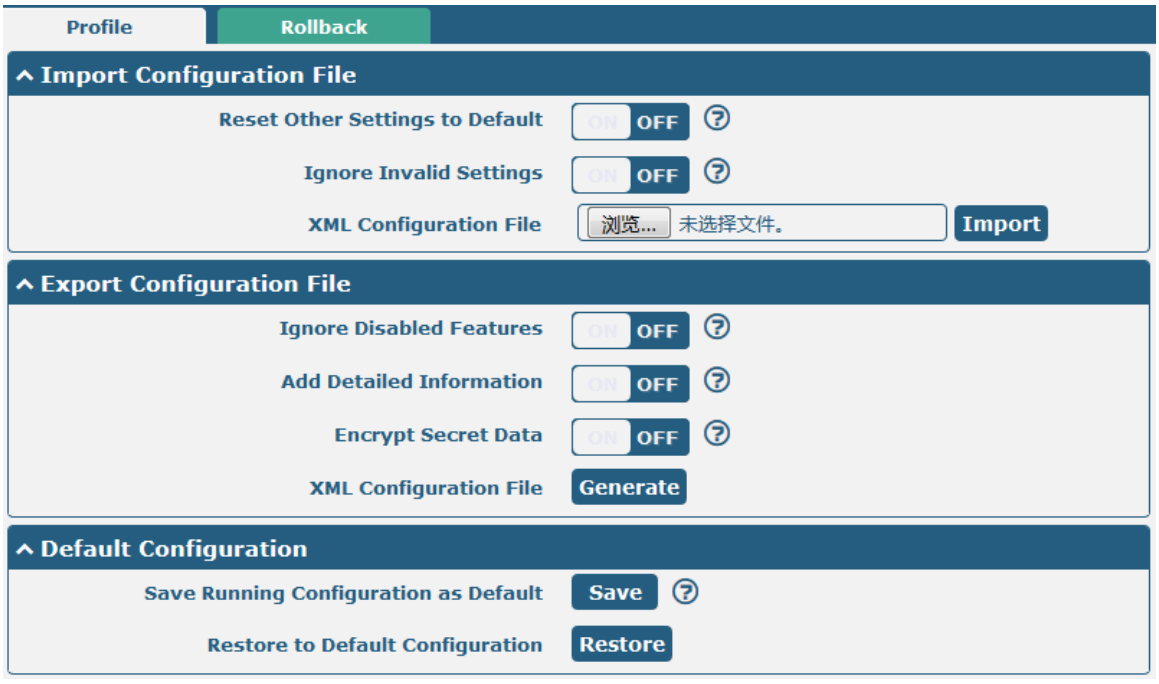
Traceroute		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	30
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request.	1
Start	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in the follow box.	--
Stop	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.	--



Sniffer		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All
Port	Set the port number for TCP or UDP that is used in sniffer.	Null
Status	Show the current status of sniffer.	Null
Start	Click this button to start the sniffer.	--
Stop	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file will be displayed in the following List.	--
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click to download the log, click to delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.	Null

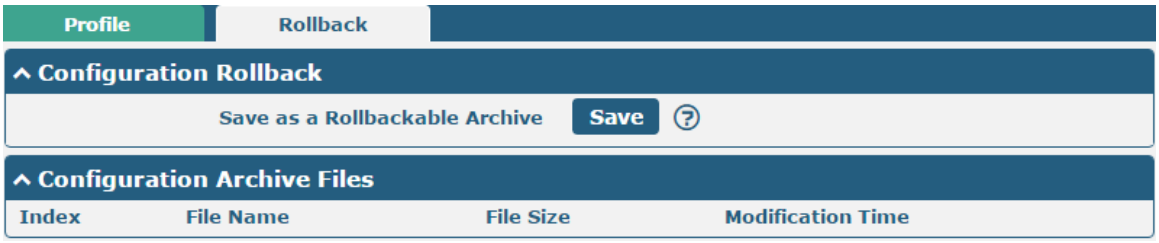
3.34 System > Profile

This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



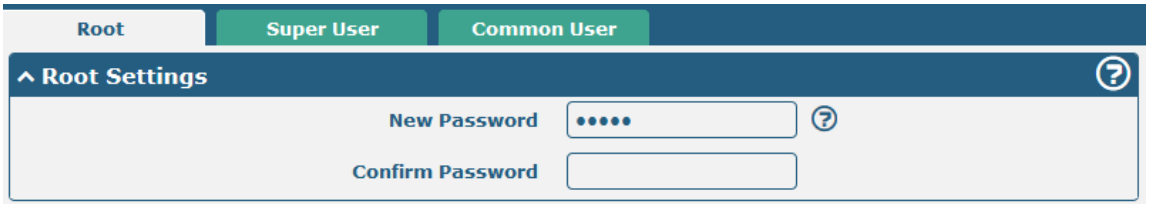
Profile		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Import Configuration File		
Reset Other Settings to Default	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default settings.	OFF
Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as "OFF" to ignore invalid settings.	OFF

XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.	--
Export Configuration File		
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as "OFF" to ignore the disabled features.	OFF
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as "On" to add detailed information.	OFF
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as "ON" to encrypt the secret data.	OFF
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file.	--
Default Configuration		
Save Running Configuration as Default	Click this button to save the current running parameters as default configuration.	--
Restore to Default Configuration	Click this button to restore the factory defaults.	--



Rollback		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Configuration Rollback		
Save as a Rollbackable Archive	Create a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save point every day automatically if configuration changes.	--
Configuration Archive Files		
Configuration Archive Files	View the related information about configuration archive files, including name, size and modification time.	--

3.35 System > User Management



Root Settings		
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, #, $, ., *, -.	Null
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null

This section allows you to change your username and password, and create or manage user accounts. One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.

Note: Your new password must be more than 5 character and less than 32 characters and may contain numbers, upper and lowercase letters, and standard symbols.

Super User Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, $, and *.	Null
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is “admin”.	Null
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, $, and *.	Null
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null

Click + button to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.

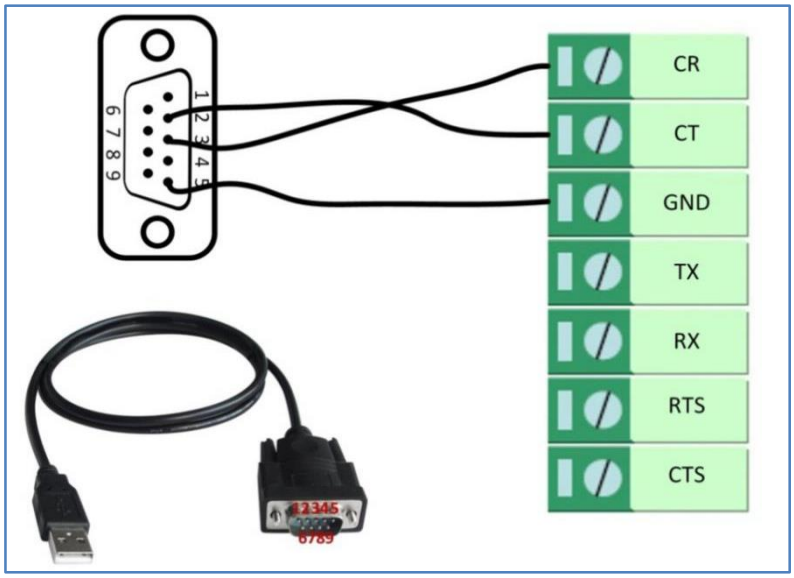
Common User Settings		
Item	**Description**	**Default**
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Role	Select from “Visitor” and “Editor”. • Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level • Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level	Visitor
Username	Set the Username; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, $, and *.	Null
Password	Set the password which at least contains 5 characters; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, $, and *.	Null

Chapter 4 Configuration Examples

4.1 Interface

4.1.1 Console Port

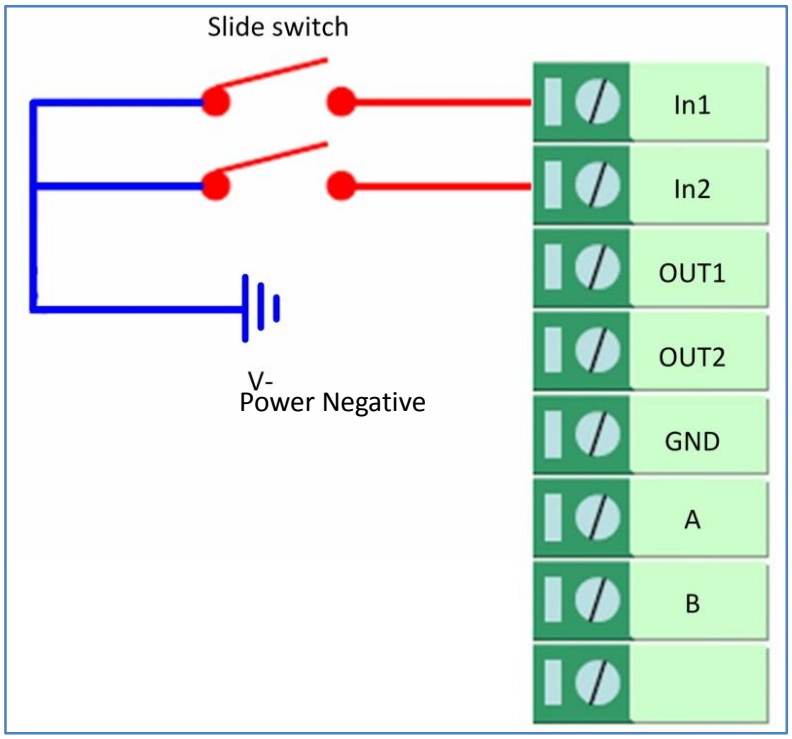
You can use the console port to manage the router via CLI commands, please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.



4.1.2 Digital Input

R3000 supports digital input with dry contact. Please check the connector interface of the router, you can easily find a mark “V-” at one pin of the power connector.

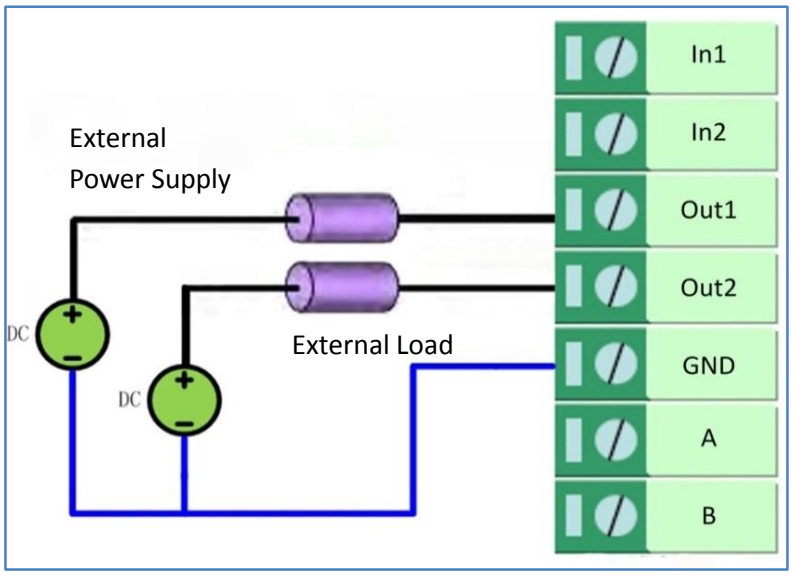
Note: Do not connect In1/In2 directly and do not slide the switch to the port marked “GND” on the terminal block. Otherwise, the DI cannot work properly.



4.1.3 Digital Output

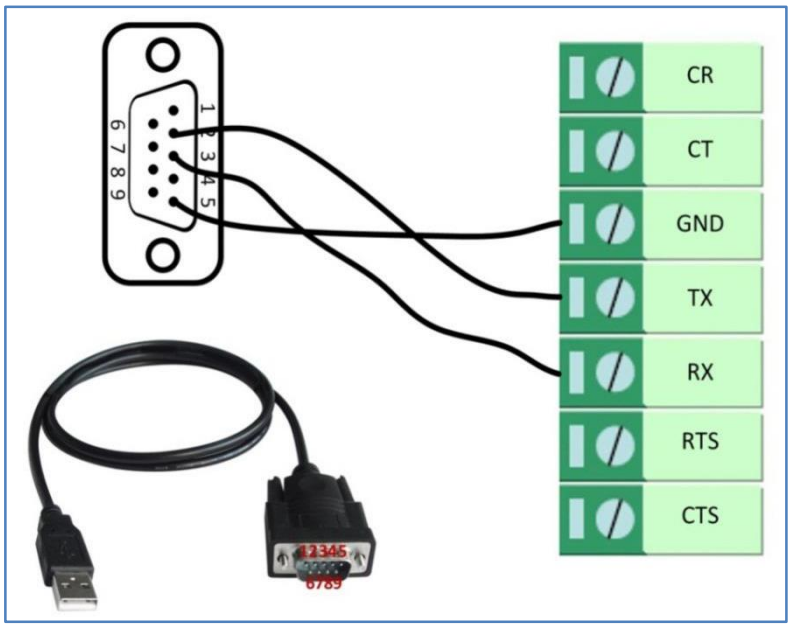
R3000 supports digital output with wet contact. Please refer to the right side figure to connect the negative pole of the power to the port marked “GND”.

The maximum output voltage, output current and output power of DO is 30V DC, 0.3 A and 0.3 W respectively. It means that the voltage difference between Out1, Out2 and GND cannot exceed to 30V DC; and the current value through Out1 and Out2 cannot exceed to 300 mA; while the output power dissipated by Out1 and Out2 cannot exceed to 0.3W. Otherwise, the DO will be damaged.



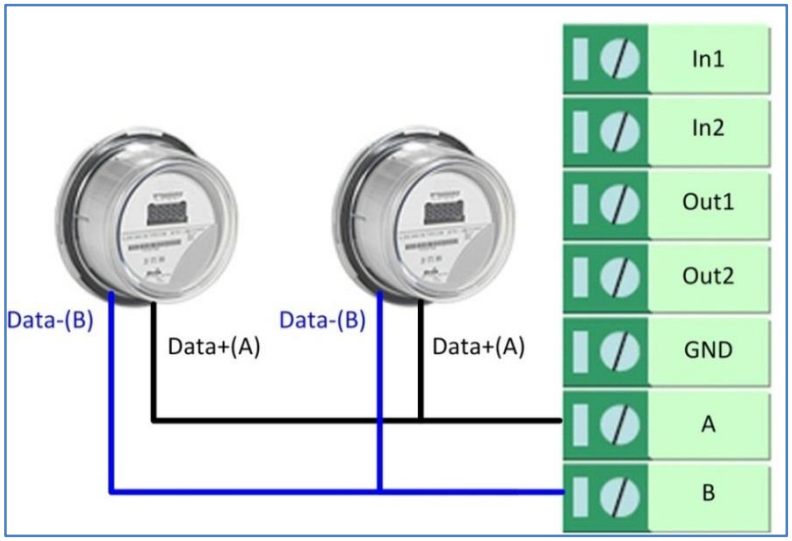
4.1.4 RS-232

R3000 supports one RS-232 for serial data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram at the right side.



4.1.5 RS-485

R3000 supports one RS-485 for serial data communication. Please refer to the connection diagram at the right side.

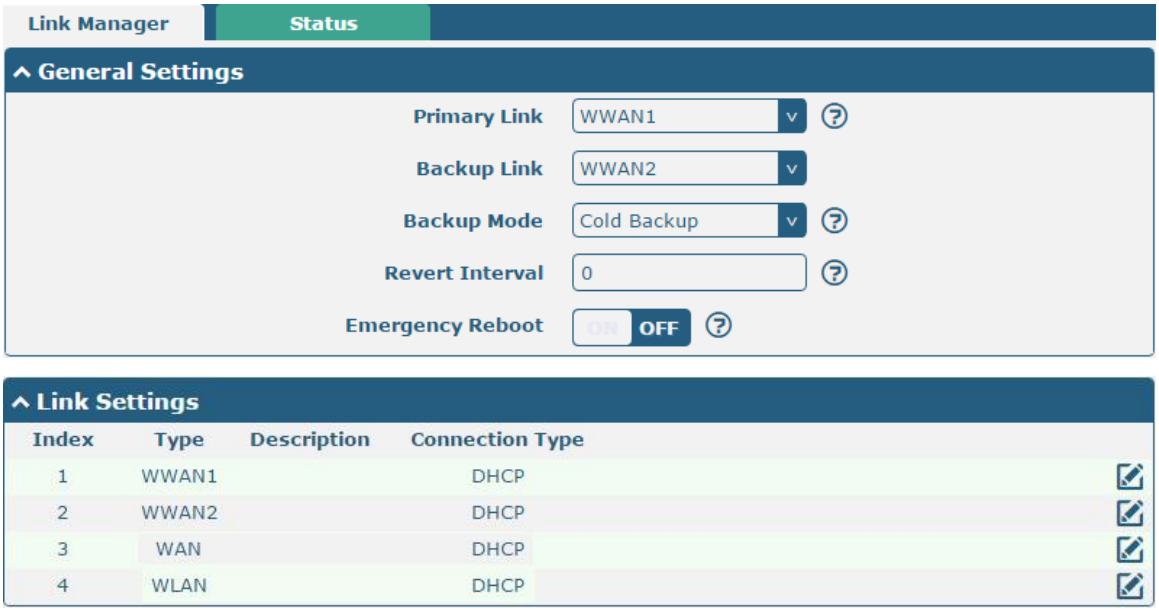


4.2 Cellular

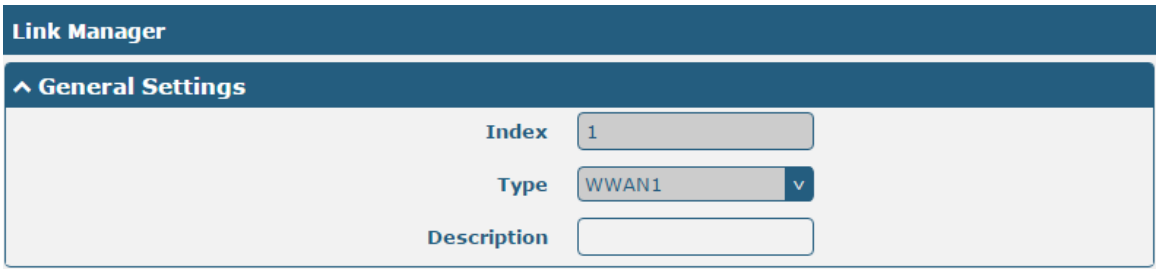
4.2.1 Cellular Dial-Up

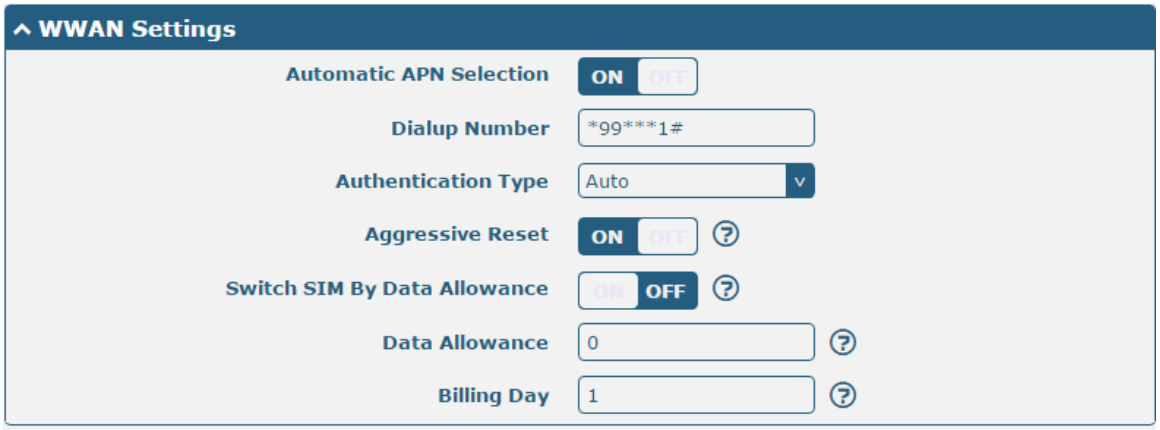
This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click **Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings**, choose "WWAN1" as the primary link and "WWAN2" as the backup link, and set "Cold Backup" as the backup mode, then click "Submit".

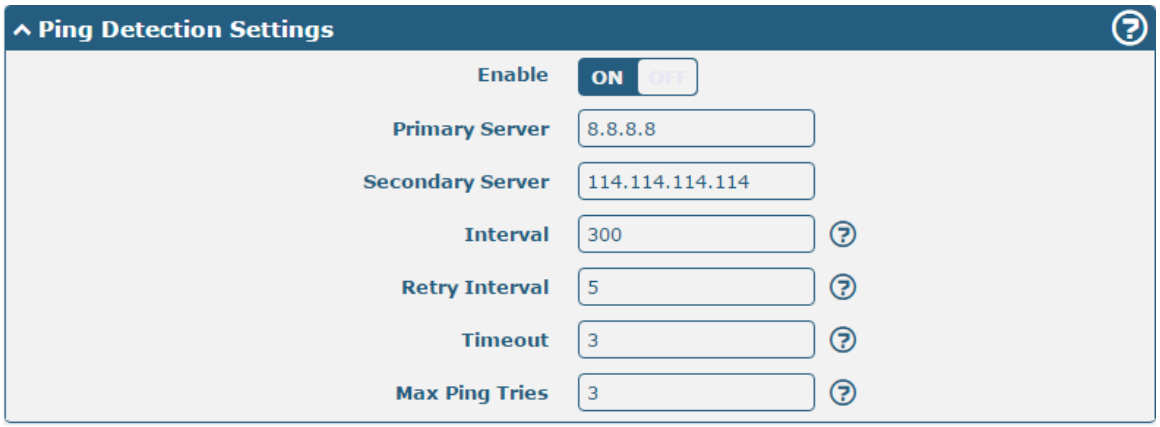
Note: All data will be transferred via WWAN1 when choose WWAN1 as the primary link and set backup mode as cold backup. At the same time, WWAN2 is always offline as a backup link. All data transmission will be switched to WWAN2 when the WWAN1 is disconnected.

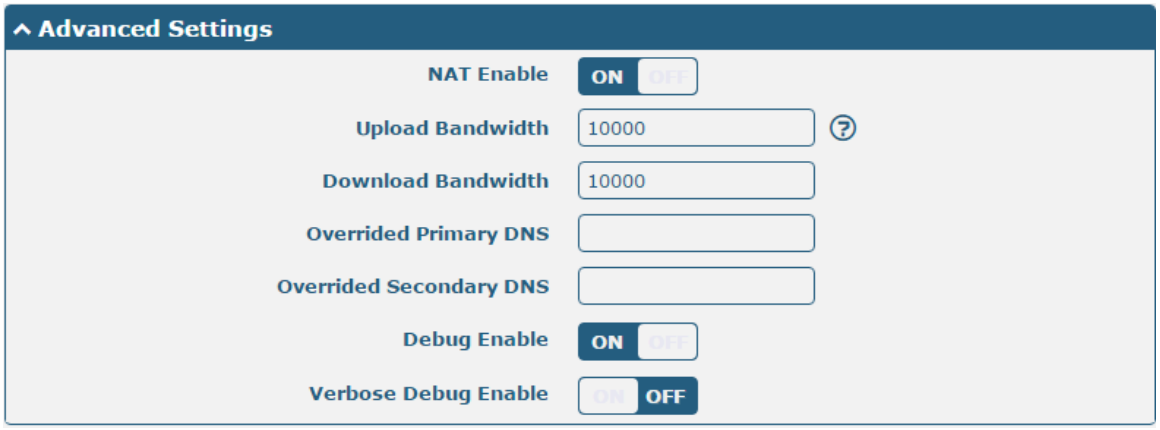


Click the edit button of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.



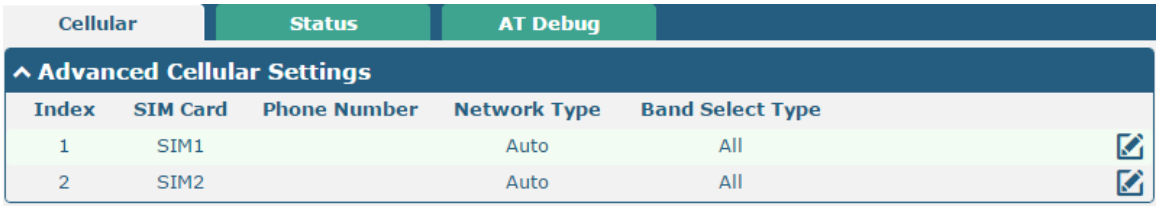




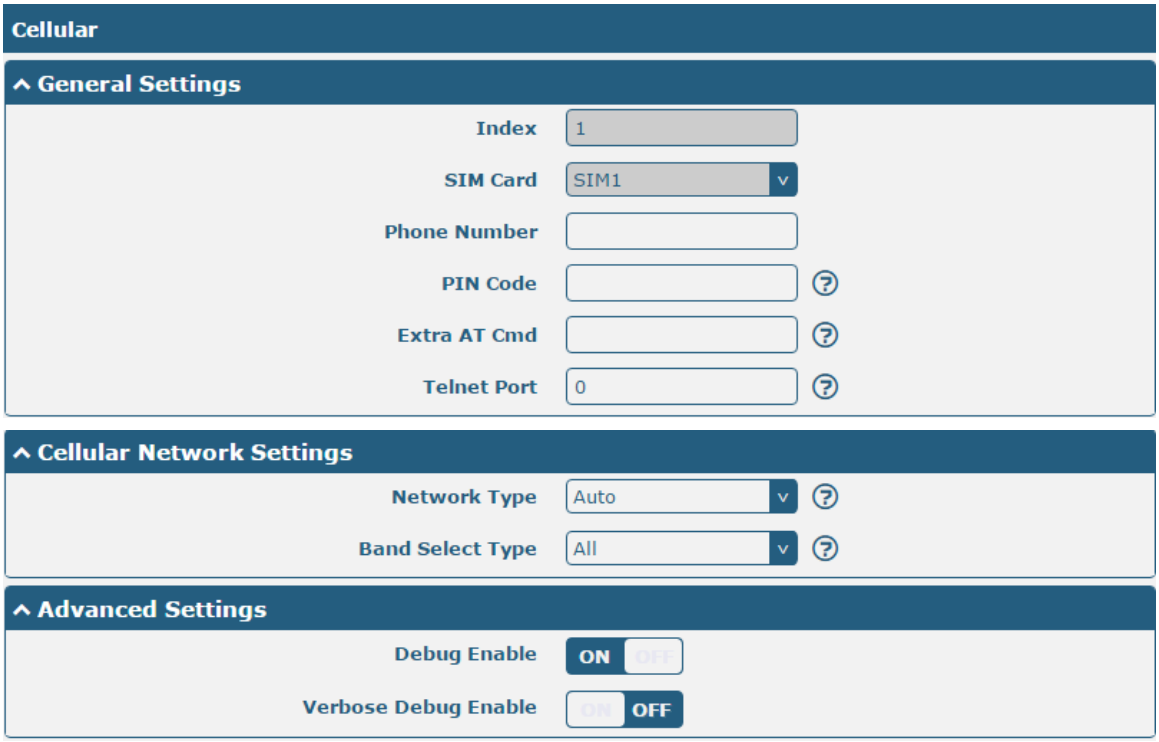


When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The window is displayed below by clicking **Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings**.



Click the edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

4.2.2 SMS Remote Control

The router supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters. There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both".

An SMS command has the following structure:

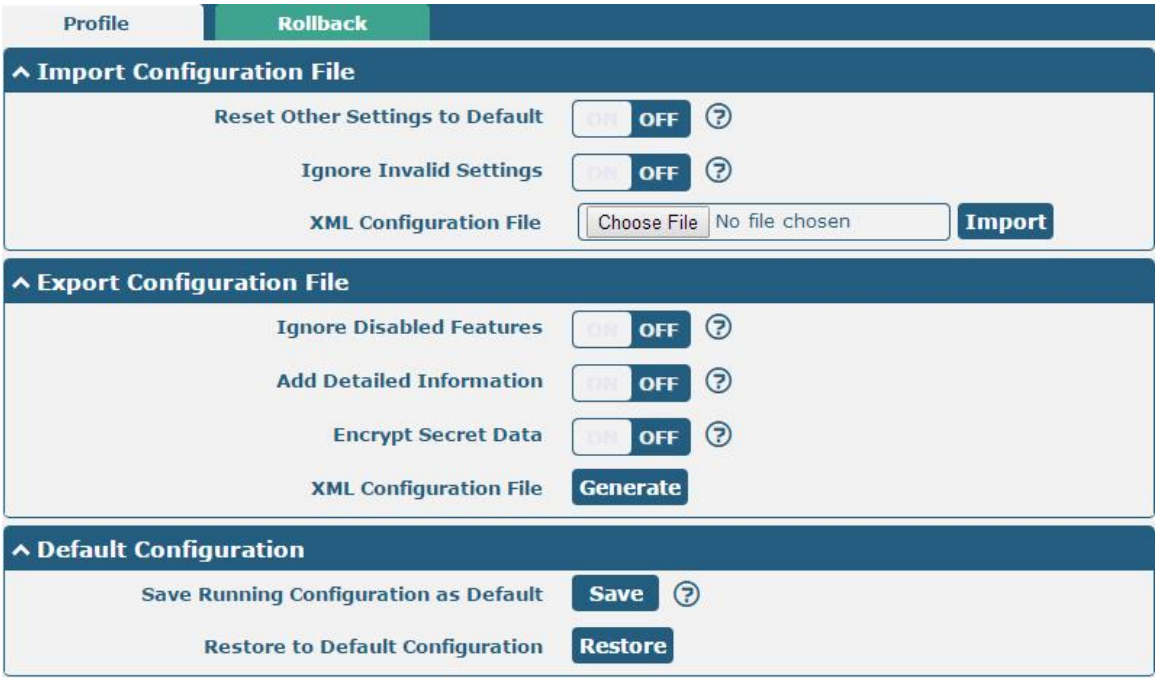
1. Password mode—Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; …cmdn (available for every phone number).
2. Phonenum mode--cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; … cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R3000's phone group).
3. Both mode-- Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; …cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in R3000's phone group).

SMS command Explanation:

1. User name and Password: use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication.
2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.

   Note: Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

   Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.



XML command:

```
<lan >
<network max_entry_num="2" >
<id > 1</id >
<interface > lan0</interface >
<ip > 172.16.24.24</ip >
<netmask > 255.255.0.0</netmask >
<mtu > 1500</mtu >
```

SMS cmd:

set lan network 1 interface lan0
set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24
set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
set lan network 1 mtu 1500

3. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one command packed in a single SMS.
4. E.g.

admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the function of the command is to get the system status.

SMS received:

hardware_version = 1.2
firmware_version = "3.0.0"
kernel_version = 4.1.0
device_model = R3000
serial_number = 201612221052
uptime = "0 days, 00:40:21"
system_time = "Mon Feb 27 09:52:52 2017"

admin:admin;reboot

In this command, username is “admin”, password is “admin”, and the command is to reboot the Router.

SMS received:

OK

admin:admin;set firewall remote_ssh_access false;set firewall remote_telnet_access false

In this command, username is “admin”, password is “admin”, and the command is to disable the remote_ssh and remote_telnet access.

SMS received:

OK

OK

admin:admin; set lan network 1 interface lan0;set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24;set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0;set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is “admin”, password is “admin”, and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

SMS received:

OK

OK

OK

OK

4.3 Network

4.3.1 IPsec VPN

The configuration of server and client is as follows.

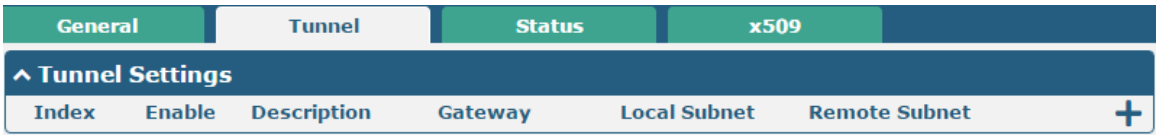
IPsec VPN_Server:

Cisco 2811:

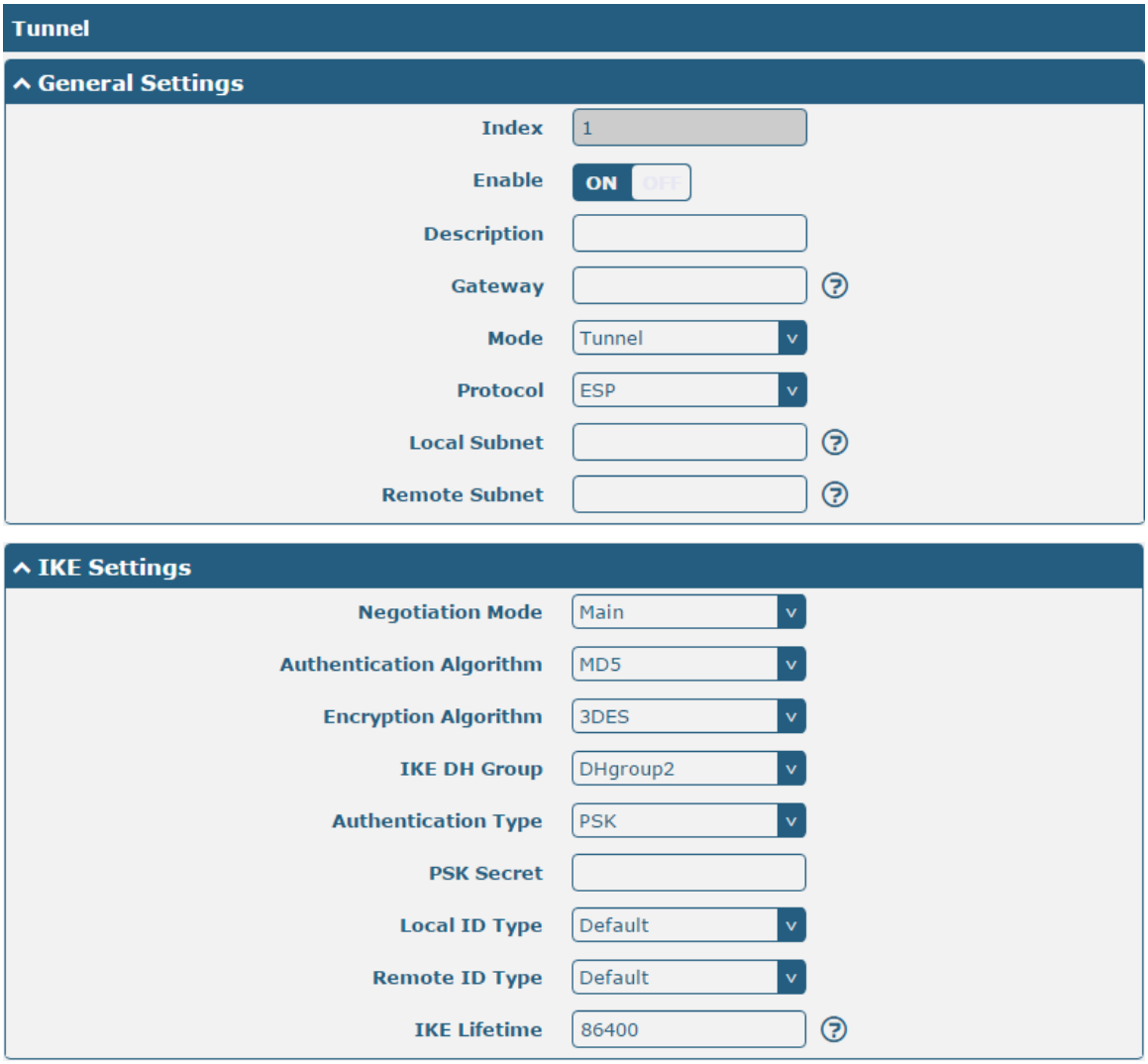
```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication  Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption      Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
  exit            Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
  group           Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  hash            Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime        Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
  no              Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp)#encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp)#hash md5
Router(config-isakmp)#authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp)#group 2
Router(config-isakmp)#exit
Router(config)#crypto isakmp ?
  client  Set client configuration policy
  enable  Enable ISAKMP
  key     Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy  Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config)#crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0


Router(config)#crypto ?
  dynamic-map  Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec        Configure IPSEC policy
  isakmp       Configure ISAKMP policy
  key          Long term key operations
  map          Enter a crypto map
Router(config)#crypto ipsec ?
  security-association  Security association parameters
  transform-set         Define transform and settings
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac   AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac   AH-HMAC-SHA transform
  esp-3des      ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-aes       ESP transform using AES cipher
  esp-des       ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac  ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac  ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac


Router(config)#ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl)#permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl)#exit

Router(config)#crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
        and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map)#match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map)#set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map)#set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map)#exit


Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#cr
Router(config-if)#crypto map cry-map
*Jan  3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
```

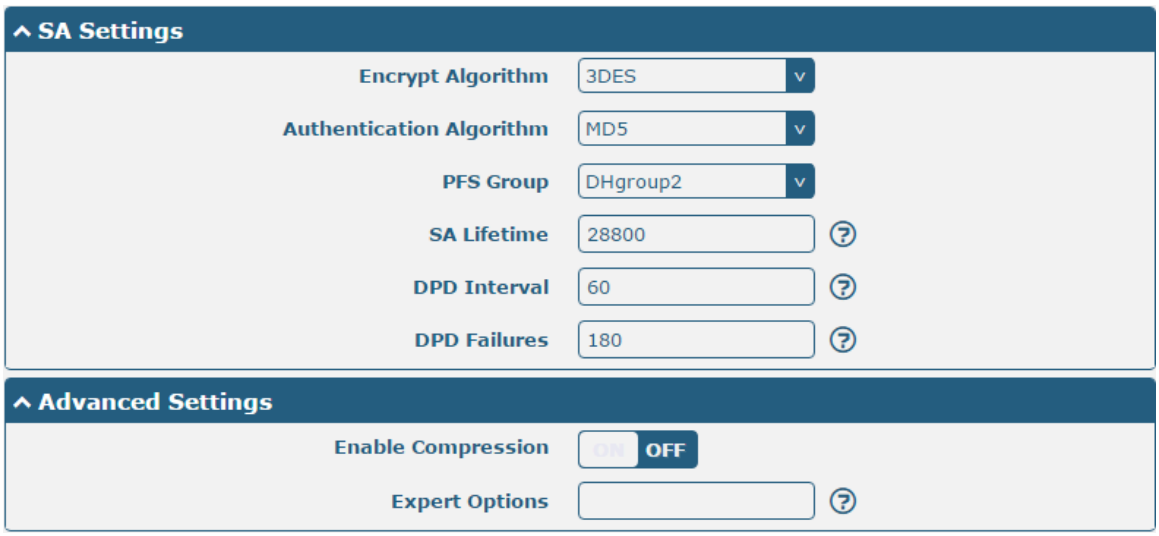
IPsec VPN_Client:

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel**.



Click + button and set the parameters of IPsec Client as below.





When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between server and client is as below.

Server (Cisco 2811)

```
Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line.  End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication  Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption      Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
  exit            Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
  group           Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  hash            Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime        Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
  no              Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp)#encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp)#hash md5
Router(config-isakmp)#authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp)#group 2
Router(config-isakmp)#exit
Router(config)#crypto isakmp ?
  client  Set client configuration policy
  enable  Enable ISAKMP
  key     Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy  Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config)#crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
```

IKE Setting in Client must be consistent with server.

```
Router(config)#crypto ?
  dynamic-map  Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec        Configure IPSEC policy
  isakmp       Configure ISAKMP policy
  key          Long term key operations
  map          Enter a crypto map
Router(config)#crypto ipsec ?
  security-association  Security association parameters
  transform-set         Define transform and settings
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac   AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac   AH-HMAC-SHA transform
  esp-3des      ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-aes       ESP transform using AES cipher
  esp-des       ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac  ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac  ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
```

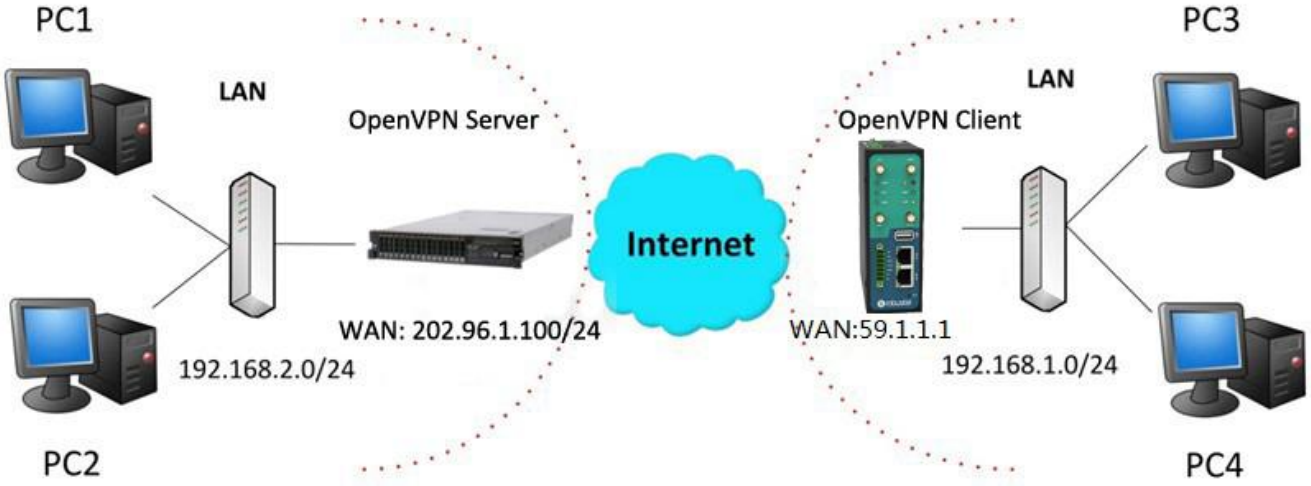
SA Setting in Client must be consistent with server.

```
Router(config)#ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl)#permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl)#exit

Router(config)#crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
        and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map)#match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map)#set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map)#set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map)#exit


Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#cr
Router(config-if)#crypto map cry-map
*Jan  3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
```

Client (R3000)

4.3.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports two modes, including Client and P2P. Here takes P2P as an example.



The configuration of two points is as follows.

OpenVPN_Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

local 202.96.1.100
mode server
port 1194
proto udp
dev tun
tun-mtu 1500
fragment 1500
ca ca.crt
cert Server01.crt
key Server01.key
dh dh1024.pem
server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0
ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt
push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"
client-config-dir ccd
route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
keepalive 10 120
cipher BF-CBC
comp-lzo
max-clients 100
persist-key
persist-tun
status openvpn-status.log

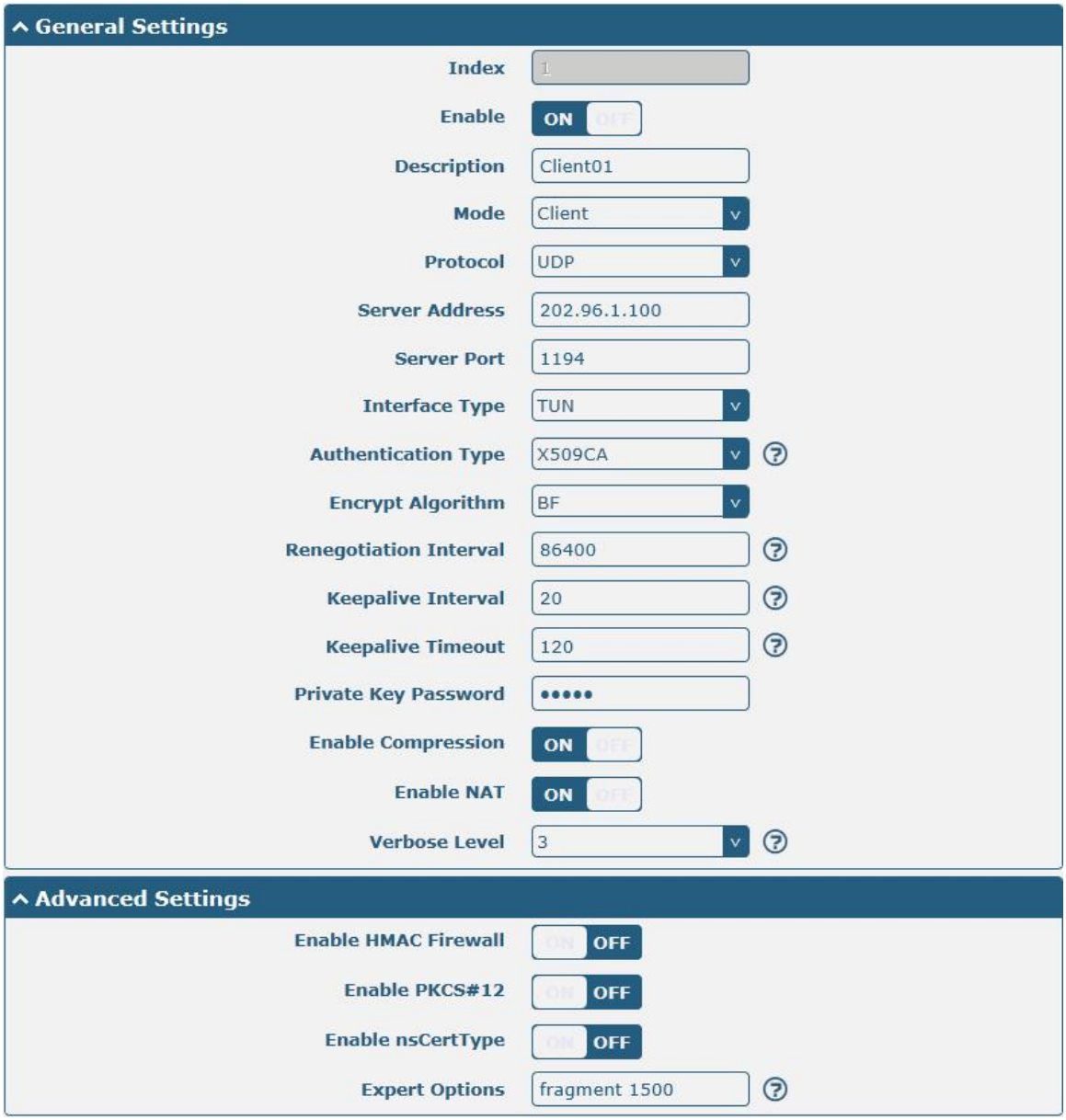
verb 3

Note: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

OpenVPN_Client:

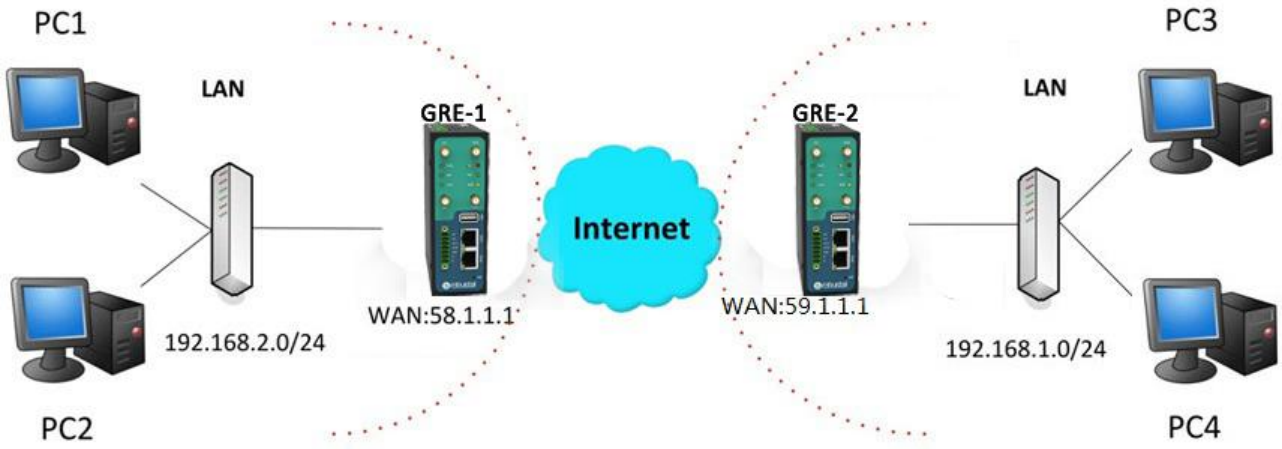
Click **VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN** as below.

Click + to configure the Client01 as below.



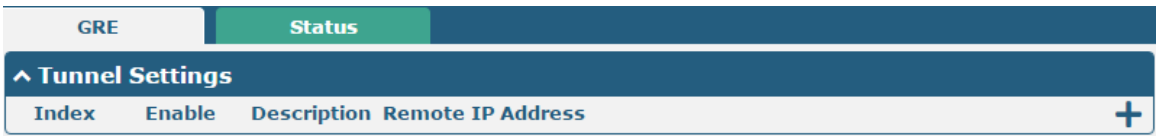
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

4.3.3 GRE VPN



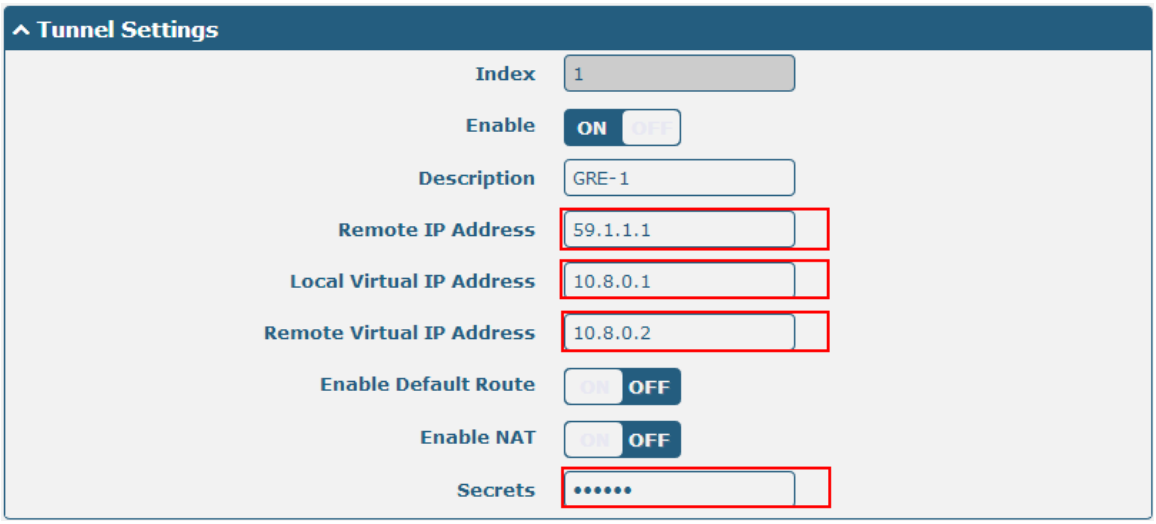
The configuration of two points is as follows.

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > GRE > GRE**.



GRE-1:

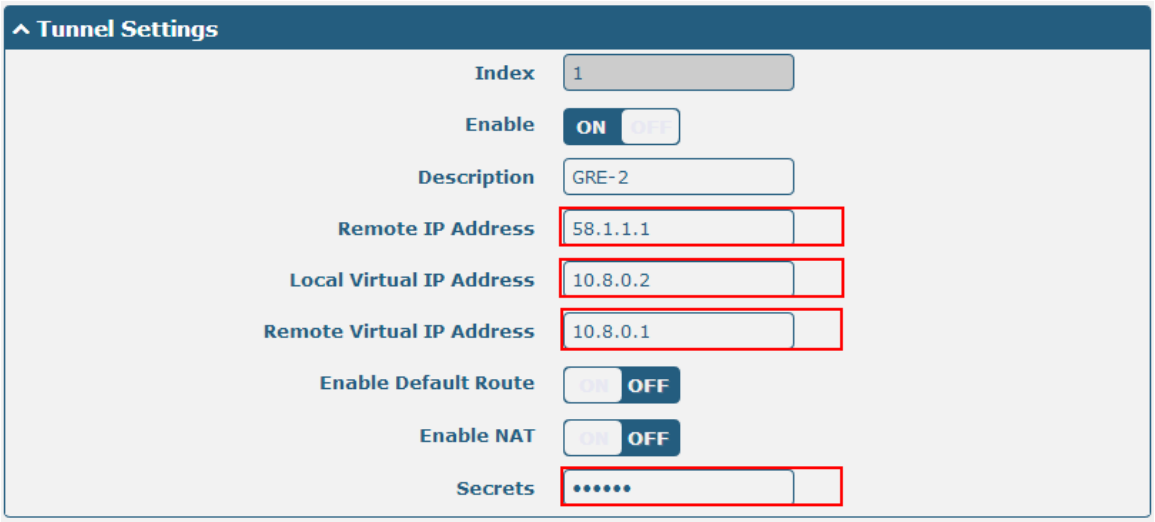
Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.



When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

GRE-2:

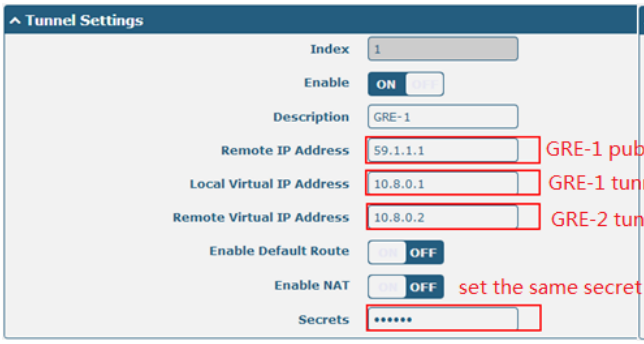
Click + button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.



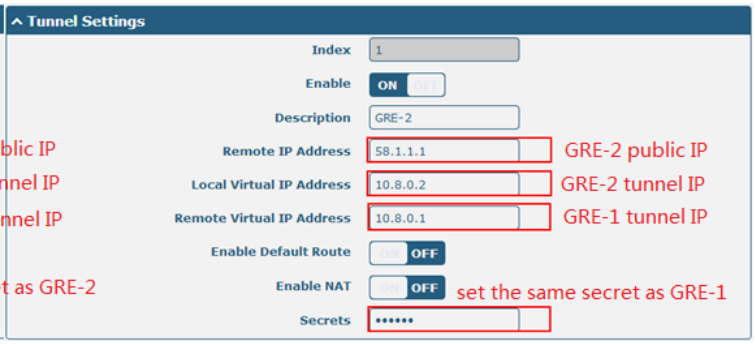
When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.

GRE-1



GRE-2



Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI

5.1 What Is CLI

The R3000 command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the SSH or through a telnet network connection.

Route login:

Router login: admin

Password: admin

#

CLI commands:

? (***Note***: the '?' won't display on the page.)

!	Comments
add	Add a list entry of configuration
clear	Clear statistics
config	Configuration operation
debug	Output debug information to the console
del	Delete a list entry of configuration
exit	Exit from the CLI
help	Display an overview of the CLI syntax
ping	Send messages to network hosts
reboot	Halt and perform a cold restart
route	Static route modify dynamically, this setting will not be saved
set	Set system configuration
show	Show system configuration
status	Show running system information
tftpupdate	Update firmware using tftp
traceroute	Print the route packets trace to network host
urlupdate	Update firmware using http or ftp
ver	Show version of firmware

5.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a table about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also can be used for "break" out of the setting program.
Syntax error: The command is not completed	Command is not completed.
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish you command. Example: # config (tick Enter key) Syntax error: The command is not completed # config (tick space key+ Tab key) commit save_and_apply loaddefault
# config save_and_apply / #config commit	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make your setting take effect on the device. **Note:** Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.

Quick Start with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

```
# status system
hardware_version = 1.2
firmware_version = "3.0.0"
kernel_version = 4.1.0
device_model = R3000
serial_number = 201612221052
uptime = "0 days, 00:40:21"
system_time = "Mon Feb 27 09:52:52 2017"
```

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

```
# tftpupdate (space+?)
   firmware    New firmware
# tftpupdate firmware (space+?)
   String    Firmware name
# tftpupdate firmware R3000-firmware-sysupgrade-unknown.bin host 192.168.100.99 //enter a new firmware name
Downloading
R3000-firmware-s 100% |*******************************|    5018k    0:00:00 ETA
```

```
Flashing
Checking 100%
Decrypting 100%
Flashing 100%
Verifying 100%
Verfify Success
upgrade success                          //update success
# config save_and_apply
OK                                       // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 3: Set link-manager

```
# set
# set
   at_over_telnet      AT Over Telnet
   cellular            Cellular
   ddns                Dynamic DNS
   ethernet            Ethernet
   event               Event Management
   firewall            Firewall
   gre                 GRE
   ipsec               IPsec
   lan                 Local Area Network
   link_manager        Link Manager
   ntp                 NTP
   openvpn             OpenVPN
   reboot              Automatic Reboot
   RobustLink          RobustLink
   route               Route
   sms                 SMS
   snmp                SNMP agent
   ssh                 SSH
   syslog              Syslog
   system              System
   user_management     User Management
   vrrp                VRRP
   web_server          Web Server
# set link_manager
   primary_link        Primary Link
   backup_link         Backup Link
   backup_mode         Backup Mode
   emergency_reboot    Emergency Reboot
   link                Link Settings
# set link_manager primary_link (space+?)
Enum    Primary Link (wwan1/wwan2/wan)
```

```
# set link_manager primary_link wwan1                    //select “wwan1” as primary_link
OK                                                       //setting succeed
# set link_manager link 1
   type                 Type
   desc                 Description
   connection_type      Connection Type
   wwan                 WWAN Settings
   static_addr          Static Address Settings
   pppoe                PPPoE Settings
   ping                 Ping Settings
   mtu                  MTU
   dns1_overrided       Overrided Primary DNS
   dns2_overrided       Overrided Secondary DNS
# set link_manager link 1 type wwan1
OK
# set link_manager link 1 wwan
   auto_apn                     Automatic APN Selection
   apn                          APN
   username                     Username
   password                     Password
   dialup_number                Dialup Number
   auth_type                    Authentication Type
   aggressive_reset             Aggressive Reset
   switch_by_data_allowance     Switch SIM By Data Allowance
   data_allowance               Data Allowance
   billing_day                  Billing Day
# set link_manager link 1 wwan switch_by_data_allowance true
OK
#
# set link_manager link 1 wwan data_allowance 100        //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
OK                                                       //setting succeed
# set link_manager link 1 wwan billing_day 1             //setting specifies the day of month for billing
OK                                                       // setting succeed
…
# config save_and_apply
OK                                  // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 4: Set LAN IP address

```
# show lan all
network {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 192.168.0.1
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
```

```
        mtu = 1500
        dhcp {
                enable = true
                mode = server
                relay_server = ""
                pool_start = 192.168.0.2
                pool_end = 192.168.0.100
                netmask = 255.255.255.0
                gateway = ""
                primary_dns = ""
                secondary_dns = ""
                wins_server = ""
                lease_time = 120
                expert_options = ""
                debug_enable = false
        }
}
multi_ip {
        id = 1
        interface = lan0
        ip = 172.16.24.24
        netmask = 255.255.0.0
}
#
# set lan
   network         Network Settings
   multi_ip        Multiple IP Address Settings
   vlan            VLAN
# set lan network 1(space+?)
   interface       Interface
   ip              IP Address
   netmask         Netmask
   mtu             MTU
   dhcp            DHCP Settings
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.24.24                    //set IP address for lan
OK                                                     //setting succeed
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
OK
#
…
# config save_and_apply
OK                                          // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 5: CLI for setting Cellular

```
# show cellular all
sim {
        id = 1
        card = sim1
        phone_number = ""
        extra_at_cmd = ""
        network_type = auto
        band_select_type = all
        band_gsm_850 = false
        band_gsm_900 = false
        band_gsm_1800 = false
        band_gsm_1900 = false
        band_wcdma_850 = false
        band_wcdma_900 = false
        band_wcdma_1900 = false
        band_wcdma_2100 = false
        band_lte_800 = false
        band_lte_850 = false
        band_lte_900 = false
        band_lte_1800 = false
        band_lte_1900 = false
        band_lte_2100 = false
        band_lte_2600 = false
        band_lte_1700 = false
        band_lte_700 = false
        band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
        band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
        band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
        band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
sim {
        id = 2
        card = sim2
        phone_number = ""
        extra_at_cmd = ""
        network_type = auto
        band_select_type = all
        band_gsm_850 = false
        band_gsm_900 = false
        band_gsm_1800 = false
        band_gsm_1900 = false
        band_wcdma_850 = false
        band_wcdma_900 = false
```

```
        band_wcdma_1900 = false
        band_wcdma_2100 = false
        band_lte_800 = false
        band_lte_850 = false
        band_lte_900 = false
        band_lte_1800 = false
        band_lte_1900 = false
        band_lte_2100 = false
        band_lte_2600 = false
        band_lte_1700 = false
        band_lte_700 = false
        band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
        band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
        band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
        band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
# set(space+?)
at_over_telnet      cellular            ddns            dhcp            dns
event               firewall            ipsec           lan             link_manager
ntp                 openvpn             reboot          route           serial_port
sms                 snmp                syslog          system          user_management
vrrp
# set cellular(space+?)
   sim    SIM Settings
# set cellular sim(space+?)
   Integer    Index (1..2)

# set cellular sim 1(space+?)
   card                 SIM Card
   phone_number         Phone Number
   extra_at_cmd         Extra AT Cmd
   network_type         Network Type
   band_select_type     Band Select Type
   band_gsm_850         GSM 850
   band_gsm_900         GSM 900
   band_gsm_1800        GSM 1800
   band_gsm_1900        GSM 1900
   band_wcdma_850       WCDMA 850
   band_wcdma_900       WCDMA 900
   band_wcdma_1900      WCDMA 1900
   band_wcdma_2100      WCDMA 2100
   band_lte_800         LTE 800 (band 20)
   band_lte_850         LTE 850 (band 5)
   band_lte_900         LTE 900 (band 8)
   band_lte_1800        LTE 1800 (band 3)
```

band_lte_1900 LTE 1900 (band 2)
band_lte_2100 LTE 2100 (band 1)
band_lte_2600 LTE 2600 (band 7)
band_lte_1700 LTE 1700 (band 4)
band_lte_700 LTE 700 (band 17)
band_tdd_lte_2600 TDD LTE 2600 (band 38)
band_tdd_lte_1900 TDD LTE 1900 (band 39)
band_tdd_lte_2300 TDD LTE 2300 (band 40)
band_tdd_lte_2500 TDD LTE 2500 (band 41)

```
# set cellular sim 1 phone_number 18620435279
OK
…
# config save_and_apply
OK                                  // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

5.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug *parameters*	Turn on or turn off debug function
Show	Show *parameters*	Show current configuration of each function , if we need to see all please using “show running ”
Set Add	Set *parameters* Add *parameters*	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list parameter

Note: Download the config.XML file from the configured web browser. The command format can refer to the config.XML file format.

Glossary

Abbr.	Description
AC	Alternating Current
APN	Access Point Name
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CTS	Clear to Send
dB	Decibel
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator
DC	Direct Current
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution
GND	Ground
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GRE	generic route encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access
ID	identification data
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security
kbps	kbits per second

Abbr.	Description
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol
LAN	local area network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
M2M	Machine to Machine
MAX	Maximum
Min	Minimum
MO	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PLCs	Program Logic Control System
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSU	Power Supply Unit
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
RF	Radio Frequency
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTS	Request to Send
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
Rx	Receive Direction
SDK	Software Development Kit
SIM	subscriber identification module
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna
SMS	Short Message Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE
Tx	Transmit Direction
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network

Abbr.	Description
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio
WAN	Wide Area Network

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